

# Converting Colors

YIQ(187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(187.3640, 71.8920,  
-3.3400)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEAA66
RGB	254, 170, 102
RGB Percent	100%, 67%, 40%
CMY	0.0038, 0.3334, 0.5997
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.60, 0.00
HSL	27°, 99%, 70%
HSV	27°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	57.6584, 50.7756, 19.3545
YIQ	187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

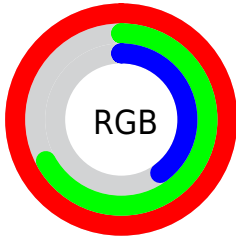
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 225, 102
Decimal	16689766
CIE Lab	76.54, 24.37, 47.10
CIE LCh	77, 53.036, 62.642
Yxy	50.7756, 0.4512, 0.3973
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294879846 (0xFFFEAA66)
YUV	187.3640, -42.0845, 58.4398
Hunter-Lab	71.2570, 19.7355, 33.7758

# Details

The YIQ color **187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **168.6360, -71.8920, 3.3400**, and the grayscale version is **188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226.5770, 40.0750, -15.9330**, and **132.3140, 66.1610, -4.1030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **176.2960, 83.7670, -3.7930**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198.4320, 60.0170, -2.8870**.

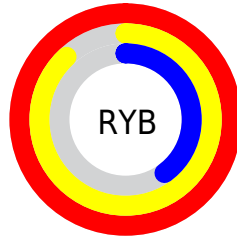
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (67%)

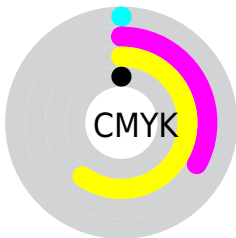
Blue (40%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (40%)

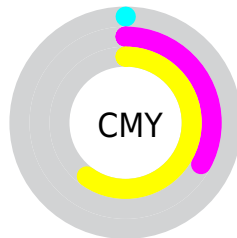


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



187.3640, 71.8920,  
-3.3400

187.3640, 71.8920,  
-3.3400

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

159.3960, 68.8660,  
-3.5660

225.9900, 40.3500,  
-15.4100

132.3140, 66.1610,  
-4.1030

246.0910, 23.7080,  
-22.1800

106.1180, 63.7770,  
-4.9510

249.8700, 14.4450,  
-13.9950

80.2810, 61.7600,  
-6.9440

253.1760, 5.1360,  
-4.9760

58.1090, 50.8010,  
-1.0630

36.8230, 40.1630,  
4.5070

15.8360, 30.1210,

10.2890

■ 6.2790, 12.5160,  
4.4520

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 187.3640, 71.8920,  
-3.3400

■ 187.3640, 71.8920,  
-3.3400

■ 176.2960, 83.7670,  
-3.7930

■ 198.4320, 60.0170,  
-2.8870

■ 165.1140, 95.9630,  
-4.5570

■ 209.6140, 47.8210,  
-2.1230

■ 154.0460,  
107.8380, -5.0100

■ 220.6820, 35.9460,  
-1.6700

■ 142.8640,  
120.0340, -5.7740

■ 231.8640, 23.7500,  
-0.9060

142.2770,  
120.3090, -5.2510

242.9320, 11.8750,  
-0.4530

254.1140, -0.3210,  
0.3110

254.7010, -0.5960,  
-0.2120

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182.4890, 65.0110, 16.7470



187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400



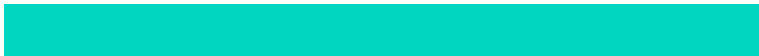
184.3740, 47.5960, -25.5880

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400



147.5060, -120.4820, -52.2100



190.4100, -11.6970, 30.2790

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400



168.6360, -71.8920, 3.3400

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



175.8490, -68.1780, 2.1100



187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400



152.3910, -135.6150, -36.7590

# Square

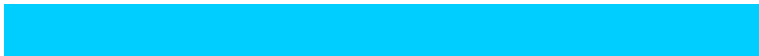
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400



169.0590, -44.3280, -44.6800



149.9920, -138.5050, -28.4330



194.0090, 32.4530, 45.1330



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400



180.5880, 23.2060, -35.1140



149.9920, -138.5050, -28.4330



187.3430, -27.9260, 21.5300

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400



235.0810, 21.6410, -1.2310



157.2520, 62.9860, 58.9700



115.3020, 13.7090, -0.6510



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400



174.1500, 87.1140, -3.8780



230.8020, 51.5420, -42.0420



121.8220, 6.3730, 0.1410



107.0040, 90.4610, -3.9630

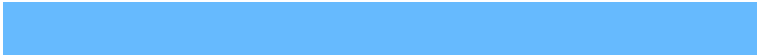


35.5720, 30.4440, -1.0760



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



168.6360, -71.8920, 3.3400



151.8500, -87.1140, 3.8780



125.1980, -51.5420, 42.0420



120.5910, -6.0980, 0.3820



83.9960, -90.4610, 3.9630



27.8410, -30.1690, 1.5990



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

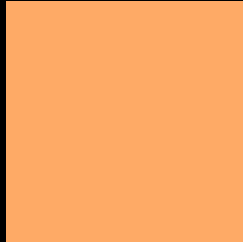
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 187.3640, 71.8920,

-3.3400.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400

### Protanopia

185.5610, 37.0040, -20.8520

### Deuteranopia

186.4280, 56.6720, -13.8560



## Tritanopia

192.4630, 50.7050, 22.7130

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400

## Protanomaly

186.1930, 50.0240, -14.5200

## Deuteranomaly

186.5860, 62.2190, -9.7570

## Tritanomaly

190.5590, 58.8220, 13.2700

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400

## Achromatopsia

187.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

187.1200, 25.9050, -1.4150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 170, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 170, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 170, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 170, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 170, 102) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 170, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 170, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 170, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 170, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 170,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 187.3640, 71.8920, -3.3400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 170, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
170, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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