

Converting Colors

YIQ(185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200)
contains.

YIQ(185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(185.0690, -4.4480,
3.5200)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7B8C4
RGB	183, 184, 196
RGB Percent	72%, 72%, 77%
CMY	0.2823, 0.2784, 0.2314
CMYK	0.07, 0.06, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	235°, 10%, 74%
HSV	235°, 7%, 77%
XYZ	46.6324, 48.3338, 59.0920
YIQ	185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

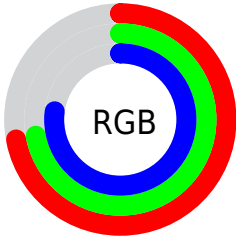
Format	Color
R_{YB}	183, 184, 196
Decimal	12040388
CIE _{Lab}	75.03, 1.96, -6.18
CIE _{LCh}	75, 6.484, 287.611
Yxy	48.3338, 0.3027, 0.3137
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290230468 (0xFFB7B8C4)
YUV	185.0690, 5.3890, -1.8145
Hunter-Lab	69.5225, -1.9352, -1.7289

Details

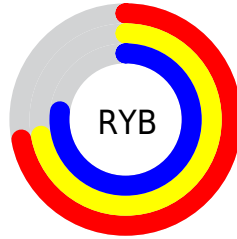
The YIQ color $185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $193.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200$, and the grayscale version is $185.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $241.1830, -4.7690, 3.8310$, and $131.9550, -4.1270, 3.2090$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $168.5230, -11.4180, 8.6940$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $201.6150, 2.5220, -1.6540$.

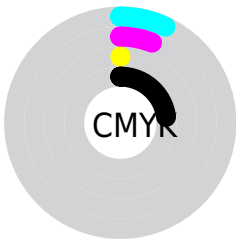
Distribution



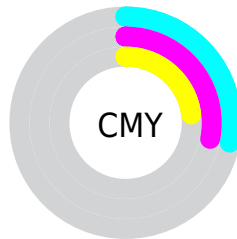
- Red (72%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 185.0690, -4.4480,
3.5200

■ 185.0690, -4.4480,
3.5200

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 158.0690, -4.4480,
3.5200

■ 241.1830, -4.7690,
3.8310

■ 131.9550, -4.1270,
3.2090

■ 106.9550, -4.1270,
3.2090

■ 82.8410, -3.8060,
2.8980

■ 59.8410, -3.8060,
2.8980

■ 37.7270, -3.4850,
2.5870

■ 16.8410, -3.8060,

2.8980

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 185.0690, -4.4480,
3.5200

■ 185.0690, -4.4480,
3.5200

■ 168.5230,
-11.4180, 8.6940

■ 201.6150, 2.5220,
-1.6540

■ 152.2760,
-17.7920, 14.0800

■ 217.8620, 8.8960,
-7.0400

■ 135.7300,
-24.7620, 19.2540

■ 234.4080, 15.8660,
-12.2140

■ 119.4830,
-31.1360, 24.6400

■ 248.2740, 18.9390,
-18.3490

■ 102.9370,
-38.1060, 29.8140

■ 85.8040, -44.8010,
35.5110

■ 69.5570, -51.1750,
40.8970

■ 53.0110, -58.1450,
46.0710

■ 36.7640, -64.5190,
51.4570

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184.1500, -9.1700, 0.9900



185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



185.6460, 1.2370, 5.1170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



185.8010, 10.8660, 1.3140



182.8310, -7.0140, -5.0460

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



193.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183.4680, -1.5580, -4.8060



185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



184.5510, 8.5740, -1.2020

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



186.0830, 10.1320, 3.6040



183.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200



182.6180, -10.7280, -3.8160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



185.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



183.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200



183.2010, -5.1800, -5.2440

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



250.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550



191.9990, -7.4270, -3.0670



125.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200



237.8670, -6.6950, 5.6970



185.9770, -1.1930, 5.1030



88.7270, -3.4850, 2.5870



25.3980, -54.9810, 43.7950



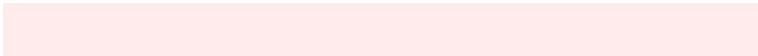
5.5230, -11.4180, 8.6940

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187.0010, 7.4270, 3.0670



241.0940, 11.5990, 4.5510



193.0230, 1.1930, -5.1030



90.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310



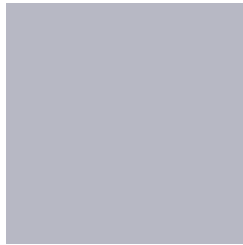
49.5070, 92.1040, 37.8640



10.2090, 18.7050, 7.9290

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

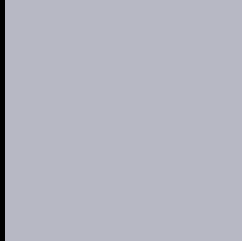
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

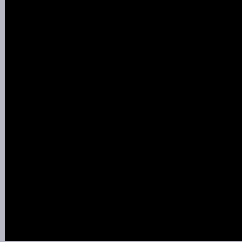
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

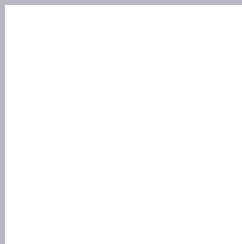
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200.



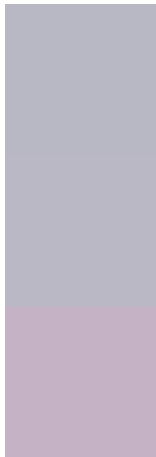
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 185.0690, -4.4480,

3.5200.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

Protanopia

185.6670, -3.2560, 3.9440

Deuteranopia

186.4340, 4.9500, 9.4140



Tritanopia

185.2970, -5.0900, 4.1420

Trichromacy



Original Color

185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

Protanomaly

185.3680, -3.8520, 3.7320

Deuteranomaly

186.1130, 1.4200, 7.3080

Tritanomaly

185.1830, -4.7690, 3.8310

Monochromacy



Original Color

185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

Achromatopsia

185.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

185.1570, -1.8800, 1.0320

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 184, 196)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 184, 196)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 184, 196) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 184, 196) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 184, 196) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 184, 196) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 184, 196)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 184, 196); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 184, 196);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 184,  
196) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 185.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 184, 196) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
184, 196) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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