

Converting Colors

YIQ(181.4010, -34.9820,
-4.7900)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(181.4010, -34.9820,
-4.7900)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 91C2D4 |
| RGB | 145, 194, 212 |
| RGB Percent | 57%, 76%, 83% |
| CMY | 0.4315, 0.2391, 0.1688 |
| CMYK | 0.32, 0.08, 0.00, 0.17 |
| HSL | 196°, 44%, 70% |
| HSV | 196°, 32%, 83% |
| XYZ | 42.8475, 49.3616, 69.5310 |
| YIQ | 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

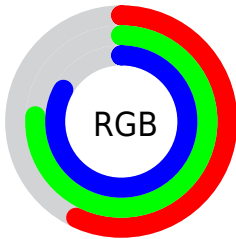
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 145, 173, 212 |
| Decimal | 9552596 |
| CIELab | 75.68, -11.77, -14.17 |
| CIELCh | 76, 18.419, 230.275 |
| Yxy | 49.3616, 0.2649, 0.3052 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287742676 (0xFF91C2D4) |
| YUV | 181.4010, 15.0853, -31.9237 |
| Hunter-Lab | 70.2578, -14.0910, -9.4962 |

Details

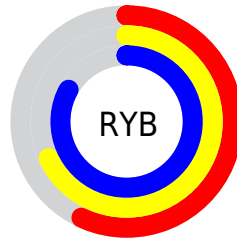
The YIQ color **181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **175.5990, 34.9820, 4.7900**, and the grayscale version is **181.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236.2070, -31.6800, -9.5680**, and **127.5860, -34.0650, -4.8890** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171.6000, -45.8480, -6.1040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **191.2020, -24.1160, -3.4760**.

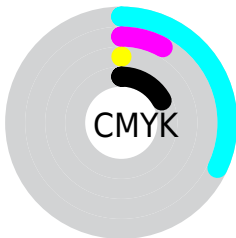
Distribution



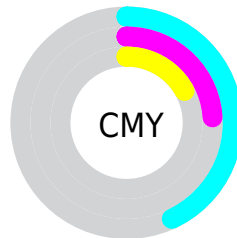
- Red (57%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 181.4010,
-34.9820, -4.7900

■ 181.4010,
-34.9820, -4.7900

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 154.2870,
-34.6610, -5.1010

■ 236.2070,
-31.6800, -9.5680

■ 127.5860,
-34.0650, -4.8890

■ 247.2260,
-15.4960, -5.5120

■ 102.1730,
-34.3400, -5.4120

■ 76.5750, -35.5320,
-5.8360

■ 50.7700, -40.5750,
-8.0550

■ 33.1410, -31.3140,
-5.1860

■ 18.8930, -18.7520,

-1.5680

■ 2.2970, -5.0900,
4.1420

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 181.4010,
-34.9820, -4.7900

■ 181.4010,
-34.9820, -4.7900

■ 171.6000,
-45.8480, -6.1040

■ 191.2020,
-24.1160, -3.4760

■ 162.3860,
-56.9890, -7.9410

■ 200.4160,
-12.9750, -1.6390

■ 152.2860,
-68.4510, -9.4670

■ 210.5160, -1.5130,
-0.1130

■ 142.4850,
-79.3170, -10.7810

■ 220.3170, 9.3530,
1.2010

■ 133.2710,
-90.4580, -12.6180

■ 229.5310, 20.4940,
3.0380

■ 123.4700,
-101.3240, -13.9320

■ 234.2490, 21.2280,
0.7480

■ 115.1530,
-110.6770, -15.1330

■ 237.7710, 19.5780,
-2.3900

■ 240.7060, 18.2030,
-5.0050

■ 244.2280, 16.5530,
-8.1430

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180.0820, -32.8260, -10.8260



181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900



184.6350, -26.5930, 2.8710

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900



189.6100, 19.2540, 14.5020



184.5260, 9.7220, -10.9980

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900



175.5990, 34.9820, 4.7900

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



186.1580, 22.7420, -4.6660



181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900



189.0530, 28.0120, 9.9640

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900



189.4820, 4.9950, 14.1070



188.0220, 29.2970, 3.1930



182.2190, -5.5910, -14.3190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900



186.5870, -17.4700, 8.2420



188.0220, 29.2970, 3.1930



185.2170, 15.0860, -9.0900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900



244.6010, -12.0580, -1.7380



186.3810, -24.2030, -29.4430



121.1670, -7.8400, -1.0880



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



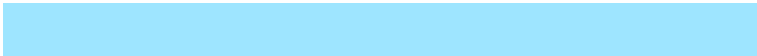
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900



210.7350, -50.6620, -6.9660



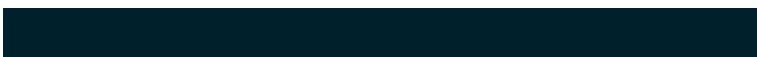
162.0300, -25.9070, 12.4690



101.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630



92.8690, -89.2660, -12.1940



23.6860, -22.6030, -3.3630

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170.6190, 24.2030, 29.4430



195.0970, 35.0210, 42.6450



194.9700, 25.9070, -12.4690



100.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200



65.3790, 61.7910, 75.1270



16.5050, 15.3560, 19.0680

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

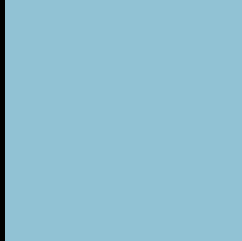
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

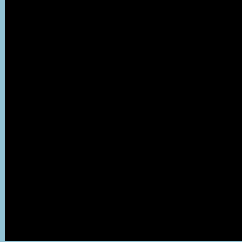
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900.

-4.7900.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900

Protanopia

186.7960, -7.9330, 6.1070

Deuteranopia

187.5670, -5.5500, 12.4820



Tritanopia

181.1730, -34.3400, -5.4120

Trichromacy



Original Color

181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900

Protanomaly

184.5990, -17.7440, 2.1920

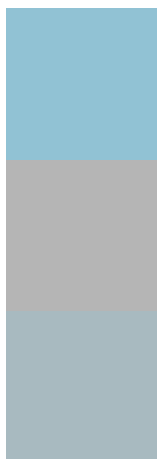
Deuteranomaly

185.6040, -16.1400, 6.1640

Tritanomaly

181.2870, -34.6610, -5.1010

Monochromacy



Original Color

181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900

Achromatopsia

181.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

181.3020, -12.6540, -1.9500

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 194, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 194, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 194, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 194, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 194, 212) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 194, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 194, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 194, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 194, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 194,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 181.4010, -34.9820, -4.7900 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 194, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
194, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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