

# Converting Colors

YIQ(189.3970, -11.9640,  
-14.4600)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(189.3970, -11.9640,  
-14.4600)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9CAB2
RGB	169, 202, 178
RGB Percent	66%, 79%, 70%
CMY	0.3373, 0.2078, 0.3020
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.12, 0.21
HSL	136°, 24%, 73%
HSV	136°, 16%, 79%
XYZ	45.5160, 53.8940, 50.1192
YIQ	189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

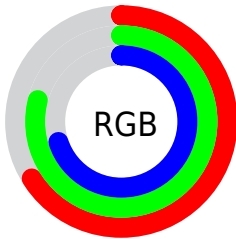
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	169, 195, 202
Decimal	11127474
CIELab	78.40, -15.71, 8.34
CIELCh	78, 17.788, 152.056
Yxy	53.8940, 0.3044, 0.3604
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289317554 (0xFFA9CAB2)
YUV	189.3970, -5.6187, -17.8882
Hunter-Lab	73.4125, -17.8014, 10.9111

# Details

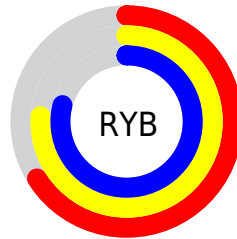
The YIQ color **189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **181.6030, 11.9640, 14.4600**, and the grayscale version is **189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243.3370, -11.7350, -13.1030**, and **136.1090, -11.0930, -13.7250** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **181.7070, -19.0690, -23.3650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197.0870, -4.8590, -5.5550**.

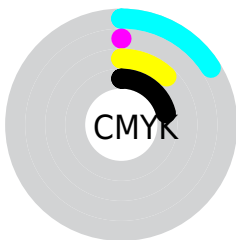
# Distribution



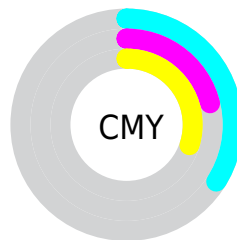
- Red (66%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 189.3970,  
-11.9640, -14.4600

■ 189.3970,  
-11.9640, -14.4600

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 162.3970,  
-11.9640, -14.4600

■ 243.3370,  
-11.7350, -13.1030

■ 136.1090,  
-11.0930, -13.7250

■ 254.4020, -1.1920,  
-0.4240

■ 110.5220,  
-10.8180, -13.2020

■ 85.9350, -10.5430,  
-12.6790

■ 62.4620, -10.5890,  
-11.8450

■ 40.4620, -10.5890,  
-11.8450

■ 18.7500, -11.4600,

-12.5800

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 189.3970,  
-11.9640, -14.4600

■ 189.3970,  
-11.9640, -14.4600

■ 181.7070,  
-19.0690, -23.3650

■ 197.0870, -4.8590,  
-5.5550

■ 174.1310,  
-26.4950, -31.9590

■ 204.6630, 2.5670,  
3.0390

■ 166.1420,  
-34.1960, -41.0760

■ 212.6520, 10.2680,  
12.1560

■ 158.4520,  
-41.3010, -49.9810

■ 220.3420, 17.3730,  
21.0610

■ 150.8760,  
-48.7270, -58.5750

■ 223.4330, 15.8590,  
26.4750

■ 143.1860,  
-55.8320, -67.4800

■ 223.8890, 14.5750,  
27.7190

■ 135.4960,  
-62.9370, -76.3850

■ 127.5070,  
-70.6380, -85.5020

■ 124.8440,  
-73.2050, -88.5410

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



191.3620, 4.3120, -12.0720



189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600



188.3230, -26.3150, -13.1870

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600



193.2660, -21.0000, 6.1360



196.3580, 28.4710, 7.1510

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600



181.6030, 11.9640, 14.4600

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



197.2960, 23.0140, 12.4380



189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600



195.7520, -4.6330, 12.3830

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600



190.3630, -31.8190, -1.5390



197.4180, 11.0470, 14.5590



195.2450, 27.0510, -0.1570



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600



187.7940, -31.9550, -10.0910



197.4180, 11.0470, 14.5590



196.6400, 27.7370, 9.4410

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600



250.0870, -4.8590, -5.5550



195.5470, 5.2290, -12.1710



124.9240, -2.8420, -3.5620



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

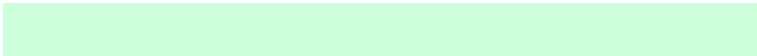


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600



235.5330, -18.5190, -22.3190



191.2210, -17.1000, -9.4840



98.2120, -3.7130, -4.2970



102.5720, -60.0950, -72.8230



23.4460, -13.6600, -16.7640



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



181.6030, 11.9640, 14.4600



223.4670, 18.5190, 22.3190



179.7790, 17.1000, 9.4840



95.7880, 3.7130, 4.2970



63.4280, 60.0950, 72.8230



14.5540, 13.6600, 16.7640



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

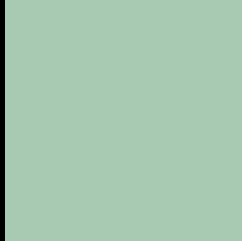
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

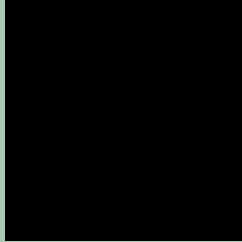
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600.

-14.4600.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600

### Protanopia

193.4110, 11.7840, -4.3120

### Deuteranopia

195.2860, 19.8060, 4.4940



## Tritanopia

192.2460, -18.2480, 0.3120

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600

## Protanomaly

191.8120, 3.1650, -7.8030

## Deuteranomaly

193.0240, 8.6200, -2.0360

## Tritanomaly

191.3400, -15.8170, -5.2010

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600

## Achromatopsia

189.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

189.3860, -4.2630, -5.3430

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 202, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 202, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 202, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 202, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 202, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 202, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 202, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 202, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 202, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 202,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 189.3970, -11.9640, -14.4600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 202, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
202, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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