

Converting Colors

YIQ(184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(184.4690, -37.6890,
5.7270)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98BFEC
RGB	152, 191, 236
RGB Percent	60%, 75%, 93%
CMY	0.4040, 0.2509, 0.0747
CMYK	0.36, 0.19, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	212°, 69%, 76%
HSV	212°, 36%, 93%
XYZ	46.7137, 49.9960, 86.5092
YIQ	184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

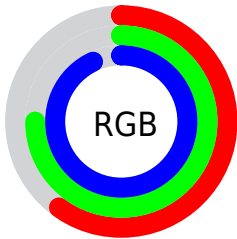
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 179, 236
Decimal	10010604
CIE _{Lab}	76.07, -2.26, -26.50
CIE _{LCh}	76, 26.598, 265.133
Yxy	49.9960, 0.2550, 0.2729
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288200684 (0xFF98BFEC)
YUV	184.4690, 25.4048, -28.4753
Hunter-Lab	70.7079, -5.8113, -23.0442

Details

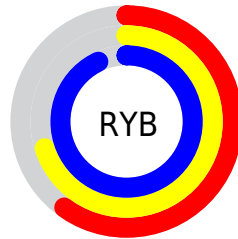
The YIQ color **184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **203.5310, 37.6890, -5.7270**, and the grayscale version is **184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236.2510, -25.8120, -5.7800**, and **130.8280, -37.3220, 4.5820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169.6620, -48.4180, 7.4380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199.2760, -26.9600, 4.0160**.

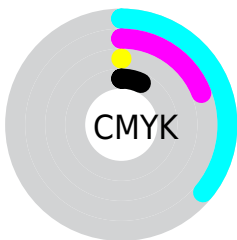
Distribution



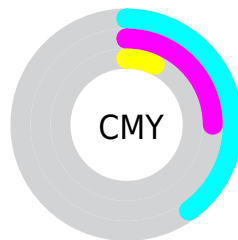
- Red (60%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 184.4690,
-37.6890, 5.7270

■ 184.4690,
-37.6890, 5.7270

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 157.3550,
-37.3680, 5.4160

■ 236.2510,
-25.8120, -5.7800

■ 130.8280,
-37.3220, 4.5820

■ 249.6180,
-10.7280, -3.8160

■ 104.4150,
-37.5970, 4.0590

■ 78.9910, -39.3390,
2.5890

■ 51.8760, -46.4450,
-0.7890

■ 34.1330, -36.8630,
1.7690

■ 19.7710, -23.9800,

5.0760

■ 4.9360, -11.1430,
9.2170

■ 0.6840, -1.9260,
1.8660

■ 184.4690,
-37.6890, 5.7270

■ 184.4690,
-37.6890, 5.7270

■ 169.6620,
-48.4180, 7.4380

■ 199.2760,
-26.9600, 4.0160

■ 155.7410,
-58.8260, 8.8380

■ 213.1970,
-16.5520, 2.6160

■ 140.9340,
-69.5550, 10.5490

■ 228.0040, -5.8230,
0.9050

■ 127.0130,
-79.9630, 11.9490

■ 242.5120, 4.3100,
-1.0180

■ 112.2060,
-90.6920, 13.6600

■ 252.2470, 6.3740,
-5.3860

■ 97.3990,
-101.4210, 15.3710

■ 252.8340, 6.0990,
-5.9090

■ 91.4740,
-106.0060, 15.8660

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179.1800, -53.4130, -6.6690



184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270



189.4830, -13.9410, 15.8750

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270



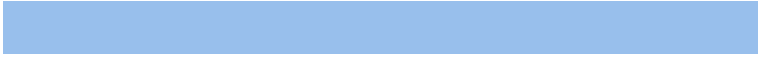
190.6910, 40.8950, 13.2710



180.9960, -12.5130, -21.0330

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270



203.5310, 37.6890, -5.7270

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184.0220, 10.9610, -16.9350



184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270



189.2420, 40.3010, 2.0050

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270



191.4590, 30.1650, 20.5090



186.9320, 29.0700, -9.2180



177.7190, -36.5380, -20.6500

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270



191.1000, 3.4350, 20.3550



186.9320, 29.0700, -9.2180



182.3020, -4.6270, -20.7790

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270



237.8230, -12.5630, 1.9090



206.4380, -37.5450, -29.9370



117.6340, -7.6570, 1.1030



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



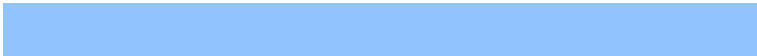
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270



187.4770, -49.3350, 7.5370



162.4730, -25.1760, 26.7600



110.1890, -4.9060, 0.8060



69.9420, -81.2010, 12.3590



20.8310, -24.2090, 3.7190

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181.5620, 37.5450, 29.9370



183.7040, 49.1890, 39.1810



225.5270, 25.1760, -26.7600



109.8590, 4.9510, 3.8870



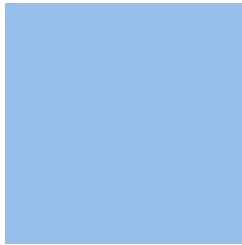
63.6950, 80.9120, 64.4960



18.9960, 24.1590, 19.2230

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

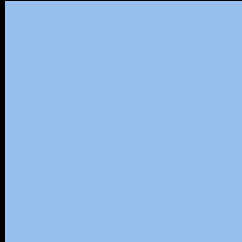
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

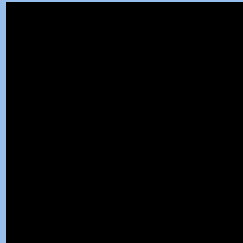
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

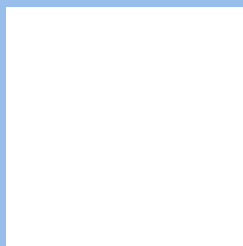
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 184.4690, -37.6890,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270

Protanopia

187.6670, -20.4510, 12.7090

Deuteranopia

188.6610, -20.3140, 15.7340



Tritanopia

182.1730, -34.3400, -5.4120

Trichromacy



Original Color

184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270

Protanomaly

186.2640, -26.6860, 10.0660

Deuteranomaly

187.3180, -26.7780, 11.7340

Tritanomaly

183.2100, -35.7620, -1.6660

Monochromacy



Original Color

184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270

Achromatopsia

184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

184.3390, -14.0760, 1.7960

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 191, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 191, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 191, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 191, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 191, 236) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 191, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 191, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 191, 236); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 191, 236); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 191, 236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 184.4690, -37.6890, 5.7270 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 191, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
191, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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