

# Converting Colors

YIQ(189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**YIQ(189.7460, 12.6990,  
6.6430)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEB6BB
RGB	206, 182, 187
RGB Percent	81%, 71%, 73%
CMY	0.1921, 0.2863, 0.2666
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.09, 0.19
HSL	347°, 20%, 76%
HSV	347°, 12%, 81%
XYZ	51.1547, 50.1641, 54.0069
YIQ	189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

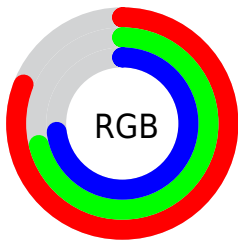
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	206, 182, 187
Decimal	13547195
CIE Lab	76.17, 9.43, 0.60
CIE LCh	76, 9.446, 3.624
Yxy	50.1641, 0.3293, 0.3230
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291737275 (0xFFCEB6BB)
YUV	189.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548
Hunter-Lab	70.8267, 4.9753, 4.3687

# Details

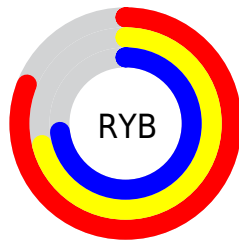
The YIQ color **189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **198.2540, -12.6990, -6.6430**, and the grayscale version is **190.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590**, and **136.4470, 12.1030, 6.4310** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **175.5950, 23.6100, 12.6500**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203.8970, 1.7880, 0.6360**.

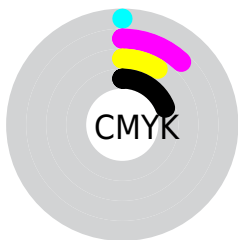
# Distribution



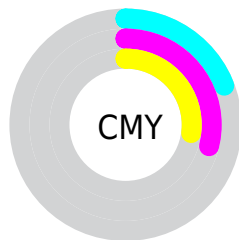
- Red (81%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 189.7460, 12.6990,  
6.6430


 189.7460, 12.6990,  
6.6430


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 162.4470, 12.1030,  
6.4310


 243.6530, 8.5270,  
5.1590

 136.4470, 12.1030,  
6.4310

 111.1480, 11.5070,  
6.2190

 86.4360, 10.6360,  
5.4840

 63.1370, 10.0400,  
5.2720

 40.9520, 9.1230,  
5.3710

 19.9520, 9.1230,

5.3710

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 189.7460, 12.6990,  
6.6430

■ 189.7460, 12.6990,  
6.6430

■ 175.5950, 23.6100,  
12.6500

■ 203.8970, 1.7880,  
0.6360

■ 161.9170, 34.5670,  
17.8230

■ 217.5750, -9.1690,  
-4.5370

■ 147.7660, 45.4780,  
23.8300

■ 231.7260,  
-20.0800, -10.5440

■ 134.2020, 56.1140,  
29.3140

■ 240.0070,  
-28.2410, -11.3210

■ 120.0510, 67.0250,  
35.3210

■ 240.3490,  
-29.2040, -10.3880

■ 105.7860, 78.2570,  
41.0170

■ 92.2220, 88.8930,  
46.5010

■ 78.0710, 99.8040,  
52.5080

■ 66.4960, 108.9730,  
57.0450

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189.5650, 5.9590, 7.6470



189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



189.7200, 15.5880, 3.8440

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



186.2680, 1.8810, -6.5590



186.3880, -15.7720, -0.5080

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



198.2540, -12.6990, -6.6430

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



185.6820, -16.7800, -4.2680



189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



185.5490, -6.2800, -7.3360

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



187.8560, 9.0330, -4.0150



185.0690, -13.6160, -6.5440



187.5460, -10.2250, 3.5910



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



188.8400, 15.1300, 1.1300



185.0690, -13.6160, -6.5440



186.2630, -16.9180, -1.7660

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



249.6200, 4.1260, 2.3180



190.4170, 3.6200, 11.4920



123.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



230.6760, 18.8880, 10.1200



193.2850, 12.3790, 1.4270



95.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420



53.6240, 87.7010, 46.0770



12.2740, 20.0800, 10.5440



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



230.6760, 18.8880, 10.1200



194.7150, -12.3790, -1.4270



95.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420



53.6240, 87.7010, 46.0770



12.2740, 20.0800, 10.5440



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

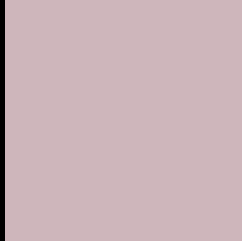
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

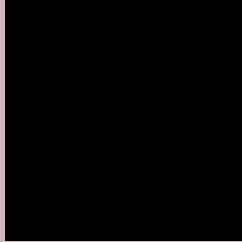
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 189.7460, 12.6990,

6.6430.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430

### Protanopia

188.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810

### Deuteranopia

189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430



## Tritanopia

190.3700, 11.0020, 9.8660

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430

## Protanomaly

188.7450, 5.2720, 3.5760

## Deuteranomaly

189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430

## Tritanomaly

190.0280, 11.9650, 8.9330

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430

## Achromatopsia

190.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

## Achromatomaly

189.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 182, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 182, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 182, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 182, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 182, 187) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 182, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 182, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 182, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 182, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 182,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 189.7460, 12.6990, 6.6430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 182, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
182, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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