

Converting Colors

YIQ(179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(179.9320, 21.0430,
9.6110)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEA8AD
RGB	206, 168, 173
RGB Percent	81%, 66%, 68%
CMY	0.1921, 0.3412, 0.3215
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.16, 0.19
HSL	352°, 28%, 73%
HSV	352°, 18%, 81%
XYZ	47.0047, 44.1425, 45.5884
YIQ	179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

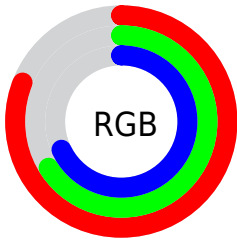
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 168, 173
Decimal	13543597
CIE Lab	72.32, 14.70, 2.66
CIE LCh	72, 14.934, 10.261
Yxy	44.1425, 0.3438, 0.3228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291733677 (0xFFCEA8AD)
YUV	179.9320, -3.4175, 22.8616
Hunter-Lab	66.4398, 10.0151, 5.8254

Details

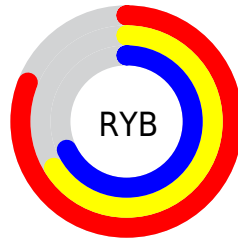
The YIQ color **179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **194.0680, -21.0430, -9.6110**, and the grayscale version is **180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233.1380, 17.4670, 8.3390**, and **127.0350, 19.2550, 8.9750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **165.5530, 32.5960, 14.9960**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **194.3110, 9.4900, 4.2260**.

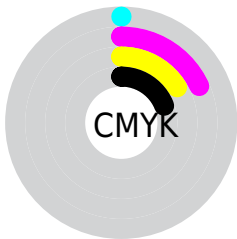
Distribution



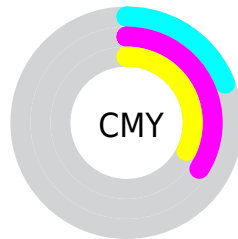
- Red (81%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (19%)





- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YIQ color 179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 179.9320, 21.0430,
9.6110

 179.9320, 21.0430,
9.6110


255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000


 152.6330, 20.4470,
9.3990


 233.1380, 17.4670,
8.3390


 127.0350, 19.2550,
8.9750

 253.2390, 0.8250,
1.5690

 101.7360, 18.6590,
8.7630

 77.4370, 18.0630,
8.5510

 54.5400, 16.2750,
7.9150

 32.9420, 15.0830,
7.4910

 10.2090, 18.7050,

7.9290

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

179.9320, 21.0430,
9.6110

179.9320, 21.0430,
9.6110

165.5530, 32.5960,
14.9960

194.3110, 9.4900,
4.2260

151.7610, 43.8740,
19.8580

208.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

137.3820, 55.4270,
25.2430

222.4820,
-13.3410, -6.0210

123.7040, 66.3840,
30.4160

236.2740,
-24.6190, -10.8830

109.3250, 77.9370,
35.8010

240.3490,
-29.2040, -10.3880

■ 94.9460, 89.4900,
41.1860

■ 81.1540, 100.7680,
46.0480

■ 66.7750, 112.3210,
51.4330

■ 64.6720, 114.1090,
52.0690

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180.0220, 12.1020, 11.9580



179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



179.3250, 24.0700, 4.3100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



174.8500, 0.0020, -11.0540



174.8370, -24.3460, 0.6940

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



194.0680, -21.0430, -9.6110

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



172.8810, -27.6460, -5.5820



179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



173.4940, -13.6150, -12.0710

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



176.4170, 11.6470, -7.3370



172.3990, -23.4730, -9.6250



177.3870, -14.0310, 6.4890

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



178.3200, 22.4660, 0.3380



172.3990, -23.4730, -9.6250



174.0000, -26.3630, -1.2990

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



244.7130, 8.2980, 3.8020



182.1990, 7.4700, 18.8140



121.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



216.5420, 31.1290, 14.0490



187.5800, 18.7980, 0.7340



95.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310



52.1420, 91.8740, 42.0340



11.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110



216.5420, 31.1290, 14.0490



186.4200, -18.7980, -0.7340



95.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310



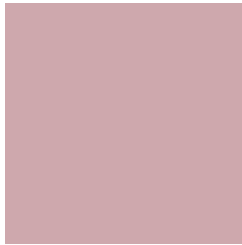
52.1420, 91.8740, 42.0340



11.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

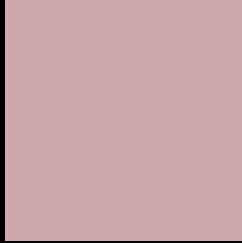
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

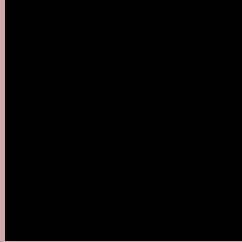
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.9320, 21.0430,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110

Protanopia

178.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

Deuteranopia

179.4750, 14.9000, 5.3000



Tritanopia

180.4420, 19.6670, 12.5230

Trichromacy



Original Color

179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110

Protanomaly

178.7130, 8.2980, 3.8020

Deuteranomaly

179.7850, 16.9630, 6.4590

Tritanomaly

180.1000, 20.6300, 11.5900

Monochromacy



Original Color

179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110

Achromatopsia

180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

180.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 168, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 168, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 168, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 168, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 168, 173) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 168, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 168, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 168, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 168, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 168,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 179.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 168, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
168, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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