

Converting Colors

YIQ(179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600)
contains.

YIQ(179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(179.8930, -0.4160,
18.5600)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFA8D4
RGB	191, 168, 212
RGB Percent	75%, 66%, 83%
CMY	0.2509, 0.3412, 0.1687
CMYK	0.10, 0.21, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	271°, 34%, 75%
HSV	271°, 21%, 83%
XYZ	47.3745, 43.8338, 68.2452
YIQ	179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

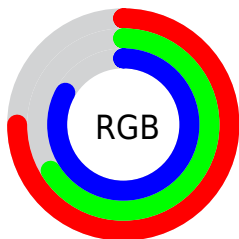
Format	Color
RYB	191, 168, 212
Decimal	12560596
CIELab	72.12, 16.62, -19.23
CIELCh	72, 25.419, 310.830
Yxy	43.8338, 0.2971, 0.2749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290750676 (0xFFBFA8D4)
YUV	179.8930, 15.8288, 9.7408
Hunter-Lab	66.2071, 11.8632, -14.7702

Details

The YIQ color $179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC99CC$. A complement of this color would be $200.1070, 0.4160, -18.5600$, and the grayscale version is $180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $234.1230, 4.6280, 15.2520$, and $126.9530, -0.6450, 17.2030$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $164.5760, -0.6010, 27.4230$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $195.2100, -0.2310, 9.6970$.

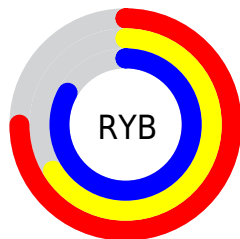
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (66%)

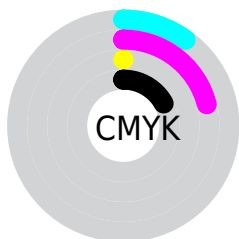
Blue (83%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (83%)

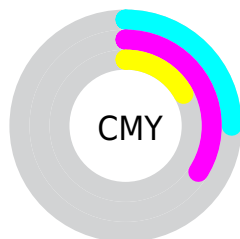


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 179.8930, -0.4160,
18.5600

■ 179.8930, -0.4160,
18.5600

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 153.3660, -0.3700,
17.7260

■ 234.1230, 4.6280,
15.2520

■ 126.9530, -0.6450,
17.2030

■ 253.2390, 0.8250,
1.5690

■ 101.8390, -0.3240,
16.8920

■ 78.0130, -0.8740,
15.8460

■ 54.6000, -1.1490,
15.3230

■ 32.6600, -1.3780,
13.9660

■ 10.7960, 1.2350,

16.1710

■ 2.0690, -4.4480,
3.5200

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 179.8930, -0.4160,
18.5600

■ 179.8930, -0.4160,
18.5600

■ 164.5760, -0.6010,
27.4230

■ 195.2100, -0.2310,
9.6970

■ 149.2590, -0.7860,
36.2860

■ 210.5270, -0.0460,
0.8340

■ 133.3550, -0.6960,
45.6720

■ 226.4310, -0.1360,
-8.5520

■ 118.0380, -0.8810,
54.5350

■ 241.7480, 0.0490,
-17.4150

■ 102.7210, -1.0660,
63.3980

■ 246.2110, 6.0550,
-16.1290

■ 87.1050, -1.8470,
72.0490

■ 249.2010, 12.0150,
-14.0090

■ 71.7880, -2.0320,
80.9120

■ 250.0980, 13.8030,
-13.3730

■ 57.3570, -1.8960,
89.4640

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176.4600, -24.3020, 10.9140



179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600



181.0820, 21.0410, 20.6650

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600



176.8450, 33.9290, -3.6630



166.4070, -44.2870, -17.8790

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600



200.1070, 0.4160, -18.5600

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169.0640, -24.3880, -20.5800



179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600



174.7350, 19.2590, -13.1330

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600



178.5180, 39.7040, 7.3200



172.2100, -1.3720, -19.1960



166.7300, -52.2660, -10.9380

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600



180.4760, 31.4950, 18.4310



172.2100, -1.3720, -19.1960



167.2890, -38.1430, -19.0950

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600



244.1020, -0.0470, 6.3610



185.3430, -19.8990, 2.7010



121.2220, -0.5050, 3.6470



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600



208.4620, -0.2800, 27.1120



186.0580, 12.4210, 22.7010



99.0480, 0.0450, 4.6930



46.1050, -1.8470, 72.0490



11.7790, -0.0950, 18.2490

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183.5500, 19.4830, 15.8590



213.6700, 28.1930, 23.2090



193.9420, -12.4210, -22.7010



99.8590, 4.9510, 3.8870



60.3630, 75.9150, 61.4430



15.2510, 18.8870, 15.6470

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

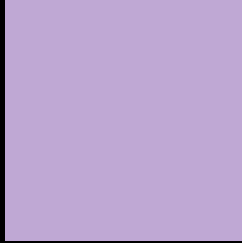
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

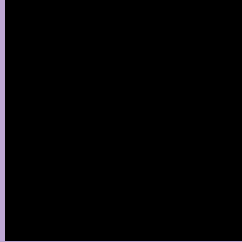
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.8930, -0.4160,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600

Protanopia

177.3960, -18.2500, 11.3660

Deuteranopia

178.5280, -9.8140, 12.6660



Tritanopia

178.6680, 4.1710, 7.0110

Trichromacy



Original Color

179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600

Protanomaly

178.0980, -11.4190, 14.2210

Deuteranomaly

178.8490, -6.2840, 14.7720

Tritanomaly

178.8190, 2.4280, 11.0680

Monochromacy



Original Color

179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600

Achromatopsia

180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

180.2160, -0.3680, 6.6720

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 168, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 168, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 168, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 168, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 168, 212) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 168, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 168, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 168, 212); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 168, 212); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 168, 212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 179.8930, -0.4160, 18.5600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 168, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
168, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor