

Converting Colors

YIQ(184.5630, -18.0630,
-8.5510)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(184.5630, -18.0630,
-8.5510)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2C3BE
RGB	162, 195, 190
RGB Percent	64%, 76%, 75%
CMY	0.3648, 0.2352, 0.2550
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.03, 0.24
HSL	171°, 22%, 70%
HSV	171°, 17%, 76%
XYZ	43.7066, 50.4326, 56.1362
YIQ	184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

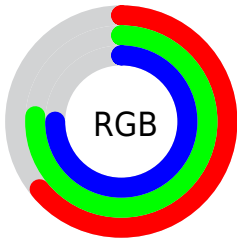
Format	Color
RYB	162, 180, 195
Decimal	10666942
CIELab	76.33, -12.06, -1.17
CIELCh	76, 12.120, 185.558
Yxy	50.4326, 0.2908, 0.3356
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288857022 (0xFFA2C3BE)
YUV	184.5630, 2.6804, -19.7878
Hunter-Lab	71.0159, -14.4202, 2.8440

Details

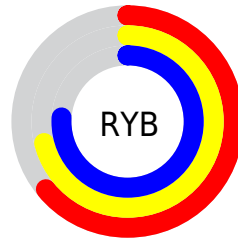
The YIQ color **184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **172.4370, 18.0630, 8.5510**, and the grayscale version is **185.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **240.8510, -18.9340, -9.2860**, and **131.2750, -17.1920, -7.8160** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **178.2410, -29.0200, -13.7240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190.5860, -7.7020, -3.5900**.

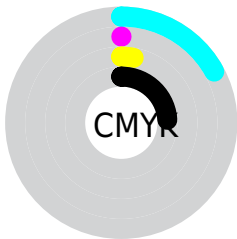
Distribution



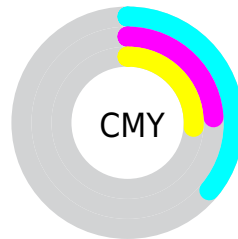
- Red (64%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 184.5630,
-18.0630, -8.5510

■ 184.5630,
-18.0630, -8.5510

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 157.5630,
-18.0630, -8.5510

■ 240.8510,
-18.9340, -9.2860

■ 131.2750,
-17.1920, -7.8160

■ 252.3090, -5.3640,
-1.9080

■ 106.1610,
-16.8710, -8.1270

■ 81.5740, -16.5960,
-7.6040

■ 58.5740, -16.5960,
-7.6040

■ 35.9870, -16.3210,
-7.0810

■ 17.0690, -13.6160,

-6.5440

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 184.5630,
-18.0630, -8.5510

■ 184.5630,
-18.0630, -8.5510

■ 178.2410,
-29.0200, -13.7240

■ 190.5860, -7.7020,
-3.5900

■ 172.2180,
-39.3810, -18.6850

■ 196.9080, 3.2550,
1.5830

■ 165.8960,
-50.3380, -23.8580

■ 202.9310, 13.6160,
6.5440

■ 159.8730,
-60.6990, -28.8190

■ 209.2530, 24.5730,
11.7170

■ 153.5510,
-71.6560, -33.9920

■ 214.0800, 32.5500,
15.8300

■ 147.5280,
-82.0170, -38.9530

■ 214.4220, 31.5870,
16.7630

■ 141.2060,
-92.9740, -44.1260

■ 214.7640, 30.6240,
17.6960

■ 135.1830,
-103.3350, -49.0870

■ 215.1060, 29.6610,
18.6290

■ 133.2750,
-106.5900, -50.6700

■ 215.4480, 28.6980,
19.5620

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185.1140, -9.4890, -9.7530



184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510



184.6320, -22.5110, -5.0310

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510



189.7860, -1.9730, 8.2270



188.7540, 18.2480, -0.3120

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510



172.4370, 18.0630, 8.5510

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190.2860, 19.8060, 4.4940



184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510



190.7010, 8.5720, 9.8520

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510



187.8170, -12.4260, 4.9340



190.9530, 16.5500, 8.4380



187.5850, 11.2340, -5.3580

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510



185.8110, -21.4570, -2.1050



190.9530, 16.5500, 8.4380



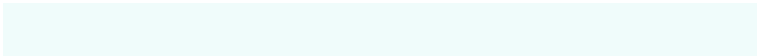
189.2920, 19.6690, 1.4690

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510



248.2980, -6.8310, -2.8550



182.8660, -6.0950, -16.1990



125.3800, -4.1260, -2.3180



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510



236.2520, -27.5530, -12.7770



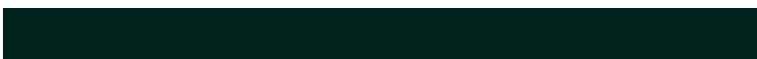
178.6760, -16.6430, -1.2430



93.7820, -5.3180, -2.7420



110.0110, -87.9310, -41.9070



22.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172.4370, 18.0630, 8.5510



217.8620, 27.2320, 13.0880



178.3240, 16.6430, 1.2430



90.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420



50.8750, 88.2520, 41.5960



10.4370, 18.0630, 8.5510

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

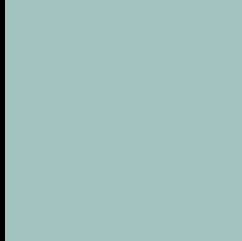
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

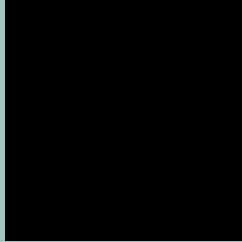
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

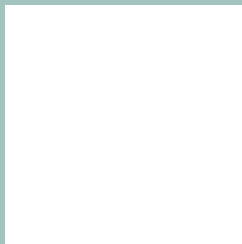
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510.

-8.5510.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510

Protanopia

188.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380

Deuteranopia

189.8320, 9.5810, 8.0850



Tritanopia

185.7510, -21.2280, -0.7480

Trichromacy



Original Color

184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510

Protanomaly

186.9670, -4.4010, -2.8410

Deuteranomaly

188.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790

Tritanomaly

185.2410, -19.8520, -3.6600

Monochromacy



Original Color

184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510

Achromatopsia

185.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

185.1840, -6.5100, -3.1660

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 195, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 195, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 195, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 195, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 195, 190) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 195, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 195, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 195, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 195, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 195,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 184.5630, -18.0630, -8.5510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 195, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
195, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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