

Converting Colors

YIQ(19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(19.9280, -8.6650,
-2.6570)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0A1819
RGB	10, 24, 25
RGB Percent	4%, 9%, 10%
CMY	0.9608, 0.9059, 0.9020
CMYK	0.60, 0.04, 0.00, 0.90
HSL	184°, 43%, 7%
HSV	184°, 60%, 10%
XYZ	0.6272, 0.7881, 1.0383
YIQ	19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	10, 17, 25
Decimal	661529
CIELab	7.12, -4.99, -2.55
CIElCh	7, 5.607, 207.055
Yxy	0.7881, 0.2556, 0.3212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278851609 (0xFF0A1819)
YUV	19.9280, 2.5005, -8.7069
Hunter-Lab	8.8777, -2.9252, -0.7197

Details

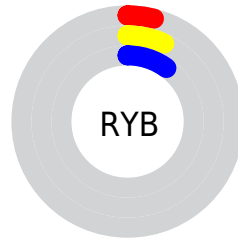
The YIQ color **19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **15.0720, 8.6650, 2.6570**, and the grayscale version is **20.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.0310, -10.4530, -3.2930**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.5260, -7.4730, -2.2330**.

Distribution



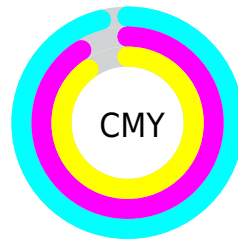
- Red (4%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (90%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.9280, -8.6650,
-2.6570

■ 19.9280, -8.6650,
-2.6570

■ 245.3300, -9.8570,
-3.0810

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 62.9280, -8.6650,
-2.6570

■ 85.9280, -8.6650,
-2.6570

■ 110.0420, -8.9860,
-2.3460

■ 135.6290, -9.2610,
-2.8690

■ 161.7430, -9.5820,
-2.5580

■ 188.7430, -9.5820,

-2.5580

■ 216.4440,
-10.1780, -2.7700

■ 19.9280, -8.6650,
-2.6570

■ 19.9280, -8.6650,
-2.6570

■ 19.0310, -10.4530,
-3.2930

■ 20.5260, -7.4730,
-2.2330

■ 18.4330, -11.6450,
-3.7170

■ 21.4230, -5.6850,
-1.5970

■ 17.5360, -13.4330,
-4.3530

■ 22.0210, -4.4930,
-1.1730

■ 16.3510, -14.3500,
-4.2540

■ 23.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 24.1030, -1.7880,
-0.6360

■ 25.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 25.5980, 1.1920,
0.4240

■ 26.4950, 2.9800,
1.0600

■ 27.0930, 4.1720,
1.4840

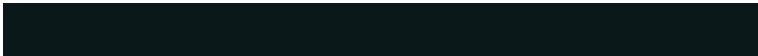
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0700, -6.1890, -3.4770



19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570



20.2810, -8.1610, -0.7770

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570



22.4780, 1.6500, 3.1380



21.4690, 5.8690, -1.7390

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570



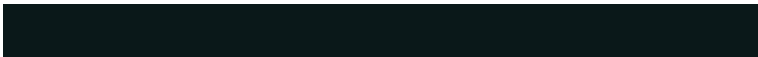
15.0720, 8.6650, 2.6570

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.7080, 6.6940, -0.1700



19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570



22.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570



22.0970, -1.6510, 2.3890



22.1750, 6.8770, 2.0210



21.2620, 2.0180, -3.5340

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570



21.2920, -6.6940, 0.1700



22.1750, 6.8770, 2.0210



21.8820, 6.1440, -1.2160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570



31.2060, -3.5760, -1.2720



18.9190, -4.4460, -7.5340



16.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480



145.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000



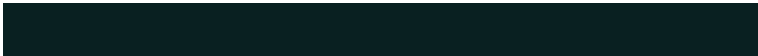
18.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570



25.2370, -14.0290, -4.5650



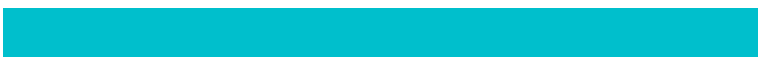
15.8190, -6.7400, 1.0040



12.4020, -1.1920, -0.4240



50.4550, -44.2420, -13.1860



135.3730, -118.0090, -36.4490

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.0810, 4.4460, 7.5340



18.7980, 6.9210, 12.2410



19.1810, 6.7400, -1.0040



11.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460



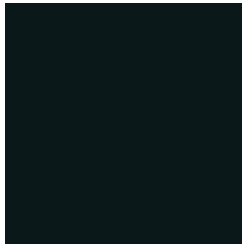
31.1170, 23.1010, 38.4050



82.7700, 60.2730, 102.6490

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

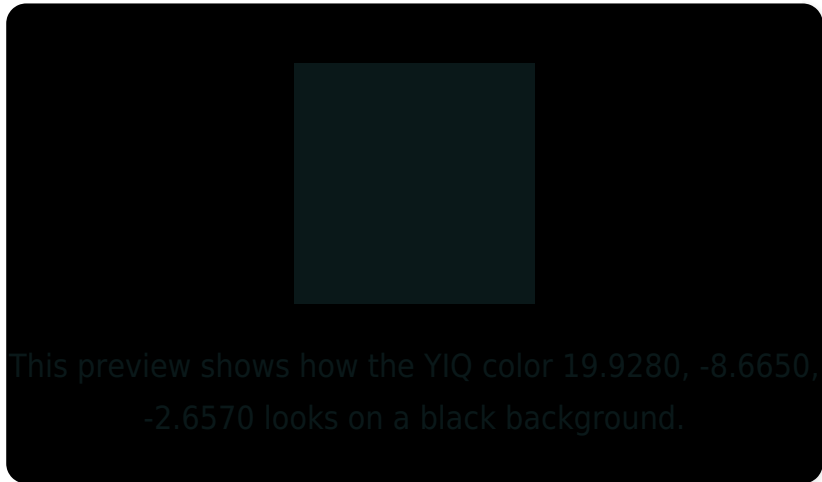
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

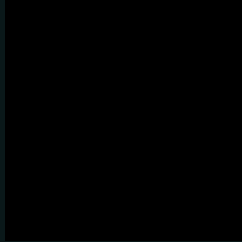
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

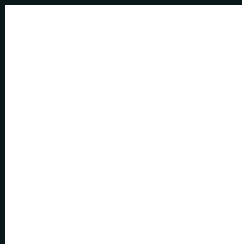
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570.



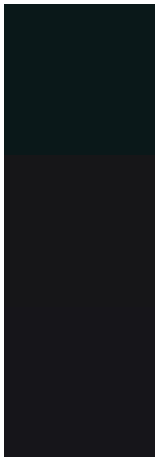
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 19.9280, -8.6650,

-2.6570.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570

Protanopia

22.2280, -0.6420, 0.6220

Deuteranopia

21.8690, -1.0090, 1.7670



Tritanopia

20.0420, -8.9860, -2.3460

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570

Protanomaly

21.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490

Deuteranomaly

21.2600, -3.6680, 0.3960

Tritanomaly

20.0420, -8.9860, -2.3460

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570

Achromatopsia

20.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

19.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 24, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 24, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 24, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 24, 25) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 24, 25) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 24, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(10, 24, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 24, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 24, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 24, 25)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 19.9280, -8.6650, -2.6570 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 24, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 24,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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