

Converting Colors

YIQ(186.8890, -57.6280,
-23.9000)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000)
contains.

YIQ(186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(186.8890, -57.6280,
-23.9000)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75DAD2
RGB	117, 218, 210
RGB Percent	46%, 85%, 82%
CMY	0.5414, 0.1449, 0.1767
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.04, 0.14
HSL	175°, 58%, 66%
HSV	175°, 46%, 86%
XYZ	44.0359, 58.5927, 69.9243
YIQ	186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

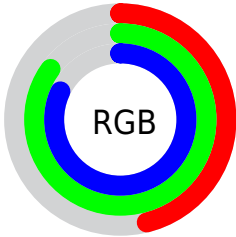
Format	Color
RYB	117, 170, 218
Decimal	7723730
CIELab	81.07, -31.50, -5.19
CIELCh	81, 31.924, 189.365
Yxy	58.5927, 0.2552, 0.3396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285913810 (0xFF75DAD2)
YUV	186.8890, 11.3937, -61.2927
Hunter-Lab	76.5459, -31.2664, -0.5790

Details

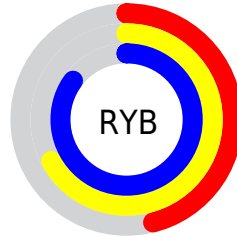
The YIQ color **186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **148.1110, 57.6280, 23.9000**, and the grayscale version is **187.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231.0800, -47.6800, -16.9600**, and **130.5080, -60.9290, -24.6490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **180.0830, -70.0980, -29.1860**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193.6950, -45.1580, -18.6140**.

Distribution



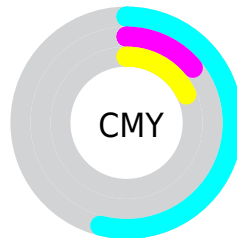
- Red (46%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 186.8890,
-57.6280, -23.9000

■ 186.8890,
-57.6280, -23.9000

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 158.5900,
-58.2240, -24.1120

■ 231.0800,
-47.6800, -16.9600

■ 130.5080,
-60.9290, -24.6490

■ 239.7510,
-30.3960, -10.8120

■ 98.8380, -70.7860,
-27.7300

■ 248.7210,
-12.5160, -4.4520

■ 76.4260, -63.6340,
-25.1860

■ 59.0150, -49.0550,
-19.5750

■ 43.0060, -35.6680,
-14.3880

■ 27.5840, -22.5560,

-9.7240

■ 6.4060, -7.0150,
0.4810

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 186.8890,
-57.6280, -23.9000

■ 186.8890,
-57.6280, -23.9000

■ 180.0830,
-70.0980, -29.1860

■ 193.6950,
-45.1580, -18.6140

■ 173.2770,
-82.5680, -34.4720

■ 200.3870,
-32.3670, -13.6390

■ 166.8840,
-94.7630, -39.2350

■ 206.8940,
-20.4930, -8.5650

■ 160.0780,
-107.2330, -44.5210

■ 213.7000, -8.0230,
-3.2790

■ 153.2720,
-119.7030, -49.8070

■ 220.5060, 4.4470,
2.0070

■ 150.8800,
-124.4710, -51.5030

■ 227.1980, 17.2380,
6.9820

■ 229.5190, 20.7680,
9.0880

■ 229.7470, 20.1260,
9.7100

■ 229.9750, 19.4840,
10.3320

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190.8520, -29.8430, -26.3470



186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000



186.8140, -70.2380, -15.6300

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000



204.9840, -1.9300, 23.9740



201.4070, 43.9700, -3.9180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000



148.1110, 57.6280, 23.9000

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202.4760, 48.6900, 9.6660



186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000



206.1090, 25.5790, 26.5310

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000



199.9800, -31.6380, 11.7060



203.3200, 40.8020, 20.4660



198.4490, 25.8160, -16.3280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000



189.9490, -65.8840, -6.4280



203.3200, 40.8020, 20.4660



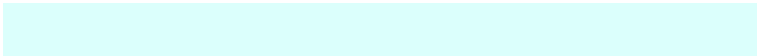
202.3090, 47.3620, 0.6900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000



243.8940, -20.4930, -8.5650



178.6790, -23.0070, -51.1270



121.1940, -12.4700, -5.2860



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000



210.9890, -81.6970, -33.7370



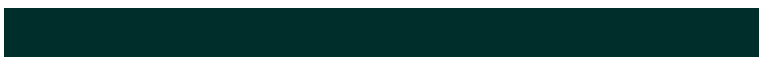
163.1470, -48.6460, 0.5540



106.5970, -6.2350, -2.6430



119.7910, -98.9350, -40.7190



31.7900, -26.1320, -10.9960

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148.1110, 57.6280, 23.9000



156.1250, 81.3760, 34.0480



171.8530, 48.6460, -0.5540



102.4030, 6.2350, 2.6430



53.3230, 98.6140, 41.0300



14.2100, 26.1320, 10.9960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

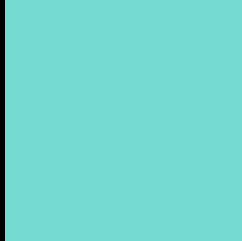
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

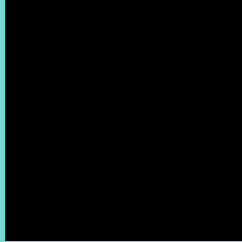
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

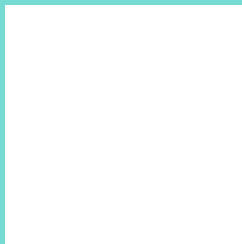
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000.



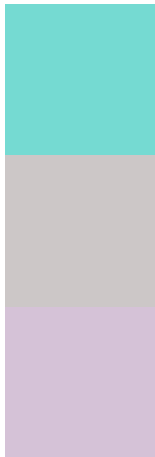
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000.

-23.9000.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000

Protanopia

200.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600

Deuteranopia

202.0750, 4.5830, 10.5590



Tritanopia

189.7290, -59.6930, -14.0050

Trichromacy



Original Color

186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000

Protanomaly

195.4920, -19.3010, -8.1410

Deuteranomaly

196.6650, -18.1100, -2.1900

Tritanomaly

188.5070, -59.1880, -17.6520

Monochromacy



Original Color

186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000

Achromatopsia

187.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

186.8940, -20.4930, -8.5650

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 218, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 218, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 218, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 218, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 218, 210) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 218, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 218, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 218, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 218, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 218,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 186.8890, -57.6280, -23.9000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 218, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
218, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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