

Converting Colors

YIQ(178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(178.8260, 9.7180,
11.1100)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3A9BB
RGB	195, 169, 187
RGB Percent	76%, 66%, 73%
CMY	0.2352, 0.3373, 0.2666
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.04, 0.24
HSL	318°, 18%, 71%
HSV	318°, 13%, 76%
XYZ	45.6667, 43.5646, 53.0191
YIQ	178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

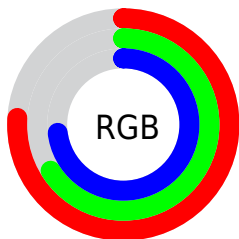
Format	Color
R _Y B	195, 169, 187
Decimal	12822971
CIE Lab	71.94, 12.58, -5.73
CIE LCh	72, 13.821, 335.502
Yxy	43.5646, 0.3210, 0.3063
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291013051 (0xFFC3A9BB)
YUV	178.8260, 4.0298, 14.1846
Hunter-Lab	66.0035, 7.9952, -1.4239

Details

The YIQ color **178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **185.1740, -9.7180, -11.1100**, and the grayscale version is **179.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234.5380, 10.5890, 11.8450**, and **126.1140, 8.8470, 10.3750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **166.4020, 17.1440, 19.7040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190.6630, 2.5670, 3.0390**.

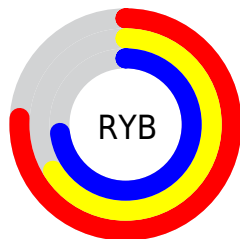
Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (66%)

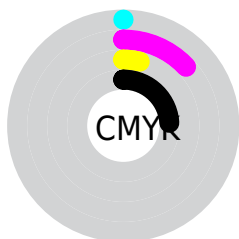
Blue (73%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (73%)

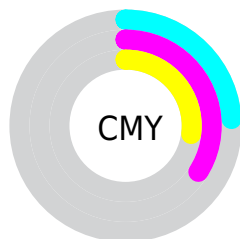


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 178.8260, 9.7180,
11.1100

■ 178.8260, 9.7180,
11.1100

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 151.8260, 9.7180,
11.1100

■ 234.5380, 10.5890,
11.8450

■ 126.1140, 8.8470,
10.3750

■ 253.8260, 0.5500,
1.0460

■ 101.1140, 8.8470,
10.3750

■ 77.2880, 8.2970,
9.3290

■ 53.9890, 7.7010,
9.1170

■ 32.5760, 7.4260,
8.5940

■ 9.9400, 9.3970,

11.4210

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 178.8260, 9.7180,
11.1100

■ 178.8260, 9.7180,
11.1100

■ 166.4020, 17.1440,
19.7040

■ 190.6630, 2.5670,
3.0390

■ 154.5650, 24.2950,
27.7750

■ 203.0870, -4.8590,
-5.5550

■ 142.1410, 31.7210,
36.3690

■ 214.9240,
-12.0100, -13.6260

■ 130.3040, 38.8720,
44.4400

■ 227.3480,
-19.4360, -22.2200

■ 117.8800, 46.2980,
53.0340

■ 232.7280,
-23.5620, -24.5380

■ 106.0430, 53.4490,
61.1050

■ 233.4120,
-25.4880, -22.6720

■ 93.6190, 60.8750,
69.6990

■ 234.0960,
-27.4140, -20.8060

■ 81.7820, 68.0260,
77.7700

■ 234.7800,
-29.3400, -18.9400

■ 73.6950, 72.8850,
83.3250

■ 235.4640,
-31.2660, -17.0740

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177.8400, -2.0650, 9.8950



178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100



178.8500, 18.3380, 9.0740

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100



175.5420, 12.7930, -6.0790



172.1370, -25.4910, -6.0910

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100



185.1740, -9.7180, -11.1100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171.9540, -20.7220, -9.9220



178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100



174.2740, 1.7440, -9.5840

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100



177.1240, 20.0820, -0.5100



172.8750, -10.3140, -11.3220



173.7940, -22.7870, -0.0270

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100



178.2370, 21.5020, 6.7980



172.8750, -10.3140, -11.3220



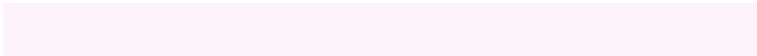
171.7950, -24.5280, -7.0240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100



245.7880, 3.7130, 4.2970



174.3560, -3.5780, 9.7820



123.6630, 2.5670, 3.0390



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100



227.1520, 14.8520, 17.1880



177.3440, 13.8910, 7.0670



90.7880, 3.7130, 4.2970



60.7930, 60.3250, 68.6530



12.4890, 12.2850, 14.1490

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100



227.1520, 14.8520, 17.1880



186.6560, -13.8910, -7.0670



90.7880, 3.7130, 4.2970



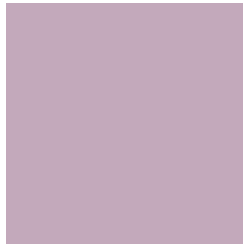
60.7930, 60.3250, 68.6530



12.4890, 12.2850, 14.1490

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

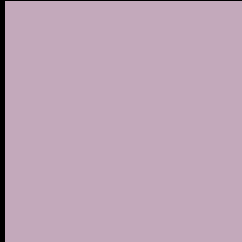
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

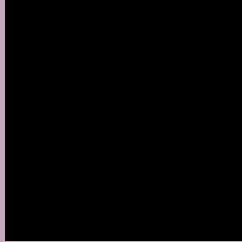
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 178.8260, 9.7180,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100

Protanopia

176.8240, -5.1360, 4.9760

Deuteranopia

178.2060, 5.5920, 8.7920



Tritanopia

178.6580, 10.1310, 9.1310

Trichromacy



Original Color

178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100

Protanomaly

177.6290, -0.0930, 7.1950

Deuteranomaly

178.2170, 7.0590, 9.7390

Tritanomaly

178.7720, 9.8100, 9.4420

Monochromacy



Original Color

178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100

Achromatopsia

179.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

178.7880, 3.7130, 4.2970

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 169, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 169, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 169, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 169, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 169, 187) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 169, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 169, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 169, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 169, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 169,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 178.8260, 9.7180, 11.1100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 169, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
169, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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