

Converting Colors

YIQ(189.2830, -10.5020,
14.1220)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(189.2830, -10.5020,
14.1220)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BCB7E1
RGB	188, 183, 225
RGB Percent	74%, 72%, 88%
CMY	0.2627, 0.2823, 0.1177
CMYK	0.16, 0.19, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	247°, 41%, 80%
HSV	247°, 19%, 88%
XYZ	51.2625, 49.9940, 78.1686
YIQ	189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

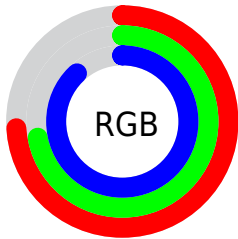
Format	Color
R _Y B	188, 183, 225
Decimal	12367841
CIE Lab	76.07, 10.16, -20.35
CIE LCh	76, 22.745, 296.537
Yxy	49.9940, 0.2857, 0.2786
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290557921 (0xFFBCB7E1)
YUV	189.2830, 17.6085, -1.1252
Hunter-Lab	70.7064, 5.6773, -16.0528

Details

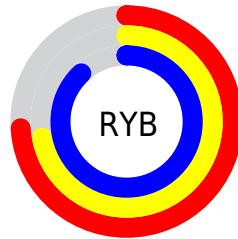
The YIQ color $189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $218.7170, 10.5020, -14.1220$, and the grayscale version is $189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $242.6180, -1.5600, 6.2480$, and $135.7560, -10.4560, 13.2880$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $170.3890, -16.3720, 21.3880$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $208.7640, -4.9070, 6.3330$.

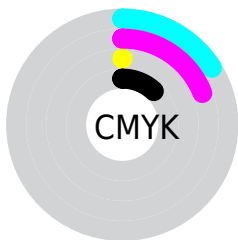
Distribution



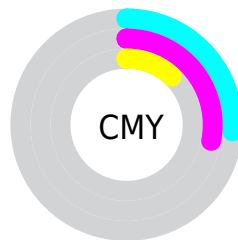
- Red (74%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 189.2830,
-10.5020, 14.1220

■ 189.2830,
-10.5020, 14.1220

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 162.1690,
-10.1810, 13.8110

■ 242.6180, -1.5600,
6.2480

■ 135.7560,
-10.4560, 13.2880

■ 110.5280, -9.8140,
12.6660

■ 86.0010, -9.7680,
11.8320

■ 62.5880, -10.0430,
11.3090

■ 40.0610, -9.9970,
10.4750

■ 19.1210, -10.2260,

9.1180

■ 3.5510, -8.6210,
7.5630

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 189.2830,
-10.5020, 14.1220

■ 189.2830,
-10.5020, 14.1220

■ 170.3890,
-16.3720, 21.3880

■ 208.7640, -4.9070,
6.3330

■ 150.9080,
-21.9670, 29.1770

■ 227.6580, 0.9630,
-0.9330

■ 132.3130,
-27.2410, 36.6550

■ 246.2530, 6.2370,
-8.4110

■ 112.8320,
-32.8360, 44.4440

■ 251.5800, 9.6300,
-9.3300

■ 93.9380, -38.7060,
51.7100

■ 74.4570, -44.3010,
59.4990

■ 55.5630, -50.1710,
66.7650

■ 36.3810, -55.1700,
74.7660

■ 33.7230, -56.1330,
75.6990

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185.4760, -30.3990, 5.7690



189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220



191.0530, 10.8170, 18.7290

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220



188.6050, 34.8450, 1.7650



179.3500, -30.9450, -17.3850

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220



218.7170, 10.5020, -14.1220

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181.8760, -12.0550, -18.3190



189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220



186.8330, 25.0350, -7.6770

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220



190.5870, 35.2560, 10.8400



184.5210, 8.1180, -14.9700



178.7540, -43.6460, -12.9740

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220



191.6860, 22.0960, 18.0640



184.5210, 8.1180, -14.9700



180.3460, -25.1220, -18.2900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220



242.3080, -3.6230, 5.0890



209.5070, -23.6570, -6.2890



120.3250, -2.2930, 3.0110



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220



207.4770, -13.8040, 18.9000



195.5620, 2.0140, 18.5740



102.5530, -2.9350, 3.6330



26.3430, -43.9800, 59.1880



7.2660, -11.8320, 16.2000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199.7760, 13.1550, 20.4110



221.3300, 17.6470, 27.1110



212.4380, -2.0140, -18.5740



105.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420



70.2940, 55.1410, 85.5170



19.2540, 14.8050, 23.5490

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

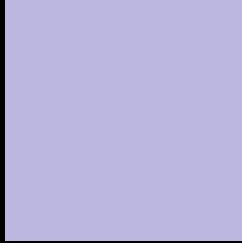
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

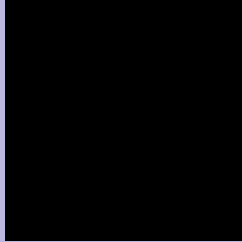
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 189.2830, -10.5020,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220

Protanopia

188.2820, -17.9290, 11.0550

Deuteranopia

188.9840, -11.0980, 13.9100



Tritanopia

187.8130, -6.6030, 4.0290

Trichromacy



Original Color

189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220

Protanomaly

188.7770, -14.9490, 12.1150

Deuteranomaly

188.9840, -11.0980, 13.9100

Tritanomaly

188.4370, -8.3000, 7.2520

Monochromacy



Original Color

189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220

Achromatopsia

189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

189.3080, -3.6230, 5.0890

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 183, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 183, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 183, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 183, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 183, 225) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 183, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 183, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 183, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 183, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 183,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 189.2830, -10.5020, 14.1220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 183, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
183, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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