

Converting Colors

YIQ(179.9980, -76.7480,
-18.7960)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(179.9980, -76.7480,
-18.7960)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5FD5E9
RGB	95, 213, 233
RGB Percent	37%, 84%, 91%
CMY	0.6277, 0.1645, 0.0866
CMYK	0.59, 0.09, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	189°, 76%, 64%
HSV	189°, 59%, 91%
XYZ	43.2153, 55.9212, 85.5459
YIQ	179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

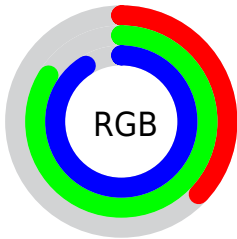
Format	Color
RYB	95, 159, 233
Decimal	6280681
CIELab	79.57, -27.46, -19.77
CIELCh	80, 33.838, 215.759
Yxy	55.9212, 0.2340, 0.3028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284470761 (0xFF5FD5E9)
YUV	179.9980, 26.1300, -74.5432
Hunter-Lab	74.7805, -27.7117, -15.4790

Details

The YIQ color **179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **148.0020, 76.7480, 18.7960**, and the grayscale version is **180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225.6980, -58.4080, -20.7760**, and **112.9240, -100.2670, -27.5870** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171.3600, -89.6310, -22.1030**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188.6360, -63.8650, -15.4890**.

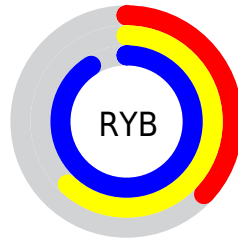
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (84%)

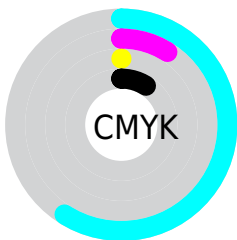
Blue (91%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (91%)

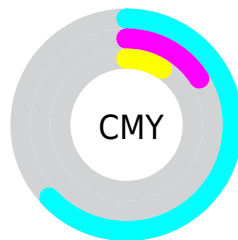


Cyan (59%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 179.9980,
-76.7480, -18.7960

■ 179.9980,
-76.7480, -18.7960

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 149.9050,
-80.9200, -20.2800

■ 225.6980,
-58.4080, -20.7760

■ 112.9240,
-100.2670, -27.5870

■ 234.6680,
-40.5280, -14.4160

■ 94.6980, -84.7710,
-22.0750

■ 243.6380,
-22.6480, -8.0560

■ 76.4720, -69.2750,
-16.5630

■ 252.9070, -4.1720,
-1.4840

■ 59.5340, -54.6500,
-11.7860

■ 42.7100, -40.3460,
-6.6980

■ 27.7610, -27.1880,

-2.8680

■ 4.8220, -10.8220,
8.9060

■ 0.4560, -1.2840,
1.2440

■ 179.9980,
-76.7480, -18.7960

■ 179.9980,
-76.7480, -18.7960

■ 171.3600,
-89.6310, -22.1030

■ 188.6360,
-63.8650, -15.4890

■ 161.8360,
-102.8350, -25.0990

■ 198.1600,
-50.6610, -12.4930

■ 153.1980,
-115.7180, -28.4060

■ 206.7980,
-37.7780, -9.1860

■ 144.5600,
-128.6010, -31.7130

■ 215.4360,
-24.8950, -5.8790

■ 143.3750,
-129.5180, -31.6140

■ 224.6610,
-12.2870, -3.0950

■ 233.5980, 1.1920,
0.4240

■ 241.9260, 12.0120,
2.5720

■ 243.6870, 11.1870,
1.0030

■ 245.4480, 10.3620,
-0.5660

Harmonies

Analogous

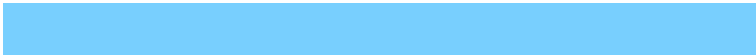
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181.5250, -59.5990, -26.7270



179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960



186.3450, -66.9390, -3.8270

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960



202.0920, 24.2490, 28.6090



194.6020, 29.7590, -16.2010

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960



148.0020, 76.7480, 18.7960

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



197.2010, 47.5460, -2.6460



179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960



200.2710, 42.4980, 22.7700

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960



200.5320, -6.4690, 23.6350



198.6120, 51.3030, 11.8710



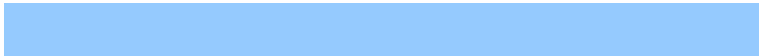
190.9730, 3.4890, -24.6950

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960



192.1950, -48.6010, 5.2470



198.6120, 51.3030, 11.8710



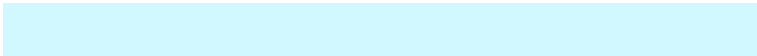
196.1300, 37.1400, -12.3000

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960



237.1370, -25.4910, -6.0910



178.0580, -43.7280, -66.5760



116.3940, -15.9090, -3.5330



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960



185.6190, -100.7260, -24.7740



140.6690, -58.3230, 16.2450



113.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090



111.6190, -100.7260, -24.7740



33.1580, -29.9840, -7.2640

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149.7140, 44.3700, 65.9540



145.7890, 58.1210, 86.5770



187.3310, 58.3230, -16.2450



110.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420



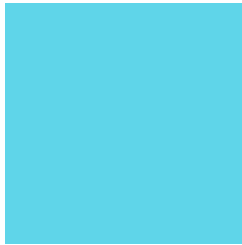
71.7890, 58.1210, 86.5770



21.3900, 17.4180, 25.7540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

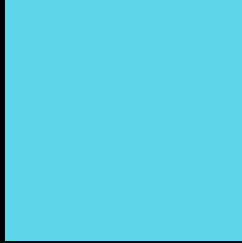
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960.

-18.7960.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960

Protanopia

196.4800, -9.8590, 7.9730

Deuteranopia

197.8420, -13.5740, 14.7300



Tritanopia

179.4710, -76.7020, -19.6300

Trichromacy



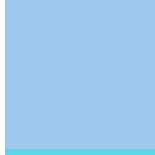
Original Color

179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960



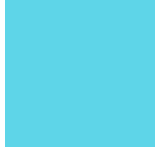
Protanomaly

190.5800, -33.9280, -1.8640



Deuteranomaly

191.5460, -36.5880, 2.2920



Tritanomaly

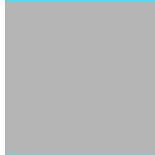
179.5850, -77.0230, -19.3190

Monochromacy



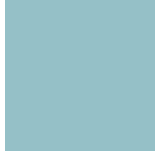
Original Color

179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960



Achromatopsia

180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

179.9410, -27.8750, -6.9390

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 213, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 213, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 213, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 213, 233) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 213, 233) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 213, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 213, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 213, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 213, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 213,  
233) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 179.9980, -76.7480, -18.7960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 213, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 213,  
233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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