

Converting Colors

YIQ(181.5230, -28.6130,
17.4590)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(181.5230, -28.6130,
17.4590)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5B2F3
RGB	165, 178, 243
RGB Percent	65%, 70%, 95%
CMY	0.3529, 0.3019, 0.0472
CMYK	0.32, 0.27, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	230°, 76%, 80%
HSV	230°, 32%, 95%
XYZ	47.6104, 46.3112, 91.1905
YIQ	181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

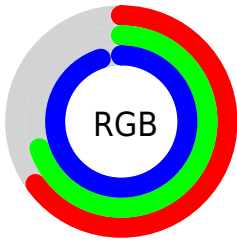
Format	Color
R _Y B	165, 176, 243
Decimal	10859251
CIE _{Lab}	73.75, 10.25, -33.78
CIE _{LCh}	74, 35.306, 286.880
Yxy	46.3112, 0.2572, 0.2502
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289049331 (0xFFA5B2F3)
YUV	181.5230, 30.3082, -14.4907
Hunter-Lab	68.0523, 5.7898, -31.8124

Details

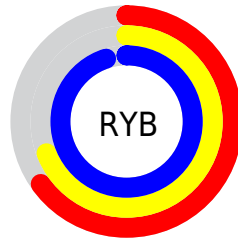
The YIQ color $181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $226.4770, 28.6130, -17.4590$, and the grayscale version is $181.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $232.8060, -13.8930, 3.9870$, and $128.4690, -28.5210, 15.7910$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $162.6070, -37.4170, 22.8310$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $200.4390, -19.8090, 12.0870$.

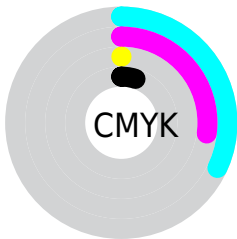
Distribution



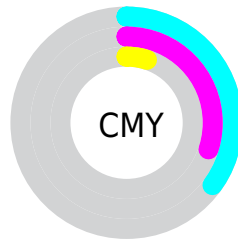
- Red (65%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 181.5230,
-28.6130, 17.4590

■ 181.5230,
-28.6130, 17.4590

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 154.2950,
-27.9710, 16.8370

■ 232.8060,
-13.8930, 3.9870

■ 128.4690,
-28.5210, 15.7910

■ 253.8040, -2.3840,
-0.8480

■ 102.5290,
-28.7500, 14.4340

■ 77.7030, -29.3000,
13.3880

■ 52.8660, -31.3170,
11.3950

■ 28.8330, -35.7180,
8.5540

■ 13.1830, -21.9640,

12.5960

■ 5.3920, -12.4270,
10.4610

■ 2.1830, -4.7690,
3.8310

■ 181.5230,
-28.6130, 17.4590

■ 181.5230,
-28.6130, 17.4590

■ 162.6070,
-37.4170, 22.8310

■ 200.4390,
-19.8090, 12.0870

■ 143.3920,
-46.8170, 27.9910

■ 219.6540,
-10.4090, 6.9270

■ 123.8890,
-55.3460, 33.8860

■ 239.1570, -1.8800,
1.0320

■ 104.9730,
-64.1500, 39.2580

■ 253.6320, 3.8520,
-3.7320

■ 86.0570, -72.9540,
44.6300

■ 66.8420, -82.3540,
49.7900

■ 51.7690, -89.2780,
54.1300

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172.8450, -62.3550, 1.2050



181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590



185.3980, 5.7720, 27.5640

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590



182.8200, 53.4130, 6.6690



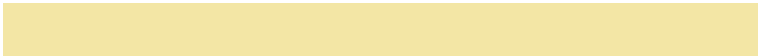
167.6270, -42.4510, -29.1310

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590



226.4770, 28.6130, -17.4590

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



173.0470, -8.5230, -27.2670



181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590



180.1740, 43.0080, -8.5120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590



184.1100, 50.2010, 20.8330



177.3620, 21.5070, -20.8370



161.6250, -74.5000, -26.5000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590



185.6900, 25.4410, 29.0330



177.3620, 21.5070, -20.8370



169.7870, -31.2180, -28.9620

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590



235.1980, -9.1250, 5.6830



218.0820, -41.9940, -20.8900



115.5850, -5.9610, 3.4070



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590



176.6780, -36.1790, 22.4210



181.3670, -10.1380, 29.5580



112.5420, -4.4020, 2.6860



39.4010, -68.2310, 41.6330



12.5960, -21.6890, 13.1190

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189.8040, 42.3150, 20.5790



187.4250, 53.8680, 25.9640



226.6330, 10.1380, -29.5580



113.8160, 6.5100, 3.1660



59.1480, 100.9050, 49.0730



18.7810, 31.9540, 15.6180

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

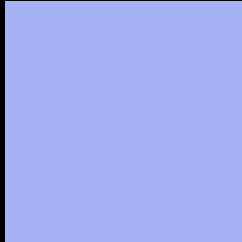
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

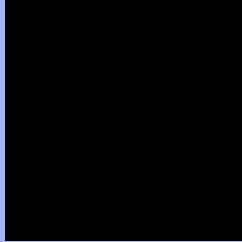
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 181.5230, -28.6130,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590

Protanopia

181.5120, -30.0800, 16.5120

Deuteranopia

181.2240, -29.2090, 17.2470



Tritanopia

178.7400, -22.6950, -1.6950

Trichromacy



Original Color

181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590

Protanomaly

181.8110, -29.4840, 16.7240

Deuteranomaly

181.2240, -29.2090, 17.2470

Tritanomaly

179.5860, -24.8970, 5.1750

Monochromacy



Original Color

181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590

Achromatopsia

182.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

182.1270, -10.3630, 6.0930

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 178, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 178, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 178, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 178, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

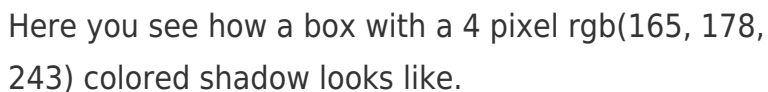
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 178, 243) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 178, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 178, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 178, 243); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 178, 243); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 178, 243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 181.5230, -28.6130, 17.4590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 178, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
178, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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