

# Converting Colors

YIQ(183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(183.1760, 32.6400,  
25.2160)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E69EBE
RGB	230, 158, 190
RGB Percent	90%, 62%, 75%
CMY	0.0978, 0.3805, 0.2548
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.17, 0.10
HSL	333°, 59%, 76%
HSV	333°, 31%, 90%
XYZ	54.1677, 44.9934, 54.5601
YIQ	183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

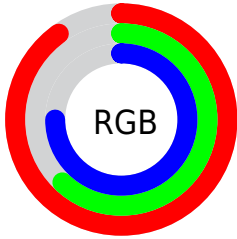
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 158, 190
Decimal	15113918
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	72.89, 31.41, -5.60
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	73, 31.904, 349.889
Yxy	44.9934, 0.3524, 0.2927
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293303998 (0xFFE69EBE)
YUV	183.1760, 3.3642, 41.0646
Hunter-Lab	67.0771, 26.7616, -1.2722

# Details

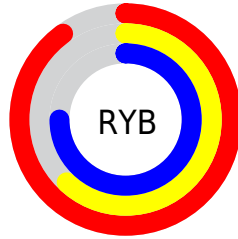
The YIQ color **183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **204.8240, -32.6400, -25.2160**, and the grayscale version is **183.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229.3200, 14.4390, 19.1670**, and **129.5670, 29.9810, 23.8450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168.1930, 43.1380, 33.2020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198.1590, 22.1420, 17.2300**.

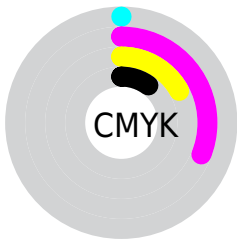
# Distribution



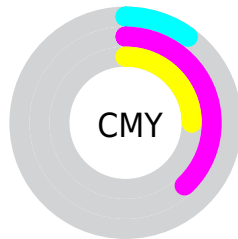
- Red (90%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 183.1760, 32.6400,  
25.2160

 183.1760, 32.6400,  
25.2160


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 155.5780, 31.4480,  
24.7920


 229.3200, 14.4390,  
19.1670


 129.5670, 29.9810,  
23.8450

 247.3690, 3.5750,  
6.7990

 103.8550, 29.1100,  
23.1100

 78.3710, 27.5970,  
22.9970

 53.8870, 26.0840,  
22.8840

 29.2290, 25.1210,  
23.8170

 16.2620, 20.3540,

16.5940

■ 0.5980, 1.1920,  
0.4240

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 183.1760, 32.6400,  
25.2160

■ 183.1760, 32.6400,  
25.2160

■ 168.1930, 43.1380,  
33.2020

■ 198.1590, 22.1420,  
17.2300

■ 153.2100, 53.6360,  
41.1880

■ 213.1420, 11.6440,  
9.2440

■ 138.3410, 63.8130,  
49.4850

■ 228.0110, 1.4670,  
0.9470

■ 123.3580, 74.3110,  
57.4710

■ 242.9940, -9.0310,  
-7.0390

■ 108.3750, 84.8090,  
65.4570

■ 247.4110,  
-14.5790, -5.6110

■ 93.3920, 95.3070,  
73.4430

■ 247.5250,  
-14.9000, -5.3000

■ 80.3980, 104.3380,  
80.4820

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183.1870, 7.7440, 24.8640



183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160



181.8490, 46.4420, 17.3700

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160



174.9640, 16.8760, -19.5080



165.0360, -70.7430, -11.9830

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160



204.8240, -32.6400, -25.2160

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



162.7510, -65.9270, -22.1750



183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160



171.1440, -10.1740, -24.8780

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160



178.2380, 36.9560, -8.9640



166.5180, -40.5260, -25.4700



173.1730, -51.5350, 3.3530



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160



180.4760, 48.6900, 9.6660



166.5180, -40.5260, -25.4700



162.9170, -72.0260, -16.2660

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160



240.0170, 10.4980, 7.9860



178.1680, 0.7280, 30.8720



118.2830, 6.6930, 5.3570



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160



191.9050, 44.0090, 33.9370



181.8760, 41.8120, 13.1720



107.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990



62.5270, 81.3250, 62.5170



17.8710, 23.0130, 17.9650



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160



191.9050, 44.0090, 33.9370



206.1240, -41.8120, -13.1720



107.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990



62.5270, 81.3250, 62.5170



17.8710, 23.0130, 17.9650



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

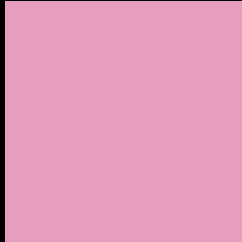
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

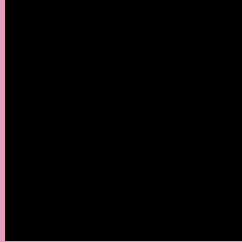
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 183.1760, 32.6400,

25.2160.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160

### Protanopia

180.1380, -8.8960, 7.0400

### Deuteranopia

181.1630, 7.1510, 8.0710



## Tritanopia

182.4010, 36.0800, 17.9360

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160

## Protanomaly

181.5530, 6.2330, 13.6970

## Deuteranomaly

181.6420, 16.2280, 14.2760

## Tritanomaly

182.7970, 35.0250, 20.5370

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160

## Achromatopsia

183.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

183.1420, 11.6440, 9.2440

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 158, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 158, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 158, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 158, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 158, 190) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 158, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 158, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 158, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 158, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 158,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 183.1760, 32.6400, 25.2160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 158, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
158, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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