

# Converting Colors

YIQ(191.5560, -33.3800,  
10.2360)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(191.5560, -33.3800,  
10.2360)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6C2F6
RGB	166, 194, 246
RGB Percent	65%, 76%, 96%
CMY	0.3490, 0.2392, 0.0355
CMYK	0.33, 0.21, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	219°, 82%, 81%
HSV	219°, 33%, 96%
XYZ	51.6463, 53.3460, 94.7281
YIQ	191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

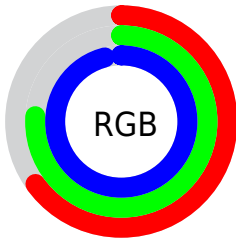
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	166, 187, 246
Decimal	10928886
CIE Lab	78.08, 2.50, -28.72
CIE LCh	78, 28.831, 274.969
Yxy	53.3460, 0.2586, 0.2671
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289118966 (0xFFA6C2F6)
YUV	191.5560, 26.8409, -22.4126
Hunter-Lab	73.0384, -1.5977, -25.7701

# Details

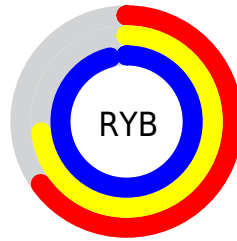
The YIQ color  $191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCFF$ . A complement of this color would be  $220.4440, 33.3800, -10.2360$ , and the grayscale version is  $191.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $242.4970, -17.6970, -4.1690$ , and  $137.9150, -33.0130, 9.0910$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $174.6890, -43.8800, 13.3040$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $208.4230, -22.8800, 7.1680$ .

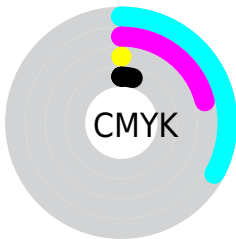
# Distribution



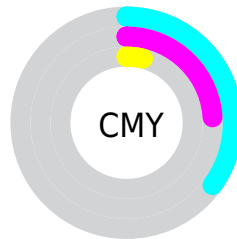
- Red (65%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 191.5560,  
-33.3800, 10.2360

■ 191.5560,  
-33.3800, 10.2360

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000

■ 164.3280,  
-32.7380, 9.6140

■ 242.4970,  
-17.6970, -4.1690

■ 137.8010,  
-32.6920, 8.7800

■ 254.1030, -1.7880,  
-0.6360

■ 111.3880,  
-32.9670, 8.2570

■ 86.5620, -33.5170,  
7.2110

■ 61.1380, -35.2590,  
5.7410

■ 36.8060, -40.2560,  
2.6880

■ 21.7430, -26.7770,

6.2070

■ 6.3210, -13.6650,  
10.8710

■ 2.6390, -6.0530,  
5.0750

■ 191.5560,  
-33.3800, 10.2360

■ 191.5560,  
-33.3800, 10.2360

■ 174.6890,  
-43.8800, 13.3040

■ 208.4230,  
-22.8800, 7.1680

■ 158.1210,  
-53.7840, 16.5840

■ 224.9910,  
-12.9760, 3.8880

■ 141.2540,  
-64.2840, 19.6520

■ 241.8580, -2.4760,  
0.8200

■ 124.6860,  
-74.1880, 22.9320

■ 253.9740, 2.8890,  
-2.7990

■ 107.8190,  
-84.6880, 26.0000

■ 90.9520, -95.1880,  
29.0680

■ 78.5260,  
-102.6160, 31.5280

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185.2170, -54.8350, -2.9230



191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360



196.3100, -5.9640, 19.9880

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360



195.5620, 45.5720, 11.1080



184.5540, -23.0120, -23.4920

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360



220.4440, 33.3800, -10.2360

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



188.4940, 3.5800, -20.8360



191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360



193.9060, 41.1270, -1.9530

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360



196.6510, 38.3720, 20.4520



191.4430, 25.9530, -13.3030



181.0320, -47.7250, -21.6530



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360



197.2860, 11.7790, 23.3230



191.4430, 25.9530, -13.3030



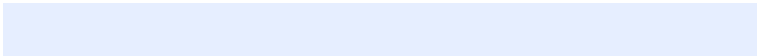
186.0450, -14.2090, -23.3370

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360



237.5460, -10.2250, 3.5910



218.7740, -38.3710, -25.9790



117.3460, -6.7860, 1.8380



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360



187.2440, -41.1290, 13.0070



178.4090, -19.1240, 27.2120



113.7160, -4.9520, 1.6400



59.3590, -77.5810, 23.8510



19.0530, -24.7140, 7.3660



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193.1120, 38.6920, 25.6680



189.4770, 48.0900, 31.5620



233.5910, 19.1240, -27.2120



114.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880



63.0240, 89.9910, 59.6470



20.0350, 28.4230, 19.0390



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

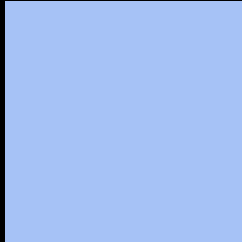
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

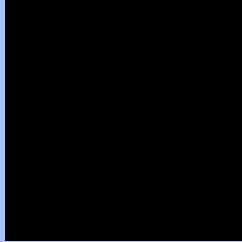
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

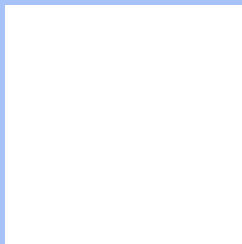
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 191.5560, -33.3800,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360

### Protanopia

193.4540, -24.1650, 13.9390

### Deuteranopia

193.8180, -22.1940, 16.7660



## Tritanopia

188.8640, -28.9760, -3.5040

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360

## Protanomaly

192.6600, -27.7410, 12.6670

## Deuteranomaly

193.1980, -26.3200, 14.4480

## Tritanomaly

189.8410, -30.1690, 1.5990

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360

## Achromatopsia

192.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

192.1760, -12.0590, 3.7890

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 194, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 194, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 194, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 194, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

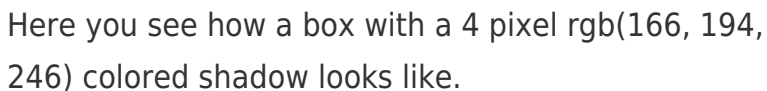
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 194, 246) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 194, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 194, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 194, 246); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 194, 246); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 194, 246) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 191.5560, -33.3800, 10.2360 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 194, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
194, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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