

# Converting Colors

YIQ(189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980)  
contains.

<b>YIQ(189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YIQ(189.6090, 47.3580,  
22.7980)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F9A2B0
RGB	249, 162, 176
RGB Percent	98%, 64%, 69%
CMY	0.0233, 0.3648, 0.3096
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.29, 0.02
HSL	350°, 88%, 81%
HSV	350°, 35%, 98%
XYZ	59.8414, 49.1140, 47.4237
YIQ	189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

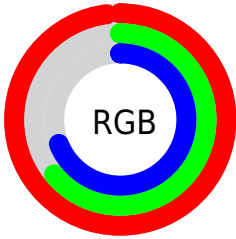
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 162, 176
Decimal	16360112
CIE Lab	75.52, 34.05, 6.19
CIE LCh	76, 34.606, 10.310
Yxy	49.1140, 0.3827, 0.3141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294550192 (0xFFF9A2B0)
YUV	189.6090, -6.7092, 52.0859
Hunter-Lab	70.0814, 29.7758, 8.9358

# Details

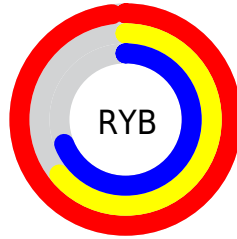
The YIQ color **189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **221.3910, -47.3580, -22.7980**, and the grayscale version is **190.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230.6590, 17.5580, 12.1980**, and **135.2280, 44.0570, 22.0490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172.5400, 60.9740, 29.3420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206.6780, 33.7420, 16.2540**.

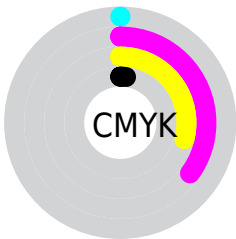
# Distribution



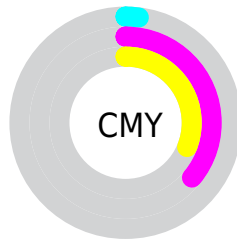
- Red (98%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 189.6090, 47.3580,  
22.7980


 189.6090, 47.3580,  
22.7980


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 162.0110, 46.1660,  
22.3740


 230.6590, 17.5580,  
12.1980


 135.2280, 44.0570,  
22.0490

 249.7170, 2.4750,  
4.7070

 109.0320, 41.6730,  
21.2010

 83.5480, 40.1600,  
21.0880

 58.2920, 38.0050,  
21.5970

 31.8620, 36.4000,  
23.1520

 17.5420, 31.1290,

14.0490

■ 8.4860, 16.3670,  
6.2470

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 189.6090, 47.3580,  
22.7980

■ 189.6090, 47.3580,  
22.7980

■ 172.5400, 60.9740,  
29.3420

■ 206.6780, 33.7420,  
16.2540

■ 155.4710, 74.5900,  
35.8860

■ 223.7470, 20.1260,  
9.7100

■ 138.4020, 88.2060,  
42.4300

■ 240.8160, 6.5100,  
3.1660

■ 121.4470,  
101.5010, 49.2850

■ 253.2060, -3.5760,  
-1.2720

■ 104.3780,  
115.1170, 55.8290

■ 87.8960, 128.4580,  
61.8500

■ 79.0110, 135.5640,  
65.2280

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190.8320, 27.9170, 28.2130



189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980



187.9280, 53.2290, 10.0050

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980



178.9940, -1.0040, -25.8680



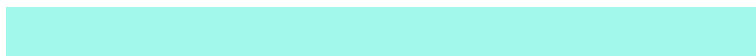
175.5840, -66.1140, -2.2580

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980



221.3910, -47.3580, -22.7980

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167.0730, -81.3330, -18.3010



189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980



174.3460, -34.2900, -28.3540

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980



183.2810, 26.2290, -18.3070



168.7030, -65.9720, -26.8680



184.7070, -35.1230, 14.2930



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980



186.5650, 49.5170, 0.1810



168.7030, -65.9720, -26.8680



172.7030, -73.9990, -8.0390

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980



237.9310, 13.6160, 6.5440



193.7450, 15.5810, 42.5330



117.1260, 8.5730, 4.3250



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980



181.9310, 58.3150, 27.9710



205.0360, 43.8770, 3.2770



116.1150, 7.1060, 3.3780



60.0450, 102.6930, 49.7090



19.3790, 33.1460, 16.0420



# Inverse Universe

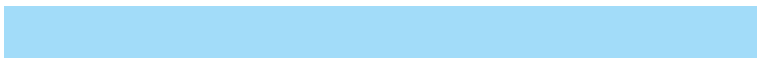
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980



181.9310, 58.3150, 27.9710



205.9640, -43.8770, -3.2770



116.1150, 7.1060, 3.3780



60.0450, 102.6930, 49.7090

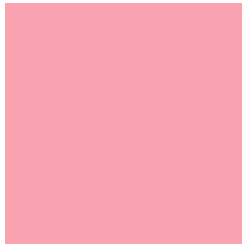


19.3790, 33.1460, 16.0420



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

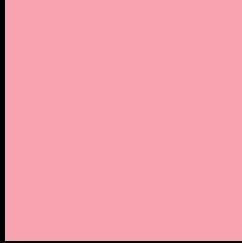
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 189.6090, 47.3580,

22.7980.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980

### Protanopia

187.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690

### Deuteranopia

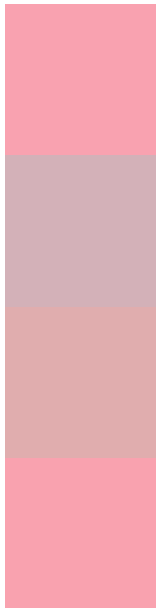
188.1720, 20.1270, 4.1830



## Tritanopia

189.3810, 48.0000, 22.1760

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980

## Protanomaly

187.9640, 18.0170, 9.3850

## Deuteranomaly

188.3630, 30.0750, 11.1230

## Tritanomaly

189.4950, 47.6790, 22.4870

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980

## Achromatopsia

190.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

189.8390, 16.8710, 8.1270

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 162, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 162, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 162, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 162, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 162, 176) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 162, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 162, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 162, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 162, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 162,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 189.6090, 47.3580, 22.7980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 162, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
162, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor