

Converting Colors

YIQ(188.8680, -34.7990,
-2.5990)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(188.8680, -34.7990,
-2.5990)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9AC8DF
RGB	154, 200, 223
RGB Percent	60%, 78%, 87%
CMY	0.3962, 0.2156, 0.1256
CMYK	0.31, 0.10, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	200°, 52%, 74%
HSV	200°, 31%, 87%
XYZ	47.2945, 53.5108, 77.6199
YIQ	188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

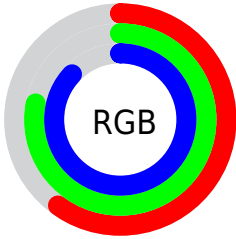
Format	Color
RYB	154, 182, 223
Decimal	10143967
CIELab	78.18, -9.72, -16.29
CIELCh	78, 18.969, 239.184
Yxy	53.5108, 0.2651, 0.2999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288334047 (0xFF9AC8DF)
YUV	188.8680, 16.8271, -30.5792
Hunter-Lab	73.1510, -12.6083, -11.7063

Details

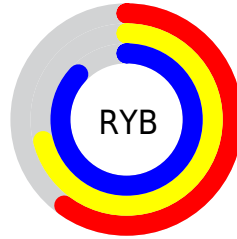
The YIQ color **188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **188.1320, 34.7990, 2.5990**, and the grayscale version is **189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **241.5450, -26.8200, -9.5400**, and **135.0530, -33.8820, -2.6980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **178.1810, -45.9860, -3.6020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **199.5550, -23.6120, -1.5960**.

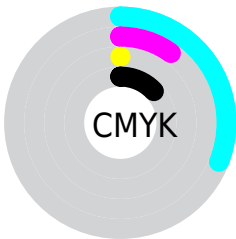
Distribution



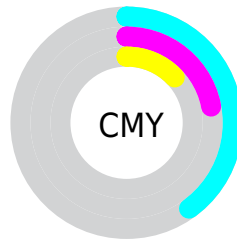
- Red (60%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 188.8680,
-34.7990, -2.5990

■ 188.8680,
-34.7990, -2.5990

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 161.7540,
-34.4780, -2.9100

■ 241.5450,
-26.8200, -9.5400

■ 135.0530,
-33.8820, -2.6980

■ 250.2160, -9.5360,
-3.3920

■ 108.6400,
-34.1570, -3.2210

■ 83.9280, -35.0280,
-3.9560

■ 58.6180, -37.0910,
-5.1150

■ 36.5150, -35.3030,
-4.4790

■ 22.1530, -22.4200,

-1.1720

■ 3.4370, -8.3000,
7.2520

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 188.8680,
-34.7990, -2.5990

■ 188.8680,
-34.7990, -2.5990

■ 178.1810,
-45.9860, -3.6020

■ 199.5550,
-23.6120, -1.5960

■ 166.6080,
-57.4940, -4.2940

■ 211.1280,
-12.1040, -0.9040

■ 155.9210,
-68.6810, -5.2970

■ 221.8150, -0.9170,
0.0990

■ 144.6470,
-79.5930, -5.7770

■ 233.0890, 9.9950,
0.5790

■ 133.6610,
-91.3760, -6.9920

■ 240.7860, 15.2220,
-0.5380

■ 122.9740,
-102.5630, -7.9950

■ 245.4820, 13.0220,
-4.7220

■ 112.8850,
-112.5580, -8.5740

■ 249.5910, 11.0970,
-8.3830

■ 251.3520, 10.2720,
-9.9520

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



186.7550, -36.2190, -9.9070



188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990



192.1840, -23.7050, 5.5990

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990



196.5350, 23.8390, 14.0070



190.3190, 5.8710, -12.7930

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990



188.1320, 34.7990, 2.5990

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.9080, 20.4500, -7.1820



188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990



195.7820, 30.2130, 8.6210

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990



196.7600, 10.0840, 15.4920



194.5550, 29.1140, 1.0020



188.7560, -11.5970, -15.6050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990



194.0930, -13.0230, 10.2490



194.5550, 29.1140, 1.0020



191.5970, 10.9600, -11.4080

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990



243.4270, -11.5080, -0.6920



197.0110, -26.0370, -29.2450



120.5800, -7.5650, -0.5650



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



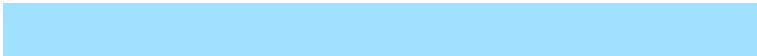
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990



208.6970, -47.4990, -3.7150



169.4970, -25.7240, 14.6600



106.3630, -5.4560, -0.2400



88.7430, -88.6710, -6.4550



24.2560, -24.2080, -1.8080

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179.8750, 26.3580, 28.9340



196.2880, 35.8010, 39.5210



207.5030, 25.7240, -14.6600



105.0870, 4.3090, 4.5090



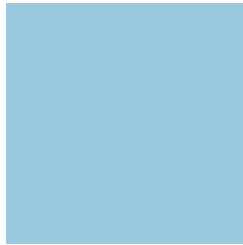
65.9620, 67.3390, 73.6990



18.0000, 18.3360, 20.1280

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

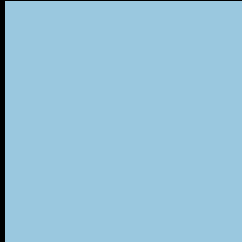
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

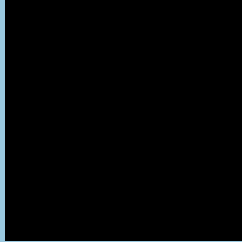
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990.

-2.5990.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990

Protanopia

193.3660, -9.5380, 7.6620

Deuteranopia

194.6100, -7.1090, 13.2030



Tritanopia

188.4720, -33.7440, -5.2000

Trichromacy



Original Color

188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990

Protanomaly

191.4680, -18.7530, 3.9590

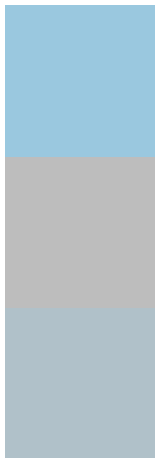
Deuteranomaly

192.3590, -16.8280, 7.6200

Tritanomaly

188.7000, -34.3860, -4.5780

Monochromacy



Original Color

188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990

Achromatopsia

189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

188.8290, -12.7000, -1.1160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 200, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 200, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 200, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 200, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 200, 223) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 200, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 200, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 200, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 200, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 200,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 188.8680, -34.7990, -2.5990 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 200, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
200, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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