

# Converting Colors

YIQ(185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(185.5600, 13.5230,  
13.7390)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CFADC2
RGB	207, 173, 194
RGB Percent	81%, 68%, 76%
CMY	0.1881, 0.3216, 0.2392
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.06, 0.19
HSL	323°, 26%, 75%
HSV	323°, 16%, 81%
XYZ	50.4183, 47.0460, 57.4680
YIQ	185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

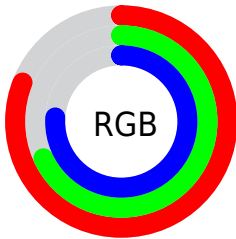
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	207, 173, 194
Decimal	13610434
CIE Lab	74.22, 15.87, -6.08
CIE LCh	74, 16.998, 339.047
Yxy	47.0460, 0.3254, 0.3037
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291800514 (0xFFCFADC2)
YUV	185.5600, 4.1609, 18.8029
Hunter-Lab	68.5901, 11.1769, -1.6629

# Details

The YIQ color **185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **194.4400, -13.5230, -13.7390**, and the grayscale version is **186.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **239.1680, 8.7550, 12.0430**, and **132.4350, 12.3770, 12.4810** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172.3210, 21.8660, 22.2340**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440**.

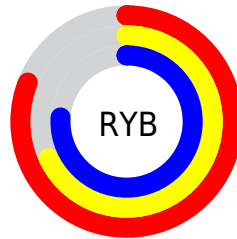
# Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (68%)

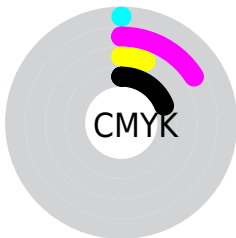
Blue (76%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (76%)

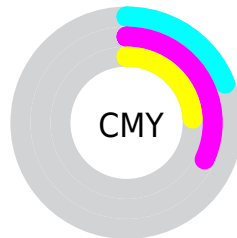


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 185.5600, 13.5230,  
13.7390

■ 185.5600, 13.5230,  
13.7390

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 158.2610, 12.9270,  
13.5270

■ 239.1680, 8.7550,  
12.0430

■ 132.4350, 12.3770,  
12.4810

■ 107.1360, 11.7810,  
12.2690

■ 82.7230, 11.5060,  
11.7460

■ 59.4240, 10.9100,  
11.5340

■ 37.7120, 10.0390,  
10.7990

■ 14.9510, 10.8640,

12.3680

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

185.5600, 13.5230,  
13.7390

185.5600, 13.5230,  
13.7390

172.3210, 21.8660,  
22.2340

198.7990, 5.1800,  
5.2440

159.6690, 29.9340,  
30.2060

211.4510, -2.8880,  
-2.7280

146.4300, 38.2770,  
38.7010

224.6900,  
-11.2310, -11.2230

133.1910, 46.6200,  
47.1960

237.3420,  
-19.2990, -19.1950

119.9520, 54.9630,  
55.6910

238.2540,  
-21.8670, -16.7070

■ 107.4140, 62.7100,  
63.9740

■ 239.1660,  
-24.4350, -14.2190

■ 94.1750, 71.0530,  
72.4690

■ 239.9640,  
-26.6820, -12.0420

■ 80.9360, 79.3960,  
80.9640

■ 240.6480,  
-28.6080, -10.1760

■ 76.4850, 82.2840,  
83.6920

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184.6060, -1.2860, 12.2980



185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390



185.5410, 23.7020, 10.9820

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390



181.5590, 14.1230, -8.1570



177.0160, -32.4600, -6.4440

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390



194.4400, -13.5230, -13.7390

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177.0780, -27.0030, -11.7310



185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390



179.7960, 0.0940, -12.7220

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390



183.3370, 23.7960, -1.7400



177.9560, -15.0360, -13.8520



179.5700, -27.9680, 0.2560



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390



184.9880, 26.6370, 7.3490



177.9560, -15.0360, -13.8520



176.7340, -31.7260, -8.7340

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390



246.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



180.4640, -3.7620, 13.1180



122.9620, 3.1630, 3.2510



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390



222.7830, 20.4450, 20.4530



183.7360, 18.6590, 8.7630



98.0870, 4.3090, 4.5090



62.0880, 66.7440, 67.9600



15.1090, 16.4110, 16.4670



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390



222.7830, 20.4450, 20.4530



196.2640, -18.6590, -8.7630



98.0870, 4.3090, 4.5090



62.0880, 66.7440, 67.9600



15.1090, 16.4110, 16.4670



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

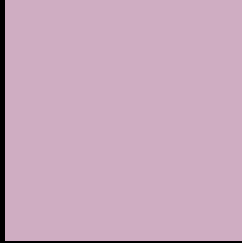
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

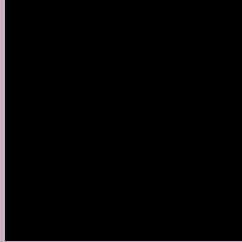
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 185.5600, 13.5230,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390

### Protanopia

183.0520, -5.7780, 5.5980

### Deuteranopia

184.5050, 6.1880, 9.0040



## Tritanopia

185.1640, 14.5780, 11.1380

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390

## Protanomaly

183.7540, 1.0530, 8.4530

## Deuteranomaly

185.1140, 8.8470, 10.3750

## Tritanomaly

185.3920, 13.9360, 11.7600

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390

## Achromatopsia

186.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

185.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 173, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 173, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 173, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 173, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 173, 194) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 173, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 173, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 173, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 173, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 173,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 185.5600, 13.5230, 13.7390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 173, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
173, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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