

Converting Colors

YIQ(180.3710, 43.6510,
-14.6610)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610)
contains.

YIQ(180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(180.3710, 43.6510,
-14.6610)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5B26B
RGB	213, 178, 107
RGB Percent	84%, 70%, 42%
CMY	0.1647, 0.3020, 0.5802
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.50, 0.16
HSL	40°, 56%, 63%
HSV	40°, 50%, 84%
XYZ	46.0178, 47.0452, 20.5812
YIQ	180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

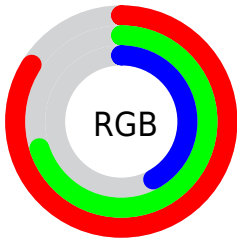
Format	Color
RYB	159, 213, 107
Decimal	14004843
CIELab	74.22, 3.74, 40.77
CIELCh	74, 40.940, 84.758
Yxy	47.0452, 0.4049, 0.4140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292194923 (0xFFD5B26B)
YUV	180.3710, -36.1719, 28.6156
Hunter-Lab	68.5895, -0.2732, 30.2219

Details

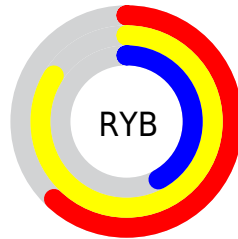
The YIQ color **180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **139.6290, -43.6510, 14.6610**, and the grayscale version is **181.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231.8430, 36.2700, -18.5620**, and **127.1040, 40.0290, -15.0990** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173.8680, 52.3170, -17.5310**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186.8740, 34.9850, -11.7910**.

Distribution



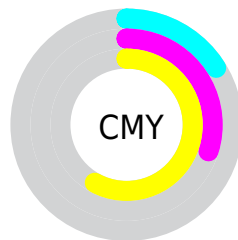
- Red (84%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 180.3710, 43.6510,
-14.6610

■ 180.3710, 43.6510,
-14.6610

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 153.0010, 41.8170,
-14.4630

■ 231.8430, 36.2700,
-18.5620

■ 127.1040, 40.0290,
-15.0990

■ 247.2480, 21.8280,
-21.1480

■ 101.6200, 38.5160,
-15.2120

■ 250.4400, 12.8400,
-12.4400

■ 76.3810, 37.6910,
-16.7810

■ 253.7460, 3.5310,
-3.4210

■ 54.4220, 30.4460,
-12.1300

■ 34.3210, 20.7250,
-6.6590

■ 14.8180, 12.1960,

-0.7640

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 180.3710, 43.6510,
-14.6610

■ 180.3710, 43.6510,
-14.6610

■ 173.8680, 52.3170,
-17.5310

■ 186.8740, 34.9850,
-11.7910

■ 167.2510, 61.3040,
-20.7120

■ 193.4910, 25.9980,
-8.6100

■ 160.7480, 69.9700,
-23.5820

■ 199.9940, 17.3320,
-5.7400

■ 154.2450, 78.6360,
-26.4520

■ 206.4970, 8.6660,
-2.8700

■ 147.7420, 87.3020,
-29.3220

■ 213.1140, -0.3210,
0.3110

■ 147.6280, 87.6230,
-29.6330

■ 219.6170, -8.9870,
3.1810

■ 226.0060,
-17.3320, 5.7400

■ 230.1150,
-19.2570, 2.0790

■ 234.2240,
-21.1820, -1.5820

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182.8220, 59.0990, 2.7390



180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610



176.7370, 15.7770, -27.1270

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610



142.8560, -123.9230, -39.4030



187.8340, 16.4080, 33.0480

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610



139.6290, -43.6510, 14.6610

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184.2620, -23.2040, 24.0600



180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610



155.2900, -109.8050, -19.9250

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610



162.0310, -64.3200, -34.7840



173.8110, -65.0150, 5.3610



186.9220, 45.3390, 31.8590

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610



173.5970, -7.3760, -31.5360



173.8110, -65.0150, 5.3610



187.1360, 3.7540, 31.0980

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610



243.0370, 15.7730, -5.0190



142.6840, 51.9410, 33.3570



120.6820, 9.5830, -2.9690



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610



207.6210, 63.1380, -20.9100



195.5340, 23.2980, -36.7820



103.9850, 4.3560, -1.8520



118.0470, 70.5660, -23.3700



29.8800, 17.6530, -6.0510

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139.6290, -43.6510, 14.6610



149.3790, -63.1380, 20.9100



124.4660, -23.2980, 36.7820



99.6020, -4.6310, 1.3290



52.3660, -70.2910, 23.8930



13.1200, -17.6530, 6.0510

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

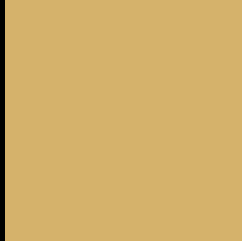
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

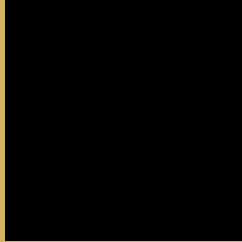
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610.

-14.6610.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610

Protanopia

179.6470, 33.8860, -19.4100

Deuteranopia

180.8280, 49.7940, -10.3500



Tritanopia

185.7310, 26.2230, 14.8550

Trichromacy



Original Color

180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610

Protanomaly

179.8540, 37.7370, -17.6150

Deuteranomaly

180.5180, 47.7310, -11.5090

Tritanomaly

183.5170, 32.2770, 4.2530

Monochromacy



Original Color

180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610

Achromatopsia

180.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

179.9230, 16.0940, -5.3300

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 178, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 178, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 178, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 178, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 178, 107) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 178, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 178, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 178, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 178, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 178,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 180.3710, 43.6510, -14.6610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 178, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
178, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor