

# Converting Colors

YIQ(179.7430, 51.1710,  
-18.7890)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(179.7430, 51.1710,  
-18.7890)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9B25B
RGB	217, 178, 91
RGB Percent	85%, 70%, 36%
CMY	0.1490, 0.3020, 0.6429
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.58, 0.15
HSL	41°, 62%, 60%
HSV	41°, 58%, 85%
XYZ	46.4266, 47.3439, 16.6045
YIQ	179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

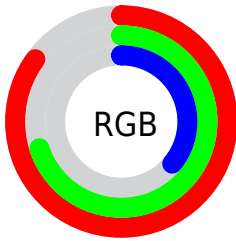
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">147, 217, 91</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14266971</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.41, 4.08, 49.03</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">74, 49.195, 85.245</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">47.3439, 0.4206, 0.4289</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292457051</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFD9B25B</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">179.7430, -43.7503, 32.6744</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">68.8069, 0.0285, 33.8570</a>

# Details

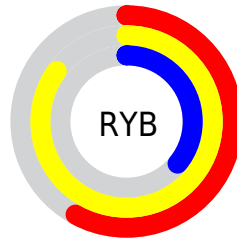
The YIQ color **179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **128.2570, -51.1710, 18.7890**, and the grayscale version is **180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230.0190, 41.4060, -23.5380**, and **126.0630, 47.2740, -19.7500** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173.1260, 60.1580, -21.9700**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186.3600, 42.1840, -15.6080**.

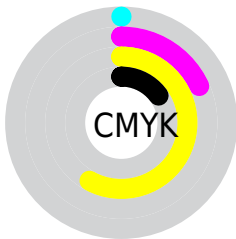
# Distribution



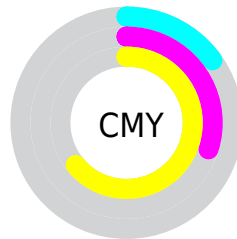
- Red (85%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 179.7430, 51.1710,  
-18.7890

 179.7430, 51.1710,  
-18.7890


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 152.3730, 49.3370,  
-18.5910


 229.4320, 41.6810,  
-23.0150


 126.0630, 47.2740,  
-19.7500


 245.4240, 26.9640,  
-26.1240


 99.5960, 47.0910,  
-21.9410

 248.6160, 17.9760,  
-17.4160

 76.2950, 40.8090,  
-18.2230

 251.8080, 8.9880,  
-8.7080

 55.3080, 30.7670,  
-12.4410

 35.2070, 21.0460,  
-6.9700

 15.1170, 12.7920,

-0.5520

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 179.7430, 51.1710,  
-18.7890

■ 179.7430, 51.1710,  
-18.7890

■ 173.1260, 60.1580,  
-21.9700

■ 186.3600, 42.1840,  
-15.6080

■ 167.2100, 68.5490,  
-25.3630

■ 192.2760, 33.7930,  
-12.2150

■ 160.5930, 77.5360,  
-28.5440

■ 198.8930, 24.8060,  
-9.0340

■ 153.9760, 86.5230,  
-31.7250

■ 205.5100, 15.8190,  
-5.8530

■ 152.9330, 88.0820,  
-32.4460

■ 212.1270, 6.8320,  
-2.6720

■ 218.0430, -1.5590,  
0.7210

■ 224.6600,  
-10.5460, 3.9020

■ 230.1370,  
-16.3230, 3.9730

■ 234.2460,  
-18.2480, 0.3120

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182.6830, 69.7360, 2.6960



179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890



175.3040, 18.2540, -33.4740

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890



146.0020, -127.2700, -39.3180



188.3170, 19.6620, 40.1580

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890



128.2570, -51.1710, 18.7890

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183.8320, -24.8090, 25.6150



179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890



147.0570, -137.1300, -25.8180

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890



147.9340, -98.2000, -48.5360



167.5100, -80.4650, -0.9850



183.8350, 50.1980, 37.4140



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890



171.1140, -10.6300, -38.6460



167.5100, -80.4650, -0.9850



187.8360, 4.8990, 37.8830

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890



242.4670, 17.3780, -6.5740



133.2340, 62.2560, 39.1520



120.3400, 10.5460, -3.9020



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890



202.4230, 72.2630, -26.5930



195.7590, 26.7380, -44.0620



106.3980, 4.6310, -1.3290



122.1670, 70.1080, -26.0840



32.5380, 18.6160, -6.9840



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.2570, -51.1710, 18.7890



129.5770, -72.2630, 26.5930



112.2410, -26.7380, 44.0620



102.0150, -4.3560, 1.8520



51.4200, -70.3830, 25.5610



13.4620, -18.6160, 6.9840



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

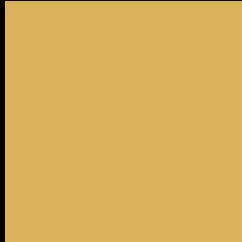
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890.

-18.7890.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890

### Protanopia

178.4210, 40.2140, -23.9620

### Deuteranopia

179.9010, 56.7180, -14.6900



## Tritanopia

186.5250, 29.7990, 16.1270

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890

## Protanomaly

178.6280, 44.0650, -22.1670

## Deuteranomaly

179.5910, 54.6550, -15.8490

## Tritanomaly

184.2140, 37.5040, 3.1360

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890

## Achromatopsia

180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

179.6520, 18.2950, -6.6730

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 178, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 178, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 178, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 178, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 178, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 178, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 178, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 178, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 178, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 178,  
91) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 179.7430, 51.1710, -18.7890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 178, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
178, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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