

# Converting Colors

YIQ(187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(187.1460, 50.5200,  
31.5760)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF99B9
RGB	255, 153, 185
RGB Percent	100%, 60%, 73%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4001, 0.2743
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.27, 0.00
HSL	341°, 100%, 80%
HSV	341°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	61.3859, 47.5331, 51.8632
YIQ	187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

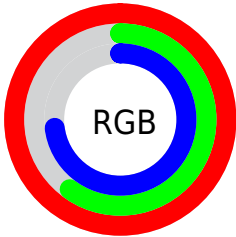
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 153, 185
Decimal	16751033
CIE Lab	74.53, 41.98, -0.11
CIE LCh	75, 41.982, 359.852
Yxy	47.5331, 0.3818, 0.2956
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294941113 (0xFFFF99B9)
YUV	187.1460, -1.0580, 59.5080
Hunter-Lab	68.9443, 38.2786, 3.6602

# Details

The YIQ color **187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **220.8540, -50.5200, -31.5760**, and the grayscale version is **187.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226.4020, 17.1440, 19.7040**, and **132.3520, 46.9440, 30.3040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169.9460, 63.1270, 39.8870**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203.8730, 37.8670, 24.0990**.

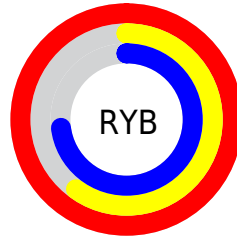
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (60%)

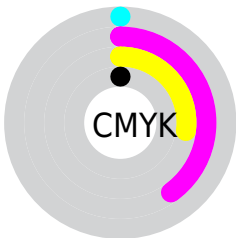
Blue (73%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (73%)

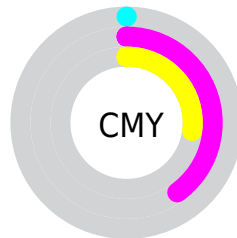


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)


Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 187.1460, 50.5200,  
31.5760


 187.1460, 50.5200,  
31.5760


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 159.2490, 48.7320,  
30.9400


 226.4020, 17.1440,  
19.7040


 132.3520, 46.9440,  
30.3040

 244.4340, 4.9500,  
9.4140

 105.5690, 44.8350,  
29.9790

 79.1990, 43.0010,  
30.1770

 52.0680, 41.9920,  
31.9440

 29.7470, 38.4620,  
29.8380

 19.5790, 29.7070,

17.7950

■ 9.6820, 18.7510,  
7.0950

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 187.1460, 50.5200,  
31.5760

■ 187.1460, 50.5200,  
31.5760

■ 169.9460, 63.1270,  
39.8870

■ 203.8730, 37.8670,  
24.0990

■ 153.2190, 75.7800,  
47.3640

■ 221.0730, 25.2600,  
15.7880

■ 136.0190, 88.3870,  
55.6750

■ 237.6860, 12.9280,  
8.0000

■ 119.2920,  
101.0400, 63.1520

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 102.0920,  
113.6470, 71.4630

■ 85.3650, 126.3000,  
78.9400

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



188.7100, 22.6890, 34.8570



187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



184.5750, 61.8930, 18.1890

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



176.9320, 10.7340, -29.3460



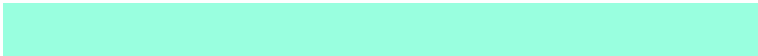
157.1810, -107.8800, -16.2640

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



220.8540, -50.5200, -31.5760

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.2410, -126.4450, -37.7490



187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



170.1800, -28.1910, -34.2630

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



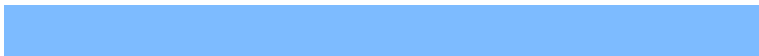
187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



180.4090, 40.4880, -17.9120



159.9310, -75.7820, -36.3100



176.2140, -58.7800, 8.0040



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



183.8980, 61.9410, 6.3010



159.9310, -75.7820, -36.3100



144.8740, -132.3610, -29.6490

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



234.4090, 15.2660, 9.6820



185.5580, 8.9780, 46.5620



115.9520, 9.1230, 5.3710



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



173.8100, 60.5140, 37.6820



194.6510, 55.5670, 11.6870



119.3430, 6.4640, 4.0000



63.9490, 94.5760, 59.1520



21.4160, 31.7240, 19.7880



# Inverse Universe

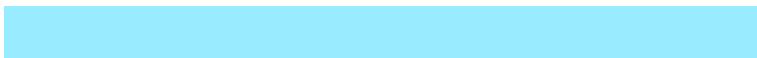
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



173.8100, 60.5140, 37.6820



213.3490, -55.5670, -11.6870



119.3430, 6.4640, 4.0000



63.9490, 94.5760, 59.1520



21.4160, 31.7240, 19.7880



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

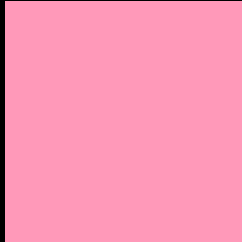
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760.



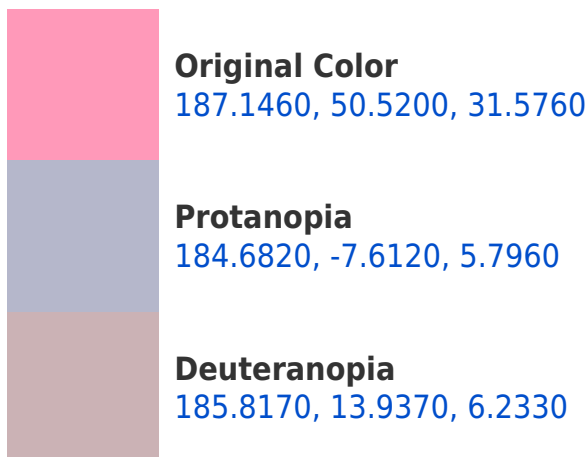
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 187.1460, 50.5200,

31.5760.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

186.3710, 53.9600, 24.2960

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



## Protanomaly

185.5000, 13.7520, 15.0960



## Deuteranomaly

186.3290, 27.4150, 15.2790



## Tritanomaly

186.7670, 52.9050, 26.8970

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760



## Achromatopsia

187.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



## Achromatomaly

187.3170, 18.5210, 11.2650

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 153, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 153, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 153, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 153, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 153, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 153, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 153, 185)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 153, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 153,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 187.1460, 50.5200, 31.5760 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 153, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
153, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor