

Converting Colors

YIQ(184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(184.2060, -2.4350,
27.6210)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7A7EA
RGB	199, 167, 234
RGB Percent	78%, 65%, 92%
CMY	0.2195, 0.3451, 0.0824
CMYK	0.15, 0.29, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	269°, 61%, 79%
HSV	269°, 29%, 92%
XYZ	52.2265, 45.7184, 83.9020
YIQ	184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

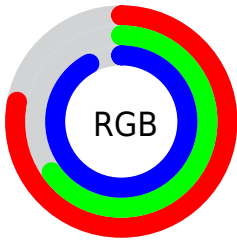
Format	Color
R _Y B	199, 167, 234
Decimal	13084650
CIE Lab	73.36, 24.35, -29.29
CIE LCh	73, 38.085, 309.741
Yxy	45.7184, 0.2872, 0.2514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291274730 (0xFFC7A7EA)
YUV	184.2060, 24.5484, 12.9743
Hunter-Lab	67.6154, 19.5474, -26.2405

Details

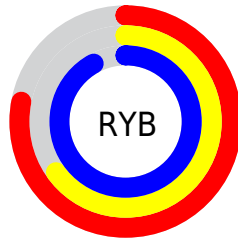
The YIQ color $184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC99CC$. A complement of this color would be $216.7940, 2.4350, -27.6210$, and the grayscale version is $184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $235.6290, 9.0750, 17.2590$, and $130.8530, -2.9390, 25.7410$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $167.1170, -3.2620, 37.1060$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $201.2950, -1.6080, 18.1360$.

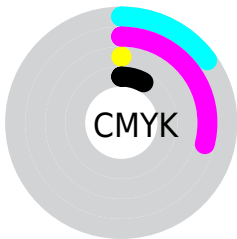
Distribution



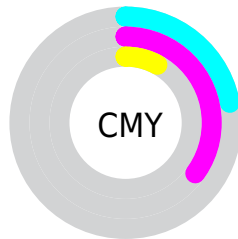
- Red (78%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

184.2060, -2.4350,
27.6210

184.2060, -2.4350,
27.6210

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

156.7930, -2.7100,
27.0980

235.6290, 9.0750,
17.2590

130.8530, -2.9390,
25.7410

252.6520, 1.1000,
2.0920

105.3260, -2.8930,
24.9070

80.7990, -2.8470,
24.0730

56.9730, -3.3970,
23.0270

34.7340, -4.2220,
21.4580

12.9190, -3.3050,

21.3590

■ 4.7080, -10.5010,
8.5950

■ 0.1140, -0.3210,
0.3110

■ 184.2060, -2.4350,
27.6210

■ 184.2060, -2.4350,
27.6210

■ 167.1170, -3.2620,
37.1060

■ 201.2950, -1.6080,
18.1360

■ 149.4410, -3.8140,
47.1140

■ 218.9710, -1.0560,
8.1280

■ 132.0530, -5.2370,
56.3870

■ 236.3590, 0.3670,
-1.1450

■ 114.3770, -5.7890,
66.3950

■ 250.5130, 2.5690,
-8.0150

■ 97.2880, -6.6160,
75.8800

■ 252.6060, 6.7410,
-6.5310

■ 80.1990, -7.4430,
85.3650

■ 62.5230, -7.9950,
95.3730

■ 60.1640, -8.3620,
96.5180

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178.5970, -40.6250, 14.8870



184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210



184.6090, 30.1630, 31.5630

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210



179.8760, 49.8390, -5.6570



157.7230, -77.8920, -31.1080

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210



216.7940, 2.4350, -27.6210

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166.4980, -37.7740, -31.2940



184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210



176.7820, 29.0720, -20.2720

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210



181.9070, 57.7220, 11.1780



172.4130, -0.8660, -28.3700



153.4340, -101.6430, -24.6750

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210



183.8140, 45.5230, 28.5230



172.4130, -0.8660, -28.3700



161.1390, -64.5040, -31.4480

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210



237.9110, -0.8270, 9.4850



195.7700, -31.4070, 2.0090



116.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210



190.4760, -2.8950, 35.9610



194.0730, 17.2330, 34.6170



108.7490, -0.5510, 4.4810



46.6470, -6.2490, 74.7350



13.9300, -1.8380, 22.3060

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



191.0230, 28.6970, 25.0890



199.2570, 37.0860, 32.7500



206.9270, -17.2330, -34.6170



109.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980



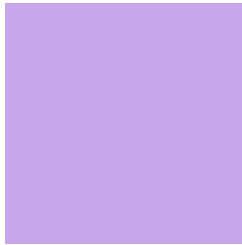
64.8350, 77.7020, 67.6060



19.3380, 23.1960, 20.1560

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

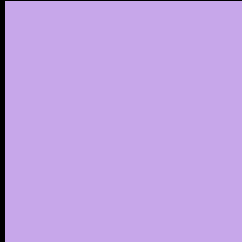
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 184.2060, -2.4350,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210

Protanopia

180.5120, -30.0800, 16.5120

Deuteranopia

181.1770, -21.8270, 15.6210



Tritanopia

182.2660, 5.3630, 7.4350

Trichromacy



Original Color

184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210

Protanomaly

181.7090, -20.2690, 20.4270

Deuteranomaly

182.2320, -14.4920, 20.3560

Tritanomaly

183.2260, 2.8400, 14.6160

Monochromacy



Original Color

184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210

Achromatopsia

184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

184.0250, -1.1480, 9.7960

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 167, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 167, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 167, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 167, 234) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 167, 234) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 167, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 167, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 167, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 167, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 167,  
234) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 184.2060, -2.4350, 27.6210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 167, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
167, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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