

Converting Colors

YIQ(188.2750, -60.7500,
-0.3500)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(188.2750, -60.7500,
-0.3500)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82CDFF
RGB	130, 205, 255
RGB Percent	51%, 80%, 100%
CMY	0.4903, 0.1959, 0.0003
CMYK	0.49, 0.20, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	204°, 100%, 75%
HSV	204°, 49%, 100%
XYZ	49.0776, 55.6361, 102.6997
YIQ	188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

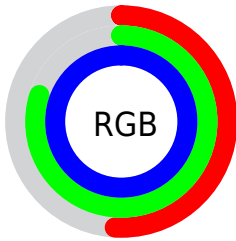
Format	Color
R _Y B	130, 177, 255
Decimal	8572415
CIE Lab	79.41, -10.10, -31.65
CIE LCh	79, 33.220, 252.293
Yxy	55.6361, 0.2366, 0.2682
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286762495 (0xFF82CDFF)
YUV	188.2750, 32.8954, -51.1072
Hunter-Lab	74.5896, -13.0845, -29.4215

Details

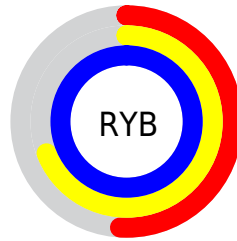
The YIQ color **188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **196.7250, 60.7500, 0.3500**, and the grayscale version is **188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235.2660, -39.3360, -13.9920**, and **132.1390, -63.3630, -2.5550** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174.6310, -73.4960, -0.6320**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201.6200, -48.6000, -0.2800**.

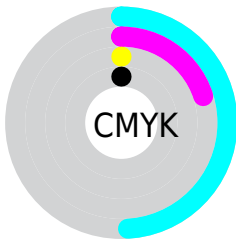
Distribution



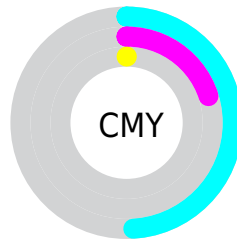
- Red (51%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 188.2750,
-60.7500, -0.3500

■ 188.2750,
-60.7500, -0.3500

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 160.1500,
-61.8960, -1.6080

■ 234.9670,
-39.9320, -14.2040

■ 132.1390,
-63.3630, -2.5550

■ 243.9370,
-22.0520, -7.8440

■ 102.7360,
-69.5980, -5.1980

■ 252.9070, -4.1720,
-1.4840

■ 75.1160, -73.7240,
-7.5160

■ 58.0640, -58.7780,
-3.0500

■ 42.3000, -44.7030,
0.6810

■ 27.2370, -31.2240,

4.2000

■ 7.7060, -16.1870,
12.5250

■ 3.4370, -8.3000,
7.2520

■ 188.2750,
-60.7500, -0.3500

■ 188.2750,
-60.7500, -0.3500

■ 174.6310,
-73.4960, -0.6320

■ 201.6200,
-48.6000, -0.2800

■ 161.2860,
-85.6460, -0.7020

■ 215.2640,
-35.8540, 0.0020

■ 147.0550,
-98.1170, -0.4610

■ 229.1960,
-23.9790, -0.4510

■ 133.7100,
-110.2670, -0.5310

■ 242.8400,
-11.2330, -0.1690

■ 120.3650,
-122.4170, -0.6010

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 118.8810,
-123.9300, -0.7140

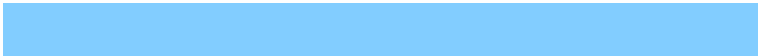
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180.7750, -74.5020, -15.4460



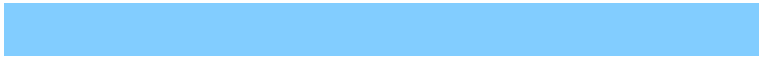
188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500



195.8600, -31.1800, 14.4200

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500



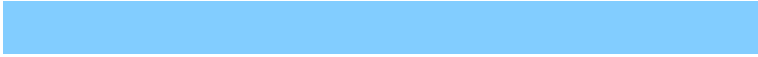
199.4730, 44.7450, 20.5930



189.7380, -3.1590, -25.3590

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500



196.7250, 60.7500, 0.3500

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



193.9110, 24.3950, -18.1090



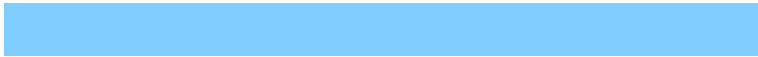
188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500



198.8030, 52.0830, 8.7470

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500



201.4900, 28.8800, 27.2800



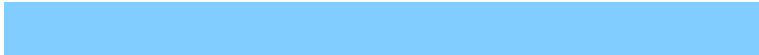
196.3530, 44.0620, -5.5860



184.9870, -34.6570, -27.2090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500



199.7380, -10.0450, 22.3630



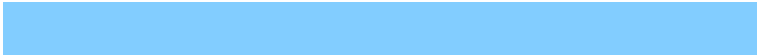
196.3530, 44.0620, -5.5860



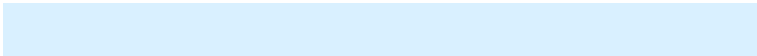
191.4680, 6.4690, -23.6350

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500



234.8330, -18.5230, -0.2110



208.8470, -49.7830, -50.4470



115.2530, -10.9580, 0.3540



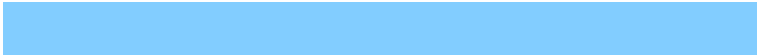
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



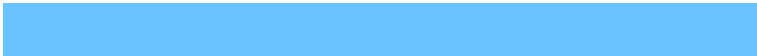
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500



174.9300, -72.9000, -0.4200



153.0550, -44.2500, 31.0300



120.5910, -6.0980, 0.3820



89.2790, -92.9360, -0.7440



29.6020, -30.9940, 0.0300

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175.9250, 50.4250, 49.8250



160.1100, 60.5100, 59.7900



231.9450, 44.2500, -31.0300



119.6850, 5.5010, 4.9330



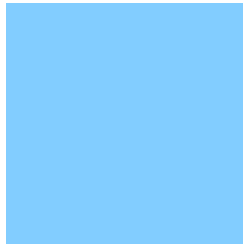
70.2190, 76.9210, 76.2570



23.4680, 25.9460, 25.3860

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

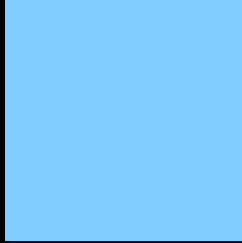
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

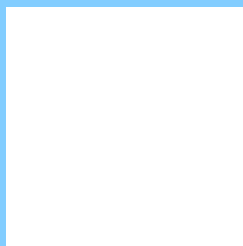
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500.



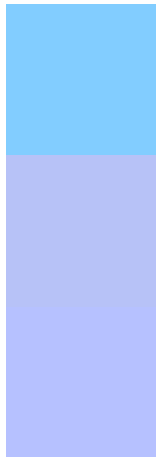
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500.

-0.3500.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500

Protanopia

196.7530, -23.5690, 14.1510

Deuteranopia

196.7790, -26.4580, 16.9500



Tritanopia

185.3270, -58.5010, -13.5810

Trichromacy



Original Color

188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500

Protanomaly

193.7620, -36.9560, 8.9640

Deuteranomaly

193.4460, -38.8820, 10.8300

Tritanomaly

186.1900, -59.3730, -8.7890

Monochromacy



Original Color

188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500

Achromatopsia

188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

187.9790, -21.8700, -0.1260

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 205, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 205, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 205, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 205, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 205, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 205, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 205, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 205, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 205, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 205,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 188.2750, -60.7500, -0.3500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 205, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
205, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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