

Converting Colors

YIQ(188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870)
contains.

YIQ(188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(188.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6C2B5
RGB	182, 194, 181
RGB Percent	71%, 76%, 71%
CMY	0.2863, 0.2392, 0.2902
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.07, 0.24
HSL	115°, 10%, 74%
HSV	115°, 7%, 76%
XYZ	46.9225, 51.8659, 51.2539
YIQ	188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

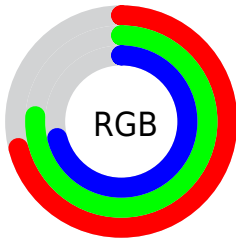
Format	Color
RYB	181, 194, 193
Decimal	11977397
CIELab	77.20, -6.56, 5.11
CIELCh	77, 8.313, 142.060
Yxy	51.8659, 0.3127, 0.3457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290167477 (0xFFB6C2B5)
YUV	188.9300, -3.9095, -6.0776
Hunter-Lab	72.0180, -9.7318, 8.2170

Details

The YIQ color $188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $186.0700, 2.9790, 6.5870$, and the grayscale version is $189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $244.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870$, and $135.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $181.3820, -7.6080, -16.3120$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $196.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380$.

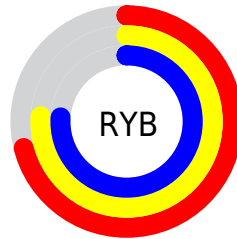
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (76%)

Blue (71%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (76%)

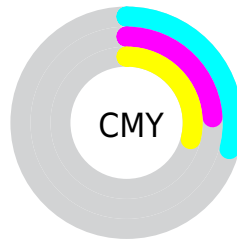


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 188.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870

■ 188.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 161.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870

■ 244.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870

■ 135.3430, -2.7040,
-6.0640

■ 110.3430, -2.7040,
-6.0640

■ 85.7560, -2.4290,
-5.5410

■ 62.7560, -2.4290,
-5.5410

■ 40.8700, -2.7500,
-5.2300

■ 19.7560, -2.4290,

-5.5410

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 188.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870

■ 188.9300, -2.9790,
-6.5870

■ 181.3820, -7.6080,
-16.3120

■ 196.4780, 1.6500,
3.1380

■ 173.7200,
-11.9160, -26.3480

■ 204.1400, 5.9580,
13.1740

■ 166.1720,
-16.5450, -36.0730

■ 211.6880, 10.5870,
22.8990

■ 158.5100,
-20.8530, -46.1090

■ 218.8940, 16.1790,
31.6910

■ 150.9620,
-25.4820, -55.8340

■ 219.1930, 16.7750,
31.9030

■ 143.4140,
-30.1110, -65.5590

■ 136.0510,
-33.8230, -75.3830

■ 128.5030,
-38.4520, -85.1080

■ 120.8410,
-42.7600, -95.1440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189.8770, 4.5400, -5.1880



188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870



188.2220, -9.6730, -6.4170

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870



190.3070, -11.0500, 2.0220



192.4640, 13.4330, 4.3530

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870



186.0700, 2.9790, 6.5870

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.4790, 9.0770, 6.2050



188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870



191.1230, -4.5400, 5.1880

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870



188.9320, -14.4880, -1.7520



192.0700, 2.9790, 6.5870



191.4700, 13.2960, 1.3280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870



188.0090, -13.3870, -5.1870



192.0700, 2.9790, 6.5870



192.5070, 11.8740, 5.0740

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870



250.2340, -0.7790, -2.4030



191.9310, 4.4480, -3.5200



126.7610, -0.8250, -1.5690



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



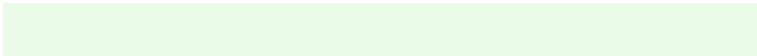
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870



244.3380, -4.3080, -10.0360



189.2010, -5.1800, -5.2440



93.1690, -2.1540, -5.0180



98.0950, -37.1230, -81.6590



20.2680, -7.2870, -16.6230

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



186.0700, 2.9790, 6.5870



239.9610, 4.9040, 10.2480



185.7990, 5.1800, 5.2440



90.8310, 2.1540, 5.0180



62.6060, 36.5270, 81.4470



13.0310, 7.8830, 16.8350

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

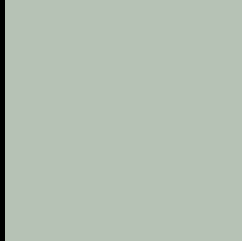
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

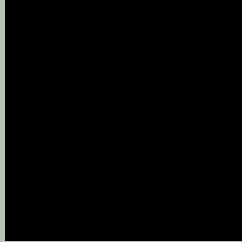
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

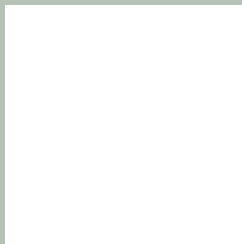
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 188.9300, -2.9790,

-6.5870.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870

Protanopia

190.8390, 7.7030, -1.9370

Deuteranopia

192.2580, 17.0090, 5.6250



Tritanopia

190.5140, -7.1990, 3.8170

Trichromacy



Original Color

188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870

Protanomaly

190.0450, 4.1270, -3.2090

Deuteranomaly

191.2030, 9.6740, 0.8900

Tritanomaly

189.7760, -5.1810, 0.2830

Monochromacy



Original Color

188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870

Achromatopsia

189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

188.9350, -1.3750, -2.6150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 194, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 194, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 194, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 194, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 194, 181) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 194, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 194, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 194, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 194, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 194,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 188.9300, -2.9790, -6.5870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 194, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
194, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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