

# Converting Colors

YIQ(184.0670, 15.0880,  
-20.1440)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(184.0670, 15.0880,  
-20.1440)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAC185
RGB	186, 193, 133
RGB Percent	73%, 76%, 52%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2431, 0.4783
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.31, 0.24
HSL	67°, 33%, 64%
HSV	67°, 31%, 76%
XYZ	43.5524, 50.2727, 29.6083
YIQ	184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

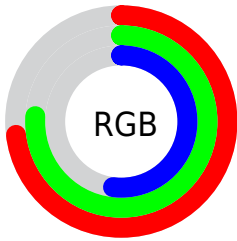
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	133, 193, 140
Decimal	12239237
CIELab	76.24, -12.10, 29.46
CIElCh	76, 31.843, 112.327
Yxy	50.2727, 0.3528, 0.4073
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290429317 (0xFFBAC185)
YUV	184.0670, -25.1760, 1.6952
Hunter-Lab	70.9033, -14.4368, 24.8736

# Details

The YIQ color **184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **141.9330, -15.0880, 20.1440**, and the grayscale version is **184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240.1380, 16.3260, -20.5540**, and **131.1100, 13.5290, -19.4230** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181.3030, 19.9950, -26.4770**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186.8310, 10.1810, -13.8110**.

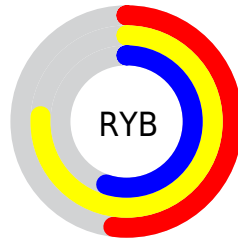
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (76%)

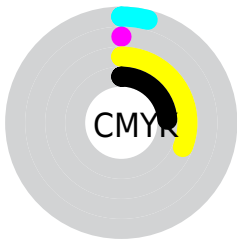
Blue (52%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (55%)

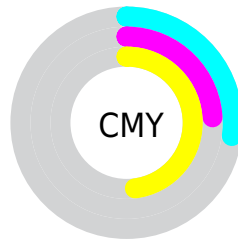


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 184.0670, 15.0880,  
-20.1440

■ 184.0670, 15.0880,  
-20.1440

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 157.1810, 14.7670,  
-19.8330

■ 240.1380, 16.3260,  
-20.5540

■ 131.1100, 13.5290,  
-19.4230

■ 250.4400, 12.8400,  
-12.4400

■ 105.3380, 12.8870,  
-18.8010

■ 253.6320, 3.8520,  
-3.7320

■ 81.1530, 11.9700,  
-18.7020

■ 57.2670, 11.6490,  
-18.3910

■ 36.5920, 9.3560,  
-15.3800

■ 15.8710, -4.4910,

-12.2270

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 184.0670, 15.0880,  
-20.1440

■ 184.0670, 15.0880,  
-20.1440

■ 181.3030, 19.9950,  
-26.4770

■ 186.8310, 10.1810,  
-13.8110

■ 178.1260, 24.6270,  
-33.3330

■ 190.0080, 5.5490,  
-6.9550

■ 175.3620, 29.5340,  
-39.6660

■ 192.7720, 0.6420,  
-0.6220

■ 172.5980, 34.4410,  
-45.9990

■ 195.5360, -4.2650,  
5.7110

■ 169.8340, 39.3480,  
-52.3320

■ 198.4140, -9.4930,  
12.3550

■ 166.6570, 43.9800,  
-59.1880

■ 201.4770,  
-13.8040, 18.9000

■ 164.1210, 48.2450,  
-64.8990

■ 202.7590,  
-14.5380, 21.1900

■ 203.3570,  
-13.3460, 21.6140

■ 203.9550,  
-12.1540, 22.0380

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187.4120, 36.4060, -10.0100



184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440



180.0620, -12.8790, -25.4150

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440



174.8730, -68.7260, -9.9900



192.5460, 34.4740, 25.0180

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440



141.9330, -15.0880, 20.1440

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.2690, 10.4490, 25.4010



184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440



182.8960, -49.1970, 5.0350

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440



172.2780, -65.9730, -21.3410



189.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370



190.9200, 47.6800, 16.9600



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440



177.2970, -32.5940, -26.0500



189.4270, -19.5350, 18.1370



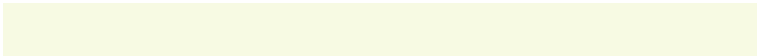
192.4790, 27.4130, 26.3330

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440



246.4810, 5.5950, -7.7890



155.0490, 33.8350, 9.0590



122.8060, 3.3020, -4.7780



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440



236.1090, 23.2970, -31.2550



175.0970, -2.7920, -26.5040



95.5610, 2.6140, -3.3220



136.9650, 40.3570, -54.0990



28.0420, 8.2090, -11.1110



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



141.9330, -15.0880, 20.1440



170.8910, -23.2970, 31.2550



150.9030, 2.7920, 26.5040



88.4390, -2.6140, 3.3220



24.0350, -40.3570, 54.0990



4.9580, -8.2090, 11.1110



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

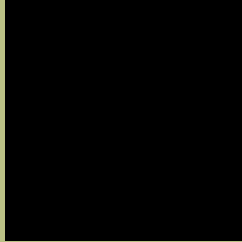
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

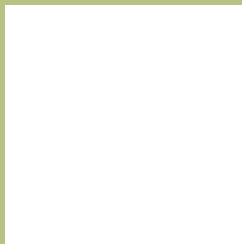
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440.

-20.1440.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440

### Protanopia

185.9870, 27.2370, -14.5470

### Deuteranopia

187.8410, 39.7520, -4.5680



## Tritanopia

189.2870, 0.8700, 6.2620

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440

## Protanomaly

185.4810, 22.7900, -16.5540

## Deuteranomaly

186.7750, 30.9500, -10.2500

## Tritanomaly

187.4150, 5.9610, -3.4070

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440

## Achromatopsia

184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

183.8940, 5.8700, -7.2660

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 193, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 193, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 193, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 193, 133) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 193, 133) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 193, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 193, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 193, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 193, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 193,  
133) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 184.0670, 15.0880, -20.1440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 193, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
193, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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