

# Converting Colors

YIQ(185.7210, -20.5430,  
14.3770)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(185.7210, -20.5430,  
14.3770)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">AFB6E9</a>
RGB	175, 182, 233
RGB Percent	69%, 71%, 91%
CMY	0.3137, 0.2862, 0.0864
CMYK	0.25, 0.22, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	233°, 57%, 80%
HSV	233°, 25%, 91%
XYZ	49.1122, 48.4530, 83.8315
YIQ	185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

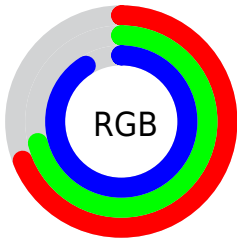
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	175, 181, 233
Decimal	11515625
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	75.11, 8.51, -26.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	75, 27.568, 287.980
Yxy	48.4530, 0.2707, 0.2671
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289705705 (0xFFAFB6E9)
YUV	185.7210, 23.3085, -9.4023
Hunter-Lab	69.6082, 4.1268, -22.6793

# Details

The YIQ color  $185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $222.2790, 20.5430, -14.3770$ , and the grayscale version is  $186.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $237.8450, -9.6290, 3.8030$ , and  $132.0800, -20.1760, 13.2320$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $167.1040, -28.7510, 19.9610$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $204.3380, -12.3350, 8.7930$ .

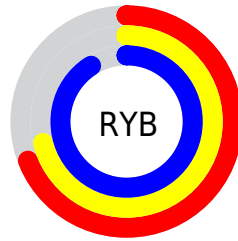
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (71%)

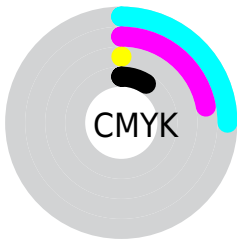
Blue (91%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (91%)

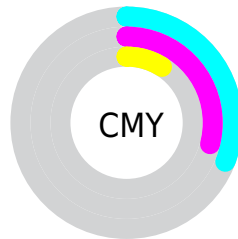


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 185.7210,  
-20.5430, 14.3770

■ 185.7210,  
-20.5430, 14.3770

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 158.6070,  
-20.2220, 14.0660

■ 237.8450, -9.6290,  
3.8030

■ 132.0800,  
-20.1760, 13.2320

■ 106.8520,  
-19.5340, 12.6100

■ 82.3250, -19.4880,  
11.7760

■ 58.4990, -20.0380,  
10.7300

■ 35.6620, -22.0550,  
8.7370

■ 14.7330, -20.8170,

8.3270

■ 4.7080, -10.5010,  
8.5950

■ 0.1140, -0.3210,  
0.3110

■ 185.7210,  
-20.5430, 14.3770

■ 185.7210,  
-20.5430, 14.3770

■ 167.1040,  
-28.7510, 19.9610

■ 204.3380,  
-12.3350, 8.7930

■ 147.6010,  
-37.2800, 25.8560

■ 223.8410, -3.8060,  
2.8980

■ 128.9840,  
-45.4880, 31.4400

■ 242.4580, 4.4020,  
-2.6860

■ 109.7800,  
-53.4210, 37.5470

■ 252.4920, 7.0620,  
-6.8420

■ 91.1630, -61.6290,  
43.1310

■ 71.6600, -70.1580,  
49.0260

■ 53.0430, -78.3660,  
54.6100

■ 42.9980, -82.4930,  
57.8190

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179.7670, -44.5200, 2.8720



185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770



188.4100, 5.4980, 21.5140

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770



186.6060, 42.2720, 4.8320



175.8180, -32.5030, -22.1910

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770



222.2790, 20.5430, -14.3770

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179.1060, -7.0110, -21.6270



185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770



184.8510, 33.7920, -6.6880

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770



188.2720, 40.7570, 15.7730



182.0720, 16.6920, -16.1720



172.8020, -52.7690, -18.3450



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770



189.2500, 20.6280, 22.6440



182.0720, 16.6920, -16.1720



176.8960, -23.9750, -22.5590

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770



240.2260, -6.3280, 4.5520



214.7460, -32.0000, -14.7840



119.4280, -4.0810, 2.3750



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770



192.9470, -26.8710, 18.9290



187.8910, -6.1020, 22.4900



107.8410, -3.8060, 2.8980



33.5480, -64.1510, 44.7850



9.6780, -18.9840, 13.6560



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193.1400, 32.3210, 14.4730



202.7500, 42.4070, 18.9110



220.1090, 6.1020, -22.4900



109.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



56.6270, 100.8140, 45.2140

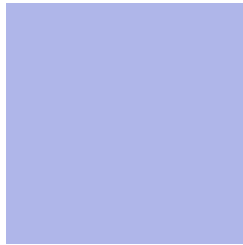


16.8300, 30.2580, 13.3140



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

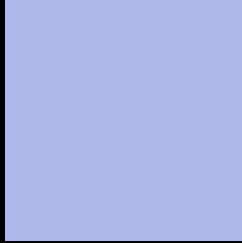
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

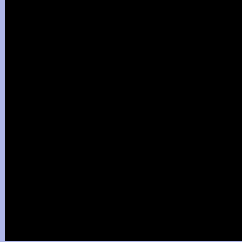
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 185.7210, -20.5430,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770

### Protanopia

185.5250, -22.9270, 13.5290

### Deuteranopia

186.0310, -18.4800, 15.5360



## Tritanopia

183.3280, -15.5430, 0.8490

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770

## Protanomaly

185.8240, -22.3310, 13.7410

## Deuteranomaly

185.7320, -19.0760, 15.3240

## Tritanomaly

184.0060, -17.3320, 5.7400

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770

## Achromatopsia

186.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

186.1550, -7.5660, 4.9620

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 182, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 182, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 182, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 182, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 182, 233) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 182, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 182, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 182, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 182, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 182,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 185.7210, -20.5430, 14.3770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 182, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
182, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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