

# Converting Colors

YIQ(188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(188.3870, 30.6680,  
27.9160)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EBA2CA
RGB	235, 162, 202
RGB Percent	92%, 64%, 79%
CMY	0.0782, 0.3648, 0.2077
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.14, 0.08
HSL	327°, 65%, 78%
HSV	327°, 31%, 92%
XYZ	57.8560, 47.7660, 62.0619
YIQ	188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

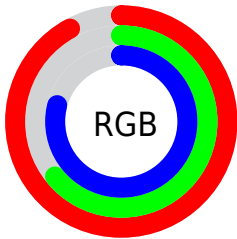
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	235, 162, 202
Decimal	15442634
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	74.68, 32.90, -9.49
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	75, 34.238, 343.915
Yxy	47.7660, 0.3450, 0.2849
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293632714 (0xFFEBA2CA)
YUV	188.3870, 6.7112, 40.8796
Hunter-Lab	69.1130, 28.4786, -4.8620

# Details

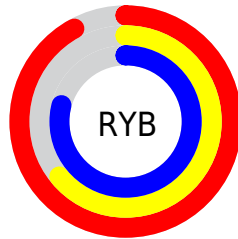
The YIQ color **188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **208.6130, -30.6680, -27.9160**, and the grayscale version is **188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233.2810, 10.1750, 19.3510**, and **134.0770, 28.6050, 26.7570** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173.0450, 40.7990, 37.0470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203.1420, 20.8120, 19.3080**.

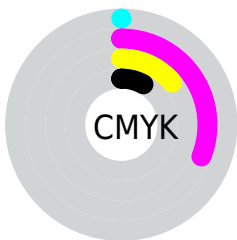
# Distribution



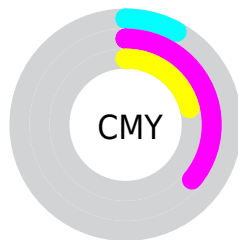
- Red (92%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 188.3870, 30.6680,  
27.9160


 188.3870, 30.6680,  
27.9160


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 160.7890, 29.4760,  
27.4920


 233.2810, 10.1750,  
19.3510


 134.0770, 28.6050,  
26.7570

 249.7170, 2.4750,  
4.7070

 108.3650, 27.7340,  
26.0220

 83.3540, 26.2670,  
25.0750

 58.2830, 25.0290,  
25.4850

 33.5110, 24.3870,  
26.1070

 18.0710, 19.5740,

19.7180

■ 6.6920, 12.7910,  
4.9750

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 188.3870, 30.6680,  
27.9160

■ 188.3870, 30.6680,  
27.9160

■ 173.0450, 40.7990,  
37.0470

■ 203.1420, 20.8120,  
19.3080

■ 158.4040, 50.3340,  
45.9660

■ 218.3700, 11.0020,  
9.8660

■ 143.0620, 60.4650,  
55.0970

■ 233.1250, 1.1460,  
1.2580

■ 128.4210, 70.0000,  
64.0160

■ 247.8800, -8.7100,  
-7.3500

■ 113.0790, 80.1310,  
73.1470

■ 249.0200,  
-11.9200, -4.2400

■ 98.3240, 89.9870,  
81.7550

■ 84.9710, 98.6510,  
89.9390

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187.4900, 2.5170, 25.9810



188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



186.8540, 48.0460, 21.3420

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



180.1990, 23.5240, -18.8440



165.9100, -79.3160, -16.3080

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



208.6130, -30.6680, -27.9160

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165.9740, -68.1730, -25.5250



188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



176.4280, -5.2220, -26.5180

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



183.2280, 42.9160, -6.8440



171.4920, -37.6370, -28.2690



174.9050, -62.5840, -0.1520



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



185.7370, 52.4490, 13.1290



171.4920, -37.6370, -28.2690



164.9760, -79.6820, -20.6900

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



240.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



180.1890, -3.7650, 29.6990



118.3970, 6.3720, 5.6680



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



194.9200, 39.6530, 35.7890



184.2830, 42.2240, 16.7200



109.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980



65.4050, 76.0970, 69.1610



19.4520, 22.8750, 20.4670



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



194.9200, 39.6530, 35.7890



212.7170, -42.2240, -16.7200



109.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980



65.4050, 76.0970, 69.1610

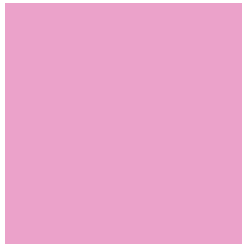


19.4520, 22.8750, 20.4670



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

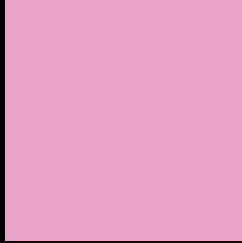
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

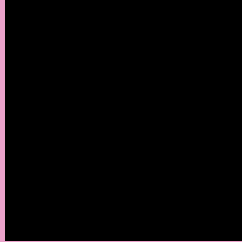
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.3870, 30.6680,

27.9160.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160

### Protanopia

185.1530, -13.2520, 8.8920

### Deuteranopia

186.0640, 3.1160, 9.6120



## Tritanopia

187.2160, 35.1630, 18.0350

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



## Protanomaly

186.1660, 3.0690, 15.9730



## Deuteranomaly

187.1410, 13.3850, 16.2410



## Tritanomaly

187.8400, 33.4660, 21.2580

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160



## Achromatopsia

188.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

188.3700, 11.0020, 9.8660

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 162, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 162, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 162, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 162, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 162, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 162, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 162, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 162, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 162, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 162,  
202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 188.3870, 30.6680, 27.9160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 162, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
162, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor