

Converting Colors

YIQ(178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360)
contains.

YIQ(178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(178.0550, -19.0280,
3.4360)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2B5CD
RGB	162, 181, 205
RGB Percent	64%, 71%, 80%
CMY	0.3647, 0.2901, 0.1962
CMYK	0.21, 0.12, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	213°, 30%, 72%
HSV	213°, 21%, 80%
XYZ	42.4408, 45.1382, 64.2181
YIQ	178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

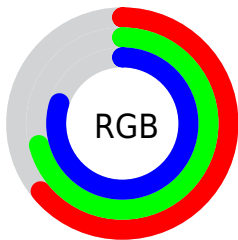
Format	Color
R _{YB}	162, 175, 205
Decimal	10663373
CIE _{Lab}	72.98, -1.38, -14.31
CIE _{LCh}	73, 14.372, 264.486
Y _{xy}	45.1382, 0.2796, 0.2974
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288853453 (0xFFA2B5CD)
YUV	178.0550, 13.2839, -14.0802
Hunter-Lab	67.1850, -4.8152, -9.6423

Details

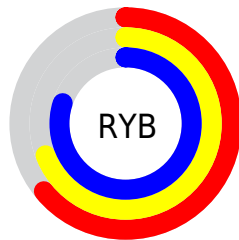
The YIQ color $178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $188.9450, 19.0280, -3.4360$, and the grayscale version is $178.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $233.0720, -17.6980, 1.3580$, and $125.2400, -18.1110, 3.3370$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $165.3190, -28.5190, 4.7370$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $190.4920, -10.1330, 1.9230$.

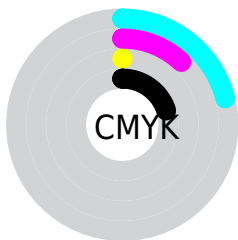
Distribution



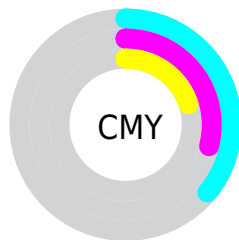
- Red (64%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 178.0550,
-19.0280, 3.4360

■ 178.0550,
-19.0280, 3.4360

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 150.9410,
-18.7070, 3.1250

■ 233.0720,
-17.6980, 1.3580

■ 125.2400,
-18.1110, 3.3370

■ 252.3090, -5.3640,
-1.9080

■ 100.1260,
-17.7900, 3.0260

■ 76.0120, -17.4690,
2.7150

■ 52.8980, -17.1480,
2.4040

■ 30.7730, -18.2940,
1.1460

■ 11.2790, -13.8470,

3.1530

■ 0.5700, -1.6050,
1.5550

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 178.0550,
-19.0280, 3.4360

■ 178.0550,
-19.0280, 3.4360

■ 165.3190,
-28.5190, 4.7370

■ 190.4920,
-10.1330, 1.9230

■ 152.2950,
-37.1390, 6.7730

■ 203.8150, -0.9170,
0.0990

■ 139.8580,
-46.0340, 8.2860

■ 216.2520, 7.9780,
-1.4140

■ 126.5350,
-55.2500, 10.1100

■ 229.5750, 17.1940,
-3.2380

■ 114.0980,
-64.1450, 11.6230

■ 239.3210, 20.7250,
-6.6590

■ 100.7750,
-73.3610, 13.4470

■ 246.3650, 17.4250,
-12.9350

■ 88.3380, -82.2560,
14.9600

■ 249.3000, 16.0500,
-15.5500

■ 76.7870, -90.8300,
16.1620

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175.9460, -26.2710, -2.9670



178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360



180.5620, -7.1540, 8.5100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360



181.5360, 22.0980, 7.0100



176.0280, -6.3710, -11.1950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360



188.9450, 19.0280, -3.4360

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177.7260, 6.2830, -9.2450



178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360



180.2600, 22.6950, 1.6950

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360



181.5340, 16.4120, 10.9400



178.7490, 16.6440, -4.2840



174.9820, -17.9250, -11.0530

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360



181.2210, 1.2360, 10.6440



178.7490, 16.6440, -4.2840



176.4800, -1.8320, -10.8560

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360



245.2320, -6.4650, 1.5270



189.9770, -19.5290, -15.0250



122.3740, -3.9890, 0.7070



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360



214.7320, -28.2440, 5.2600



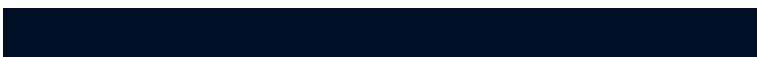
167.5000, -12.6110, 13.7970



95.4880, -4.3100, 1.0180



61.7750, -73.3610, 13.4470



14.3110, -16.8730, 2.9270

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177.0230, 19.5290, 15.0250



213.3280, 29.1560, 22.2760



199.5000, 12.6110, -13.7970



95.4460, 4.6760, 3.3640



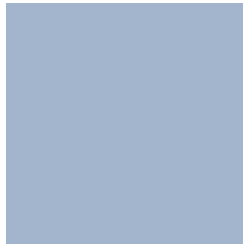
57.9560, 75.5030, 57.8950



13.3000, 17.1910, 13.3430

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

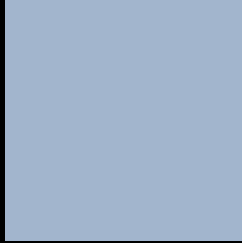
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

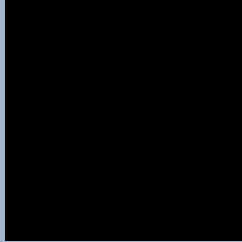
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

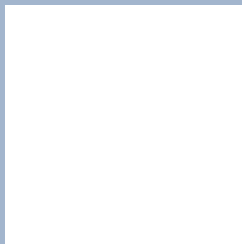
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360

Protanopia

179.9530, -9.8130, 7.1390

Deuteranopia

180.3390, -4.9080, 11.8600



Tritanopia

177.1320, -17.9270, 0.0010

Trichromacy



Original Color

178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360

Protanomaly

179.1590, -13.3890, 5.8670

Deuteranomaly

179.7080, -10.5010, 8.5950

Tritanomaly

177.7730, -18.2940, 1.1460

Monochromacy



Original Color

178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360

Achromatopsia

178.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

177.9330, -7.0610, 1.3150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 181, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 181, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 181, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 181, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 181, 205) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 181, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 181, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 181, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 181, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 181,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 178.0550, -19.0280, 3.4360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 181, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
181, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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