

Converting Colors

YIQ(179.4610, -27.1840,
-24.9760)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(179.4610, -27.1840,
-24.9760)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 8ACBA7 |
| RGB | 138, 203, 167 |
| RGB Percent | 54%, 80%, 65% |
| CMY | 0.4590, 0.2038, 0.3452 |
| CMYK | 0.32, 0.00, 0.18, 0.20 |
| HSL | 147°, 39%, 67% |
| HSV | 147°, 32%, 80% |
| XYZ | 38.8093, 50.9134, 44.3311 |
| YIQ | 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

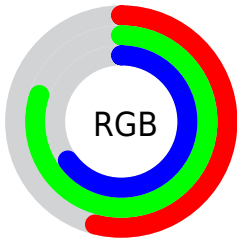
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 138, 183, 203 |
| Decimal | 9096103 |
| CIELab | 76.63, -28.31, 11.47 |
| CIELCh | 77, 30.547, 157.951 |
| Yxy | 50.9134, 0.2895, 0.3798 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287286183 (0xFF8ACBA7) |
| YUV | 179.4610, -6.1433, -36.3613 |
| Hunter-Lab | 71.3536, -27.7826, 13.1114 |

Details

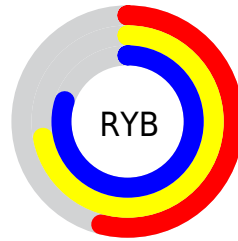
The YIQ color **179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **161.5390, 27.1840, 24.9760**, and the grayscale version is **180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **232.7000, -26.3590, -23.4070**, and **125.9880, -27.2300, -24.1420** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172.2270, -35.5730, -32.6370**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186.6950, -18.7950, -17.3150**.

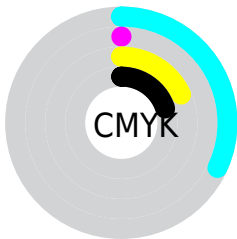
Distribution



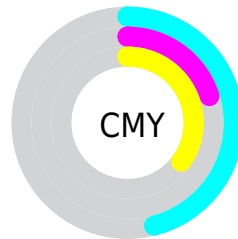
- Red (54%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 179.4610,
-27.1840, -24.9760

■ 179.4610,
-27.1840, -24.9760

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 151.9880,
-27.2300, -24.1420

■ 232.7000,
-26.3590, -23.4070

■ 125.9880,
-27.2300, -24.1420

■ 244.3780,
-18.9800, -8.4520

■ 99.8140, -26.6800,
-23.0960

■ 253.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 74.4440, -28.5140,
-22.8980

■ 47.9810, -34.5200,
-24.1840

■ 32.0860, -21.4540,
-18.6860

■ 18.1970, -8.5250,

-16.2130

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 179.4610,
-27.1840, -24.9760

■ 179.4610,
-27.1840, -24.9760

■ 172.2270,
-35.5730, -32.6370

■ 186.6950,
-18.7950, -17.3150

■ 164.5800,
-44.2370, -40.8210

■ 194.2280, -9.8100,
-9.4420

■ 157.3460,
-52.6260, -48.4820

■ 201.5760, -1.7420,
-1.4700

■ 150.1120,
-61.0150, -56.1430

■ 208.8100, 6.6470,
6.1910

■ 142.5790,
-70.0000, -64.0160

■ 216.0440, 15.0360,
13.8520

■ 135.2310,
-78.0680, -71.9880

■ 222.0820, 21.0410,
20.6650

■ 129.5350,
-85.0360, -77.8680

■ 223.4500, 17.1890,
24.3970

■ 224.4760, 14.3000,
27.1960

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183.7710, 1.2420, -22.5180



179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760



175.5690, -53.7310, -22.9390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760



187.9090, -32.8760, 12.1160



191.4050, 47.4520, 10.0760

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760



161.5390, 27.1840, 24.9760

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.6190, 41.3980, 20.6780



179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760



192.4460, -3.3510, 22.1930

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760



180.7760, -57.9070, -2.3150



193.7990, 23.5160, 25.3720



189.1510, 41.8150, -3.4090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760



174.4570, -64.9190, -18.4150



193.7990, 23.5160, 25.3720



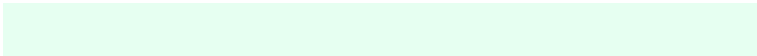
191.7410, 46.6260, 14.0340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760



245.9290, -10.4060, -9.6540



187.2180, 4.1770, -26.1510



122.1900, -6.6470, -6.1910



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



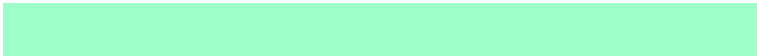
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760



219.8410, -40.4780, -37.3580



183.1090, -37.4560, -15.0240



98.3260, -4.0340, -3.9860



105.8780, -69.4040, -63.8040



24.2440, -15.9070, -14.5870

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161.5390, 27.1840, 24.9760



193.1590, 40.4780, 37.3580



157.8910, 37.4560, 15.0240



95.5600, 4.3550, 3.6750



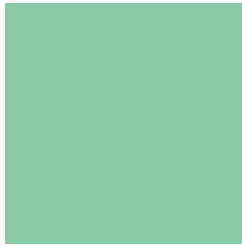
60.1220, 69.4040, 63.8040



13.7560, 15.9070, 14.5870

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

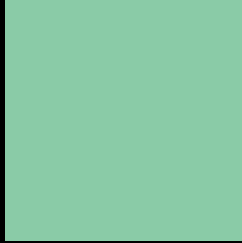
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

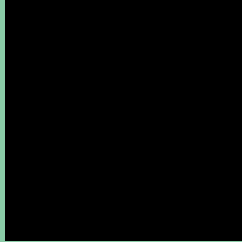
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760.

-24.9760.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760

Protanopia

187.6840, 15.2690, -6.8990

Deuteranopia

190.0150, 22.0070, 3.1510



Tritanopia

183.7600, -34.6150, -5.9350

Trichromacy



Original Color

179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760

Protanomaly

184.3830, -0.1810, -13.2450

Deuteranomaly

186.5240, 4.0360, -7.0680

Tritanomaly

182.2130, -31.8170, -12.5930

Monochromacy



Original Color

179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760

Achromatopsia

179.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

179.3420, -10.1310, -9.1310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 203, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 203, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 203, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 203, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 203, 167) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 203, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 203, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 203, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 203, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 203,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 179.4610, -27.1840, -24.9760 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 203, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
203, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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