

# Converting Colors

YIQ(186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(186.9780, 33.7380,  
38.3620)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F399D7
RGB	243, 153, 215
RGB Percent	95%, 60%, 84%
CMY	0.0468, 0.4001, 0.1568
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.12, 0.05
HSL	319°, 79%, 78%
HSV	319°, 37%, 95%
XYZ	60.6380, 46.7437, 70.1312
YIQ	186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

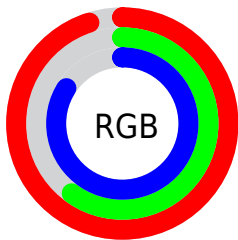
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	243, 153, 215
Decimal	15964631
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	74.03, 42.39, -17.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	74, 45.864, 337.562
Yxy	46.7437, 0.3416, 0.2633
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294154711 (0xFFFF399D7)
YUV	186.9780, 13.8148, 49.1313
Hunter-Lab	68.3694, 38.6684, -12.9593

# Details

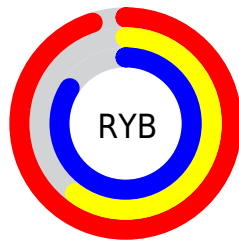
The YIQ color **186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **209.0220, -33.7380, -38.3620**, and the grayscale version is **187.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227.9980, 12.6500, 24.0580**, and **132.2550, 31.4000, 36.6800** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171.9780, 42.9060, 48.4260**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201.9780, 24.5700, 28.2980**.

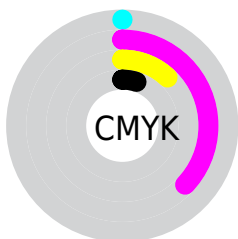
# Distribution



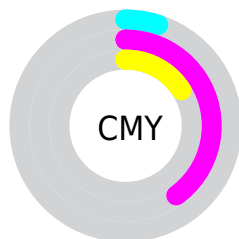
- Red (95%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



186.9780, 33.7380,  
38.3620

186.9780, 33.7380,  
38.3620

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

159.2660, 32.8670,  
37.6270

227.9980, 12.6500,  
24.0580

132.2550, 31.4000,  
36.6800

244.4340, 4.9500,  
9.4140

105.9560, 30.8040,  
36.4680

80.0590, 29.0160,  
35.8320

52.9990, 29.2450,  
37.1890

30.2760, 26.9070,  
35.5070

20.2930, 19.0690,

23.3650

■ 10.0110, 10.6350,  
11.0110

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 186.9780, 33.7380,  
38.3620

■ 186.9780, 33.7380,  
38.3620

■ 171.9780, 42.9060,  
48.4260

■ 201.9780, 24.5700,  
28.2980

■ 156.5050, 52.0280,  
59.3240

■ 217.4510, 15.4480,  
17.4000

■ 141.5050, 61.1960,  
69.3880

■ 232.4510, 6.2800,  
7.3360

■ 126.6190, 70.0430,  
79.7630

■ 247.3370, -2.5670,  
-3.0390

■ 111.0320, 79.4860,  
90.3500

■ 251.1840, -6.5100,  
-3.1660

■ 96.1460, 88.3330,  
100.7250

■ 251.4120, -7.1520,  
-2.5440

■ 91.6950, 91.2210,  
103.4530

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186.2150, -6.6540, 32.4980



186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



182.8430, 55.7470, 30.4590

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



177.6810, 36.5460, -23.5660



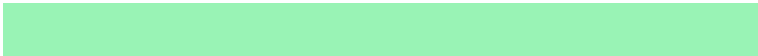
145.0220, -130.0220, -33.4940

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



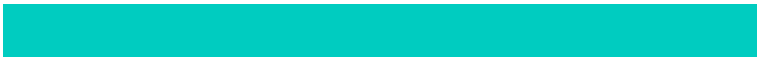
186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



209.0220, -33.7380, -38.3620

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141.6360, -117.7320, -46.9800



186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



172.5070, 1.5650, -33.8830

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



180.7370, 60.4760, -5.7000



164.1610, -44.3750, -38.3190



151.9070, -118.7920, -16.7440



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



181.4120, 63.9100, 20.1820



164.1610, -44.3750, -38.3190



144.2410, -126.4450, -37.7490

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



237.5380, 10.5890, 11.8450



171.3330, -12.7980, 33.7140



117.3370, 6.6010, 7.0250



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



185.2660, 42.0350, 47.6910



181.9620, 47.8620, 24.6780



114.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430



70.2060, 69.7680, 79.2400



22.2010, 22.3240, 24.9480



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



185.2660, 42.0350, 47.6910



214.0380, -47.8620, -24.6780



114.6140, 4.2630, 5.3430



70.2060, 69.7680, 79.2400

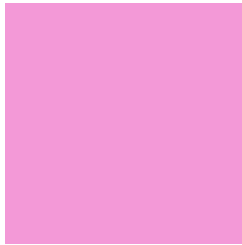


22.2010, 22.3240, 24.9480



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

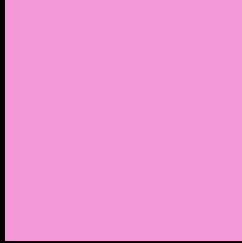
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

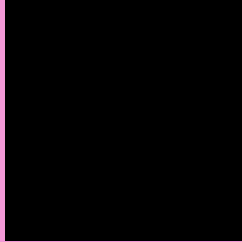
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 186.9780, 33.7380,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620

### Protanopia

182.8670, -23.8900, 14.4620

### Deuteranopia

184.4530, -5.2290, 12.1710



## Tritanopia

185.3910, 42.0400, 20.0560

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



## Protanomaly

184.2720, -2.8010, 23.2390



## Deuteranomaly

185.2640, 8.8450, 21.4290



## Tritanomaly

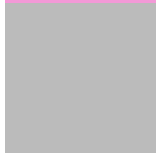
185.9380, 39.2420, 26.7140

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620



## Achromatopsia

187.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

187.0760, 12.0100, 13.6260

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 153, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 153, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 153, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 153, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 153, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 153, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 153, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 153, 215); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 153, 215); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 153, 215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 186.9780, 33.7380, 38.3620 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 153, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
153, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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