

# Converting Colors

YIQ(176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(176.9780, 58.9600,  
10.7680)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F09A82
RGB	240, 154, 130
RGB Percent	94%, 60%, 51%
CMY	0.0586, 0.3962, 0.4899
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.46, 0.06
HSL	13°, 79%, 73%
HSV	13°, 46%, 94%
XYZ	51.5348, 43.2464, 26.7730
YIQ	176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

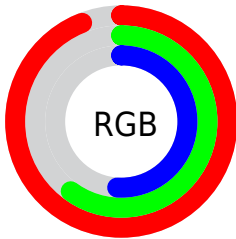
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 161, 130
Decimal	15768194
CIE Lab	71.72, 29.60, 25.95
CIE LCh	72, 39.366, 41.234
Yxy	43.2464, 0.4240, 0.3558
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293958274 (0xFFFF09A82)
YUV	176.9780, -23.1602, 55.2703
Hunter-Lab	65.7620, 24.7992, 21.8953

# Details

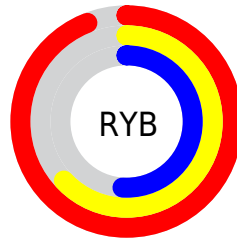
The YIQ color **176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **193.0220, -58.9600, -10.7680**, and the grayscale version is **177.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **219.7900, 35.7620, 1.6660**, and **123.1130, 54.1460, 9.9060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163.0890, 71.8890, 13.2410**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190.8670, 46.0310, 8.2950**.

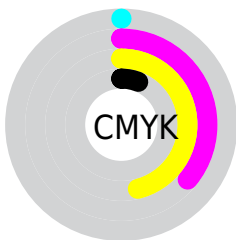
# Distribution



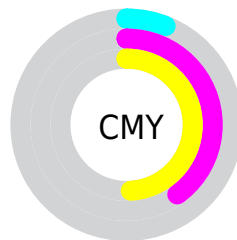
- Red (94%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 176.9780, 58.9600,  
10.7680


 176.9780, 58.9600,  
10.7680


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 149.8960, 56.2550,  
10.2310


 219.7900, 35.7620,  
1.6660


 123.1130, 54.1460,  
9.9060


 239.4180, 19.0740,  
-4.2700

 97.1450, 51.1200,  
9.6800

 253.1760, 5.1360,  
-4.9760

 72.1770, 48.0940,  
9.4540

 47.3230, 44.7470,  
9.5390

 23.2780, 40.6200,  
12.7480

 13.4550, 26.8200,

9.5400

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 176.9780, 58.9600,  
10.7680

■ 176.9780, 58.9600,  
10.7680

■ 163.0890, 71.8890,  
13.2410

■ 190.8670, 46.0310,  
8.2950

■ 149.2000, 84.8180,  
15.7140

■ 204.7560, 33.1020,  
5.8220

■ 135.8980, 97.4720,  
17.6640

■ 218.0580, 20.4480,  
3.8720

■ 122.0090,  
110.4010, 20.1370

■ 231.9470, 7.5190,  
1.3990

■ 108.1200,  
123.3300, 22.6100

■ 245.8360, -5.4100,  
-1.0740

■ 102.2840,  
128.7400, 23.6840

■ 250.5150, -8.9400,  
-3.1800

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179.0120, 53.5930, 25.4410



176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680



175.2350, 50.2060, -6.8020

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680



160.7040, -41.3500, -32.5660



174.4230, -40.0750, 15.9330

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680



193.0220, -58.9600, -10.7680

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



161.1030, -80.8770, -4.5330



176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680



149.6510, -86.5570, -33.7650

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680



167.1030, -2.9290, -29.5290



139.1970, -123.1450, -31.4730



179.6300, -0.6930, 29.0910



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680



173.0820, 37.0950, -16.9930



139.1970, -123.1450, -31.4730



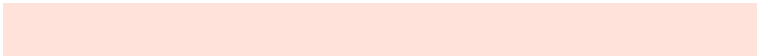
170.6060, -54.0120, 9.7000

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680



234.4600, 19.2560, 3.4480



172.6940, 37.9540, 50.0660



115.5130, 11.7370, 2.0490



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680



174.4700, 75.1900, 13.9900



209.2630, 43.8350, -17.9970



112.7620, 6.6020, 1.4980



78.4960, 98.6640, 18.0880



23.7880, 30.0760, 5.5960



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193.0220, -58.9600, -10.7680



195.5300, -75.1900, -13.9900



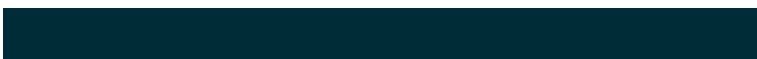
160.7370, -43.8350, 17.9970



114.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750



105.5040, -98.6640, -18.0880



32.2120, -30.0760, -5.5960



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

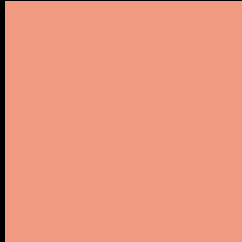
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

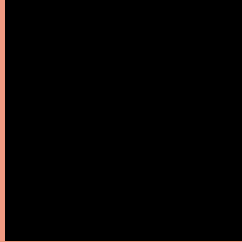
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680.



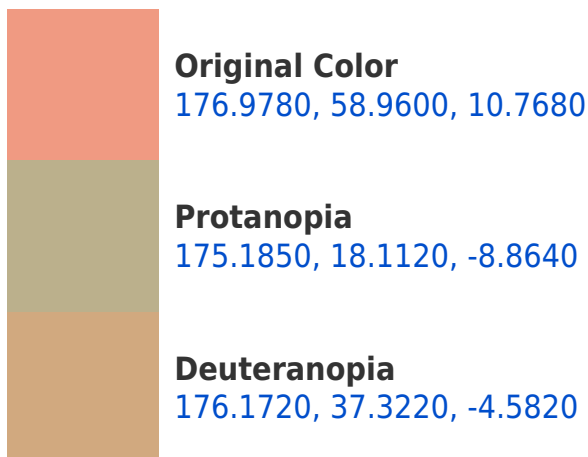
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 176.9780, 58.9600,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

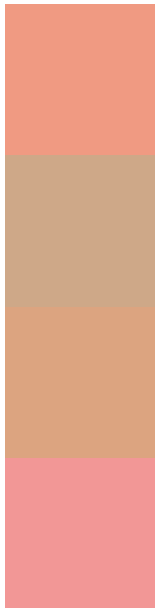




## Tritanopia

179.0610, 51.8970, 23.1370

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680

**Protanomaly**

175.7140, 32.9200, -1.8960

**Deuteranomaly**

176.6400, 44.9320, 0.6760

**Tritanomaly**

178.0950, 54.5570, 18.9810

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680

**Achromatopsia**

177.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

**Achromatomaly**

177.2430, 21.3650, 3.7730

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 154, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 154, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 154, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 154, 130) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 154, 130) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 154, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 154, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 154, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 154, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 154,  
130) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 176.9780, 58.9600, 10.7680 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 154, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
154, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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