

Converting Colors

YIQ(179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(179.8250, -6.8770,
-2.0210)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACB7B8
RGB	172, 183, 184
RGB Percent	67%, 72%, 72%
CMY	0.3255, 0.2823, 0.2785
CMYK	0.07, 0.01, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	185°, 8%, 70%
HSV	185°, 7%, 72%
XYZ	42.5972, 46.0992, 51.9964
YIQ	179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

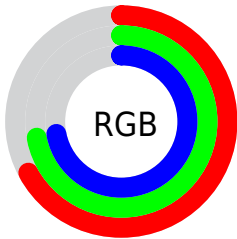
Format	Color
RYB	172, 178, 184
Decimal	11319224
CIELab	73.61, -3.61, -1.83
CIELCh	74, 4.050, 206.819
Yxy	46.0992, 0.3028, 0.3277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289509304 (0xFFACB7B8)
YUV	179.8250, 2.0583, -6.8625
Hunter-Lab	67.8964, -6.8303, 2.1220

Details

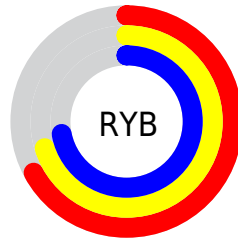
The YIQ color $179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $176.1750, 6.8770, 2.0210$, and the grayscale version is $180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $235.5260, -7.4730, -2.2330$, and $127.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $173.2690, -17.0550, -4.7910$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $186.3810, 3.3010, 0.7490$.

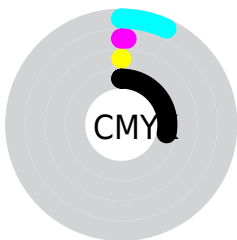
Distribution



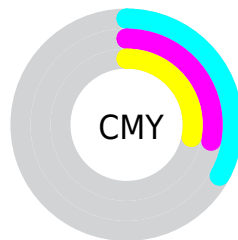
- Red (67%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 179.8250, -6.8770,
-2.0210

■ 179.8250, -6.8770,
-2.0210

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 152.8250, -6.8770,
-2.0210

■ 235.5260, -7.4730,
-2.2330

■ 127.1240, -6.2810,
-1.8090

■ 102.1240, -6.2810,
-1.8090

■ 78.1240, -6.2810,
-1.8090

■ 55.4230, -5.6850,
-1.5970

■ 33.7220, -5.0890,
-1.3850

■ 11.2270, -8.0690,

-2.4450

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 179.8250, -6.8770,
-2.0210

■ 179.8250, -6.8770,
-2.0210

■ 173.2690,
-17.0550, -4.7910

■ 186.3810, 3.3010,
0.7490

■ 167.0010,
-28.1040, -8.2960

■ 192.6490, 14.3500,
4.2540

■ 160.4450,
-38.2820, -11.0660

■ 199.2050, 24.5280,
7.0240

■ 154.1770,
-49.3310, -14.5710

■ 205.4730, 35.5770,
10.5290

■ 147.6210,
-59.5090, -17.3410

■ 209.3380, 40.3910,
11.3910

■ 141.6520,
-69.9620, -20.6340

■ 209.9250, 40.1160,
10.8680

■ 134.7970,
-80.7360, -23.6160

■ 211.0990, 39.5660,
9.8220

■ 128.8280,
-91.1890, -26.9090

■ 211.6860, 39.2910,
9.2990

■ 121.9730,
-101.9630, -29.8910

■ 212.8600, 38.7410,
8.2530

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179.6680, -4.9970, -3.0530



179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



179.8790, -6.9690, -0.3530

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



181.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380



180.6970, 5.2270, -1.1170

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



176.1750, 6.8770, 2.0210

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181.2350, 6.6480, 0.6640



179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



181.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



181.0970, -1.6510, 2.3890



181.8760, 6.2810, 1.8090



180.4900, 1.3760, -2.9120

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



180.5910, -6.0980, 0.3820



181.8760, 6.2810, 1.8090



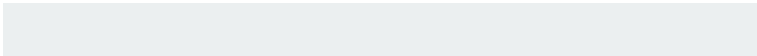
181.1100, 5.5020, -0.5940

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



237.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370



179.1580, -3.6210, -5.9650



119.1030, -1.7880, -0.6360



247.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



120.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210



233.1450, -10.7740, -2.9820



176.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170



88.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850



101.7250, -89.4010, -26.2730



18.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650



228.6190, 5.8670, 9.3150



179.6970, 5.2270, -1.1170



86.6030, 2.7960, 4.3960



62.9460, 47.0730, 77.5450



11.3360, 8.3420, 14.0220

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

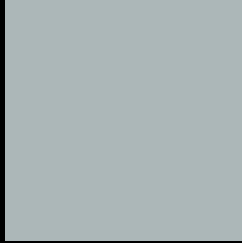
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

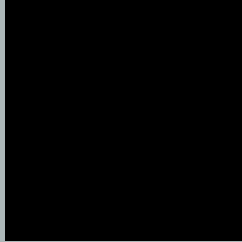
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

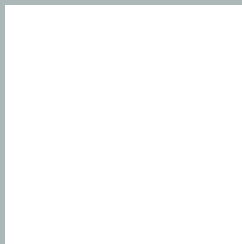
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.8250, -6.8770,

-2.0210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210

Protanopia

181.1250, 1.1460, 1.2580

Deuteranopia

182.5330, 8.9850, 7.8730



Tritanopia

180.6170, -8.9870, 3.1810

Trichromacy



Original Color

179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210

Protanomaly

180.6300, -1.8340, 0.1980

Deuteranomaly

181.4890, 3.1170, 4.0850

Tritanomaly

180.4490, -8.5740, 1.2020

Monochromacy



Original Color

179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210

Achromatopsia

180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

179.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 183, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 183, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 183, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 183, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 183, 184) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 183, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 183, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 183, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 183, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 183,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 179.8250, -6.8770, -2.0210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 183, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
183, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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