

Converting Colors

YIQ(184.2170, -109.8430,
-63.3070)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(184.2170, -109.8430,
-63.3070)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	28FFC6
RGB	40, 255, 198
RGB Percent	16%, 100%, 78%
CMY	0.8436, 0.0000, 0.2239
CMYK	0.84, 0.00, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	164°, 100%, 58%
HSV	164°, 84%, 100%
XYZ	46.8112, 76.0409, 65.5758
YIQ	184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

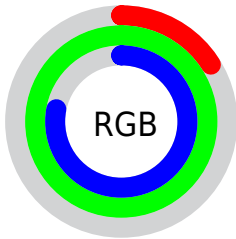
Format	Color
RYB	40, 164, 255
Decimal	2686918
CIELab	89.88, -61.51, 13.65
CIELCh	90, 63.011, 167.488
Yxy	76.0409, 0.2484, 0.4036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280876998 (0xFF28FFC6)
YUV	184.2170, 6.7950, -126.4783
Hunter-Lab	87.2015, -56.7808, 16.4547

Details

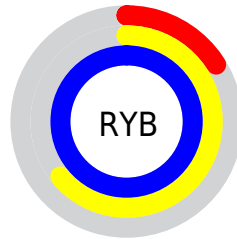
The YIQ color **184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **110.7830, 109.8430, 63.3070**, and the grayscale version is **184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216.4290, -76.8840, -27.3480**, and **132.0550, -100.3990, -58.2470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **175.6450, -123.0920, -70.9960**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192.4900, -97.1900, -55.8300**.

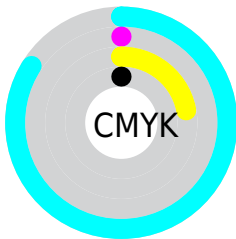
Distribution



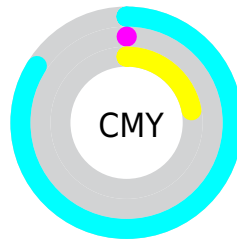
- Red (16%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 184.2170,
-109.8430, -63.3070

■ 184.2170,
-109.8430, -63.3070

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 152.1560,
-117.0410, -65.0170

■ 216.4290,
-76.8840, -27.3480

■ 132.0550,
-100.3990, -58.2470

■ 226.5950,
-56.6200, -20.1400

■ 112.6550,
-84.3530, -51.6890

■ 236.1630,
-37.5480, -13.3560

■ 93.4830, -68.9490,
-44.5090

■ 245.7310,
-18.4760, -6.5720

■ 75.4850, -54.0950,
-38.3750

■ 57.6010, -39.5620,
-31.9300

■ 39.9450, -25.6710,

-24.8630

■ 23.5940, -11.3210,
-20.6090

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 184.2170,
-109.8430, -63.3070

■ 184.2170,
-109.8430, -63.3070

■ 175.6450,
-123.0920, -70.9960

■ 192.4900,
-97.1900, -55.8300

■ 171.0030,
-130.1520, -75.2080

■ 200.9480,
-83.6200, -48.4520

■ 209.2210,
-70.9670, -40.9750

■ 217.7930,
-57.7180, -33.2860

■ 226.0660,
-45.0650, -25.8090

■ 234.6380,
-31.8160, -18.1200

■ 242.7970,
-18.8420, -10.9540

■ 251.3690, -5.5930,
-3.2650

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



208.4190, -19.3390, -51.5230



184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070



178.7550, -151.9800, -54.0600

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070



214.7210, -29.7110, 4.3130



204.7950, 54.5610, -3.1270

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070



110.7830, 109.8430, 63.3070

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



201.5590, 41.6270, 22.0350



184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070



220.3670, 16.2250, 30.8570

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070



169.9500, -147.8550, -46.2150



209.6870, 21.4960, 39.9600



213.9470, 59.1040, -24.8960

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070



178.1680, -151.7050, -53.5370



209.6870, 21.4960, 39.9600



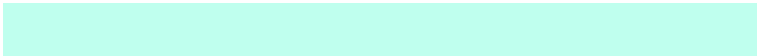
202.6240, 51.0290, 5.8210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070



233.9260, -32.6870, -18.8550



183.2480, -25.1530, -100.3610



115.0850, -19.7130, -11.6890



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070



171.0030, -130.1520, -75.2080



161.3650, -114.3900, -19.4300



123.6570, -6.4640, -4.0000



128.0770, -97.4650, -56.3530



42.9260, -32.6870, -18.8550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.7830, 109.8430, 63.3070



83.9970, 130.1520, 75.2080



133.6350, 114.3900, 19.4300



119.2290, 6.7850, 3.6890



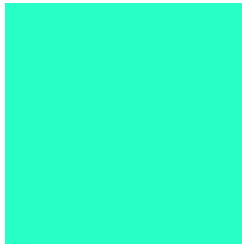
62.9230, 97.4650, 56.3530



21.0740, 32.6870, 18.8550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

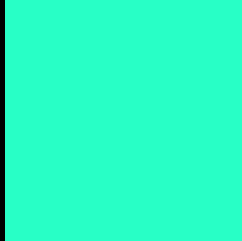
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

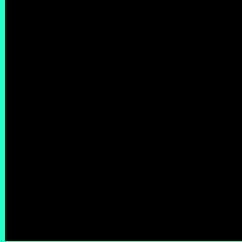
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070.



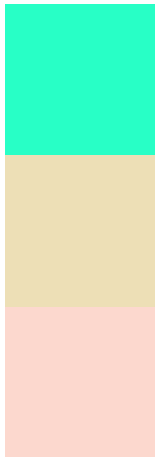
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070.

-63.3070.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070

Protanopia

222.5120, 21.5050, -9.7830

Deuteranopia

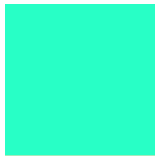
225.6240, 24.6660, 4.5220



Tritanopia

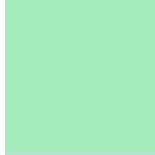
212.4080, -63.2230, -16.1110

Trichromacy



Original Color

184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070



Protanomaly

208.7120, -26.6330, -29.4570



Deuteranomaly

210.4770, -24.1130, -20.0570



Tritanomaly

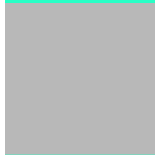
201.8860, -79.9090, -33.1010

Monochromacy



Original Color

184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070



Achromatopsia

184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



Achromatomaly

184.2840, -39.7470, -23.0670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 255, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 255, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 255, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 255, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 255, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 255, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 255, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 255, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 255, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 255,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 184.2170, -109.8430, -63.3070 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 255, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 255,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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