

# Converting Colors

YIQ(188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**YIQ(188.7830, 45.6670,  
-7.1410)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4B57E
RGB	228, 181, 126
RGB Percent	89%, 71%, 49%
CMY	0.1058, 0.2903, 0.5057
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.45, 0.11
HSL	32°, 65%, 69%
HSV	32°, 45%, 89%
XYZ	52.2906, 51.0447, 26.8546
YIQ	188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

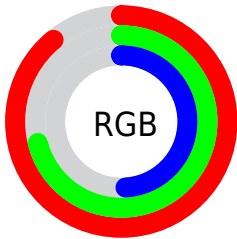
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	213, 228, 126
Decimal	14988670
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	76.71, 10.10, 34.41
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	77, 35.866, 73.637
Yxy	51.0447, 0.4016, 0.3921
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293178750 (0xFFE4B57E)
YUV	188.7830, -30.9520, 34.3933
Hunter-Lab	71.4456, 5.6133, 27.7263

# Details

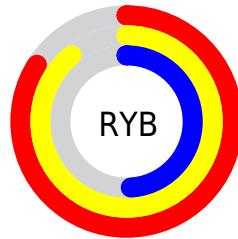
The YIQ color **188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **165.2170, -45.6670, 7.1410**, and the grayscale version is **189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235.7700, 29.3460, -14.2220**, and **134.6300, 41.7240, -7.2680** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179.7040, 56.0750, -8.5410**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197.8620, 35.2590, -5.7410**.

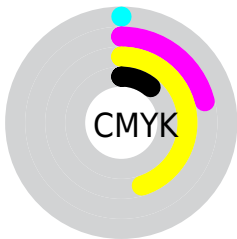
# Distribution



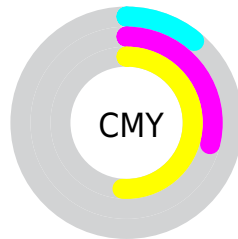
- Red (89%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



188.7830, 45.6670,  
-7.1410

188.7830, 45.6670,  
-7.1410

255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

161.4130, 43.8330,  
-6.9430

235.7700, 29.3460,  
-14.2220

134.9290, 42.3200,  
-7.0560

249.5280, 15.4080,  
-14.9280

109.1460, 40.2110,  
-7.3810

252.8340, 6.0990,  
-5.9090

84.0640, 37.5060,  
-7.9180

60.0530, 36.0390,  
-8.8650

39.6810, 28.5190,  
-4.7370

20.1670, 18.5230,

0.2110

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 188.7830, 45.6670,  
-7.1410

■ 188.7830, 45.6670,  
-7.1410

■ 179.7040, 56.0750,  
-8.5410

■ 197.8620, 35.2590,  
-5.7410

■ 171.2120, 66.2080,  
-10.4640

■ 206.3540, 25.1260,  
-3.8180

■ 162.2470, 76.2950,  
-11.5530

■ 215.3190, 15.0390,  
-2.7290

■ 153.7550, 86.4280,  
-13.4760

■ 223.8110, 4.9060,  
-0.8060

■ 144.6760, 96.8360,  
-14.8760

■ 232.8900, -5.5020,  
0.5940

■ 140.3730,  
102.0630, -15.9930

■ 240.4700,  
-13.0670, 0.0290

■ 246.9270,  
-16.0920, -5.7240

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190.7710, 55.1090, 8.9730



188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410



185.7430, 24.8080, -20.0880

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410



169.5820, -72.9410, -27.2210



193.4300, 2.7460, 27.3380

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410



165.2170, -45.6670, 7.1410

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



188.5440, -33.1060, 16.2860



188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410



170.0340, -85.5970, -18.1170

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410



176.1820, -39.7000, -29.4280



179.6380, -66.2060, -0.5900



193.9250, 32.0890, 29.6970



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410



183.1150, 5.9650, -25.5150



179.6380, -66.2060, -0.5900



192.5040, -9.2660, 24.7660

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410



242.4330, 14.7180, -2.4180



161.9700, 45.3840, 36.5520



119.7360, 9.4910, -1.3010



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410



201.7000, 61.8980, -9.4460



215.4750, 30.9540, -32.3580



110.1100, 5.5020, -0.5940



109.8730, 80.2840, -12.2600



31.0980, 22.9710, -3.3090



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165.2170, -45.6670, 7.1410



170.3000, -61.8980, 9.4460



138.5250, -30.9540, 32.3580



107.8900, -5.5020, 0.5940



68.5400, -80.0090, 12.7830

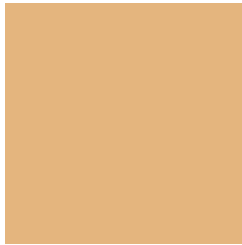


19.9020, -22.9710, 3.3090



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410.

-7.1410.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410

### Protanopia

187.0580, 28.4750, -14.9570

### Deuteranopia

188.4840, 45.0710, -7.3530



## Tritanopia

192.8350, 31.8620, 17.2860

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410

## Protanomaly

187.5750, 34.3890, -12.0030

## Deuteranomaly

188.4840, 45.0710, -7.3530

## Tritanomaly

191.4900, 36.9070, 8.4510

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410

## Achromatopsia

189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

188.8030, 16.5520, -2.6160

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 181, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 181, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 181, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 181, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 181, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 181, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 181, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 181, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 181, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 181,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 188.7830, 45.6670, -7.1410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 181, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
181, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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