

# Converting Colors

YIQ(177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(177.9870, 2.0150,  
13.0470)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCA9C6
RGB	188, 169, 198
RGB Percent	74%, 66%, 78%
CMY	0.2627, 0.3373, 0.2235
CMYK	0.05, 0.15, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	279°, 20%, 72%
HSV	279°, 15%, 78%
XYZ	45.1221, 43.1435, 59.3732
YIQ	177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

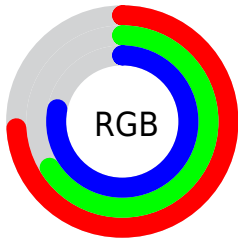
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	188, 169, 198
Decimal	12364230
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.65, 12.24, -12.27
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 17.331, 314.925
Yxy	43.1435, 0.3056, 0.2922
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290554310 (0xFFBCA9C6)
YUV	177.9870, 9.8664, 8.7814
Hunter-Lab	65.6837, 7.6761, -7.6152

# Details

The YIQ color  $177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $189.0130, -2.0150, -13.0470$ , and the grayscale version is  $178.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $233.5140, 1.9690, 13.8810$ , and  $125.4600, 2.0610, 12.2130$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $164.1540, 3.3430, 22.0230$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $191.8200, 0.6870, 4.0710$ .

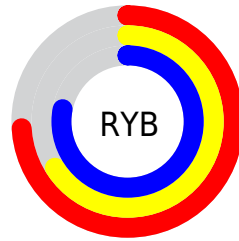
# Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (66%)

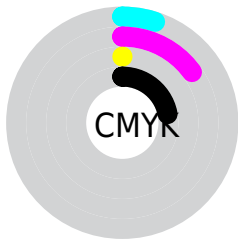
Blue (78%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (78%)

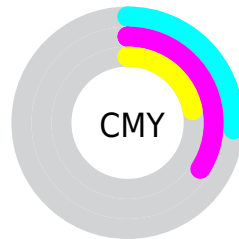


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 177.9870, 2.0150,  
13.0470

■ 177.9870, 2.0150,  
13.0470

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 151.5740, 1.7400,  
12.5240

■ 233.5140, 1.9690,  
13.8810

■ 125.4600, 2.0610,  
12.2130

■ 253.8260, 0.5500,  
1.0460

■ 100.0470, 1.7860,  
11.6900

■ 76.6340, 1.5110,  
11.1670

■ 53.2210, 1.2360,  
10.6440

■ 31.8080, 0.9610,  
10.1210

■ 9.0580, 3.2530,

12.6370

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 177.9870, 2.0150,  
13.0470

■ 177.9870, 2.0150,  
13.0470

■ 164.1540, 3.3430,  
22.0230

■ 191.8200, 0.6870,  
4.0710

■ 150.3210, 4.6710,  
30.9990

■ 205.6530, -0.6410,  
-4.9050

■ 137.3740, 6.3200,  
39.6640

■ 218.6000, -2.2900,  
-13.5700

■ 123.5410, 7.6480,  
48.6400

■ 232.4330, -3.6180,  
-22.5460

■ 109.7080, 8.9760,  
57.6160

■ 238.6350, -1.3710,  
-24.7230

■ 95.8750, 10.3040,  
66.5920

■ 240.7280, 2.8010,  
-23.2390

■ 82.0420, 11.6320,  
75.5680

■ 242.8210, 6.9730,  
-21.7550

■ 69.0950, 13.2810,  
84.2330

■ 244.9140, 11.1450,  
-20.2710

■ 61.4420, 13.9220,  
89.1380

■ 246.7080, 14.7210,  
-18.9990

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175.8540, -13.8480, 8.6800



177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470



178.5280, 16.5490, 13.9650

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470



176.0980, 22.9710, -3.3090



169.8220, -29.1580, -11.2220

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470



189.0130, -2.0150, -13.0470

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170.4010, -17.7870, -13.5550



177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470



174.2490, 12.0600, -9.3160

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470



177.1790, 27.4170, 4.2250



172.1270, -2.3360, -12.7360



170.5430, -32.5060, -5.6100



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470



178.7690, 23.0600, 11.6040



172.1270, -2.3360, -12.7360



169.8500, -26.3610, -12.3530

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470



247.9340, 0.3660, 4.3820



178.1760, -12.0590, 3.7890



122.9940, 0.1370, 3.0250



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470



223.2140, 3.1140, 20.6660



180.5210, 9.2590, 13.9230



92.8200, 0.6870, 4.0710



50.5750, 11.4490, 73.3770



10.9810, 2.1520, 16.0720



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



178.8110, 14.0740, 9.2580



224.5780, 22.2800, 14.7280



186.4790, -9.2590, -13.9230



93.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410



55.1210, 79.1720, 51.9720

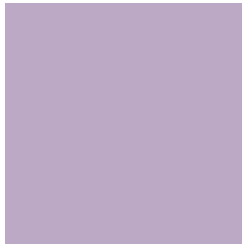


12.1320, 17.6040, 11.3640



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

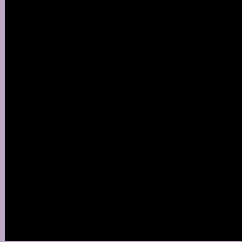
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YIQ 177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 177.9870, 2.0150,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470

### Protanopia

176.1810, -10.4550, 7.7610

### Deuteranopia

177.3670, -2.1110, 10.7290



## Tritanopia

177.0810, 4.4460, 7.5340

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470

## Protanomaly

176.6870, -6.0080, 9.7680

## Deuteranomaly

177.3780, -0.6440, 11.6760

## Tritanomaly

177.3630, 3.7120, 9.8240

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470

## Achromatopsia

178.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

178.2330, 0.9620, 4.5940

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 169, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 169, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 169, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 169, 198) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 169, 198) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 169, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 169, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 169, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 169, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 169,  
198) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 177.9870, 2.0150, 13.0470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 169, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
169, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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