

Converting Colors

YIQ(183.6890, 85.6530,
-37.9870)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870)
contains.

YIQ(183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(183.6890, 85.6530,
-37.9870)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2B918
RGB	242, 185, 24
RGB Percent	95%, 73%, 9%
CMY	0.0509, 0.2746, 0.9054
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.90, 0.05
HSL	44°, 89%, 52%
HSV	44°, 90%, 95%
XYZ	54.1310, 53.6330, 8.3698
YIQ	183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

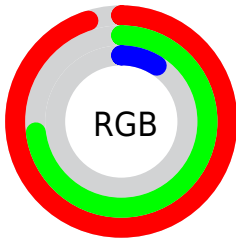
Format	Color
R_{YB}	101, 242, 24
Decimal	15907096
CIE _{Lab}	78.25, 8.21, 77.46
CIE _{LCh}	78, 77.891, 83.948
Yxy	53.6330, 0.4661, 0.4618
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294097176 (0xFFFF2B918)
YUV	183.6890, -78.7267, 51.1387
Hunter-Lab	73.2346, 3.7771, 44.4881

Details

The YIQ color **183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC33**. The color can be described as light washed orange. A complement of this color would be **82.3110, -85.6530, 37.9870**, and the grayscale version is **184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **228.0860, 56.4940, -43.6820**, and **131.6030, 71.5760, -30.6640** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **177.4310, 95.0070, -42.3130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **189.9470, 76.2990, -33.6610**.

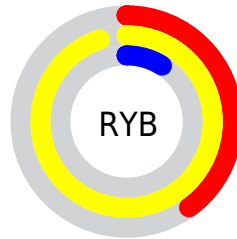
Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (73%)

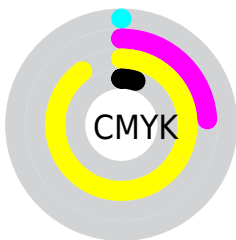
Blue (9%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (9%)

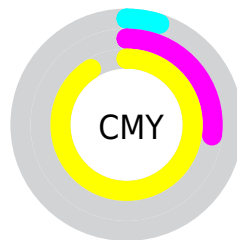


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

183.6890, 85.6530,
-37.9870

183.6890, 85.6530,
-37.9870

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

155.8350, 82.3060,
-37.9020

228.0860, 56.4940,
-43.6820

131.6030, 71.5760,
-30.6640

239.4960, 43.6560,
-42.2960

107.9580, 60.5710,
-23.9490

242.8020, 34.3470,
-33.2770

84.9000, 49.2910,
-17.7570

245.9940, 25.3590,
-24.5690

63.6140, 38.6530,
-12.1870

249.3000, 16.0500,
-15.5500

42.6270, 28.6110,
-6.4050

252.7200, 6.4200,

23.1130, 18.6150,

-6.2200

-1.4570

■ 0.5980, 1.1920,
0.4240

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 183.6890, 85.6530,
-37.9870

■ 183.6890, 85.6530,
-37.9870

■ 177.4310, 95.0070,
-42.3130

■ 189.9470, 76.2990,
-33.6610

■ 196.9060, 66.3490,
-29.5470

■ 203.1640, 56.9950,
-25.2210

■ 209.4220, 47.6410,
-20.8950

■ 216.2670, 38.0120,
-17.0920

■ 222.5250, 28.6580,
-12.7660

■ 228.8970, 18.9830,
-8.1290

■ 235.7420, 9.3540,
-4.3260

■ 242.0000, -0.0000,
0.0000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176.4810, 84.6840, -3.8920



183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870



177.9100, 33.0220, -58.8340

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870



161.7490, -142.6750, -40.9710



192.1910, 29.4250, 55.9610

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870



82.3110, -85.6530, 37.9870

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184.6520, -33.2900, 19.6220



183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870



158.7970, -142.6300, -36.2780

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870



153.3130, -118.9210, -63.9850



149.9920, -138.5050, -28.4330



173.0870, 50.1490, 54.8290

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870



170.9980, -17.1360, -63.9200



149.9920, -138.5050, -28.4330



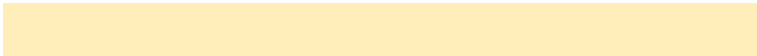
194.1630, 17.4600, 47.0280

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870



236.5680, 27.0990, -12.0450



95.7940, 111.3100, 64.2540



116.8690, 16.1860, -6.9980



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870



186.6010, 100.2800, -44.2640



201.8990, 39.5820, -78.6100



116.8710, 4.6770, -2.1630



134.8480, 72.2640, -32.1200



40.8110, 22.1010, -9.5710

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.3110, -85.6530, 37.9870



68.3990, -100.2800, 44.2640



64.1010, -39.5820, 78.6100



111.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630



49.1520, -72.2640, 32.1200



15.1890, -22.1010, 9.5710

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 183.6890, 85.6530,

-37.9870.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870

Protanopia

182.1380, 67.9110, -46.8490

Deuteranopia

184.1130, 87.3950, -36.5170



Tritanopia

197.1030, 42.9110, 20.7910

Trichromacy



Original Color

183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870

Protanomaly

182.9540, 74.4210, -43.6830

Deuteranomaly

183.8140, 86.7990, -36.7290

Tritanomaly

192.4150, 58.6870, -0.8090

Monochromacy



Original Color

183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870

Achromatopsia

184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

183.6670, 31.1340, -13.5860

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 185, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 185, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 185, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 185, 24) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 185, 24) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 185, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 185, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 185, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 185, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 185,  
24) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 183.6890, 85.6530, -37.9870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 185, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
185, 24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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