

Converting Colors

YIQ(188.2600, -12.8360,
-9.6680)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(188.2600, -12.8360,
-9.6680)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAC6BA
RGB	170, 198, 186
RGB Percent	67%, 78%, 73%
CMY	0.3334, 0.2235, 0.2706
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.06, 0.22
HSL	154°, 20%, 72%
HSV	154°, 14%, 78%
XYZ	45.6320, 52.4822, 54.1735
YIQ	188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

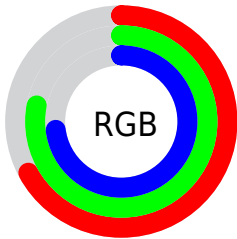
Format	Color
RYB	170, 188, 198
Decimal	11191994
CIELab	77.57, -11.80, 2.85
CIELCh	78, 12.136, 166.440
Yxy	52.4822, 0.2996, 0.3446
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289382074 (0xFFAAC6BA)
YUV	188.2600, -1.1142, -16.0140
Hunter-Lab	72.4446, -14.3429, 6.3746

Details

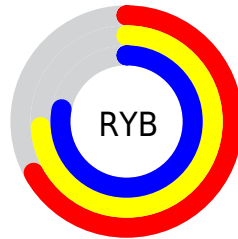
The YIQ color **188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **179.7400, 12.8360, 9.6680**, and the grayscale version is **188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **244.5480, -13.7070, -10.4030**, and **134.9720, -11.9650, -8.9330** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181.2540, -21.8670, -16.7070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400**.

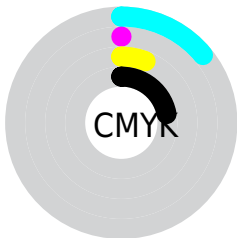
Distribution



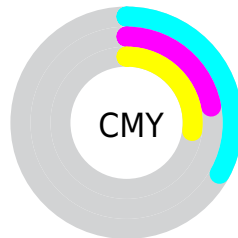
- Red (67%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 188.2600,
-12.8360, -9.6680

■ 188.2600,
-12.8360, -9.6680

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 161.2600,
-12.8360, -9.6680

■ 244.5480,
-13.7070, -10.4030

■ 134.9720,
-11.9650, -8.9330

254.7010, -0.5960,
-0.2120

■ 109.3850,
-11.6900, -8.4100

■ 85.2710, -11.3690,
-8.7210

■ 61.6840, -11.0940,
-8.1980

■ 39.7980, -11.4150,
-7.8870

■ 17.9010, -13.2030,

-8.5230

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 188.2600,
-12.8360, -9.6680

■ 188.2600,
-12.8360, -9.6680

■ 181.2540,
-21.8670, -16.7070

■ 195.1520, -3.4840,
-2.9400

■ 174.3620,
-31.2190, -23.4350

■ 202.1580, 5.5470,
4.0990

■ 167.7690,
-39.9750, -29.9510

■ 208.7510, 14.3030,
10.6150

■ 160.7630,
-49.0060, -36.9900

■ 215.7570, 23.3340,
17.6540

■ 153.8710,
-58.3580, -43.7180

■ 218.4630, 24.3420,
21.4140

■ 146.8650,
-67.3890, -50.7570

■ 219.4890, 21.4530,
24.2130

■ 139.9730,
-76.7410, -57.4850

■ 220.4010, 18.8850,
26.7010

■ 133.2660,
-85.1760, -64.3120

■ 221.4270, 15.9960,
29.5000

■ 129.1080,
-90.7230, -68.4110

■ 221.5410, 15.6750,
29.8110

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189.2350, -2.5200, -9.4000



188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680



187.8340, -20.2640, -7.2080

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680



192.0240, -8.5750, 6.7290



193.2320, 19.8980, 2.8260

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680



179.7400, 12.8360, 9.6680

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



193.7960, 18.4300, 7.4060



188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680



193.4660, 1.9240, 9.1880

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680



190.1860, -18.0190, 1.6690



194.4410, 12.2400, 9.4560



191.9170, 16.2310, -2.3050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680



188.6320, -22.5110, -5.0310



194.4410, 12.2400, 9.4560



193.2860, 19.8060, 4.4940

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680



251.5540, -4.6760, -3.3640



190.0240, -0.5480, -12.1000



125.5650, -3.2090, -2.4170



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



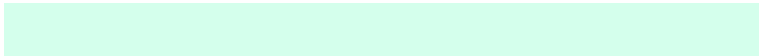
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680



239.9770, -19.5290, -15.0250



188.4540, -16.1380, -4.8900



95.8530, -4.0800, -3.1520



106.2830, -74.6780, -56.3260



23.4120, -16.3200, -12.6080

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179.7400, 12.8360, 9.6680



226.9090, 19.8500, 14.7140



179.5460, 16.1380, 4.8900



93.1470, 4.0800, 3.1520



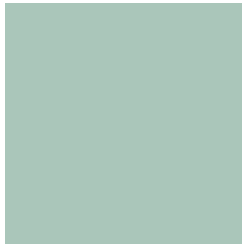
56.7170, 74.6780, 56.3260



12.4740, 16.6410, 12.2970

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

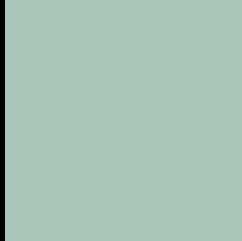
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

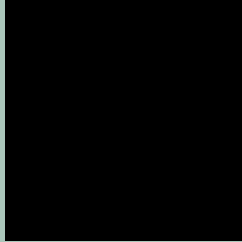
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680.



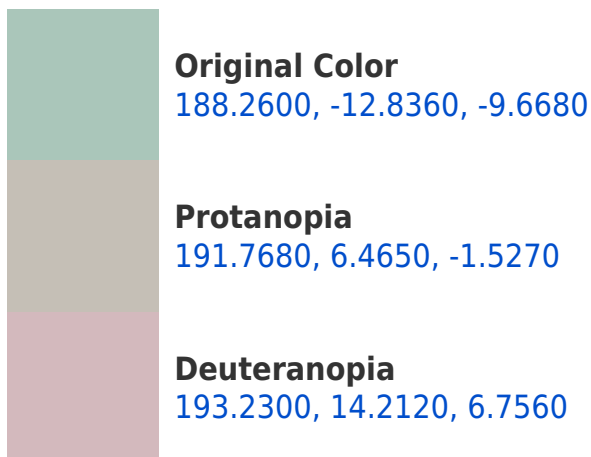
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680.

-9.6680.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

189.8440, -17.0560, 0.7360

Trichromacy



Original Color

188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680

Protanomaly

190.6530, -0.6410, -4.9050

Deuteranomaly

191.5660, 4.2180, 0.6500

Tritanomaly

189.1060, -15.0380, -2.7980

Monochromacy



Original Color

188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680

Achromatopsia

188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

188.1410, -4.9510, -3.8870

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 198, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 198, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 198, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 198, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 198, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 198, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 198, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 198, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 198, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 198,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 188.2600, -12.8360, -9.6680 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 198, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
198, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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