

Converting Colors

YIQ(191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(191.7680, -1.5620,
17.3020)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9B5DF
RGB	201, 181, 223
RGB Percent	79%, 71%, 87%
CMY	0.2117, 0.2902, 0.1255
CMYK	0.10, 0.19, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	269°, 40%, 79%
HSV	269°, 19%, 87%
XYZ	53.9326, 50.7917, 76.7663
YIQ	191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

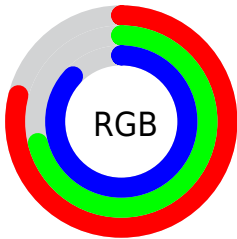
Format	Color
R _{YB}	201, 181, 223
Decimal	13219295
CIE _{Lab}	76.55, 15.01, -18.43
CIE _{LCh}	77, 23.770, 309.157
Yxy	50.7917, 0.2972, 0.2799
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291409375 (0xFFC9B5DF)
YUV	191.7680, 15.3974, 8.0965
Hunter-Lab	71.2683, 10.3612, -13.9761

Details

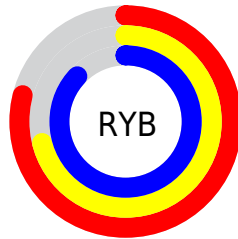
The YIQ color $191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $212.2320, 1.5620, -17.3020$, and the grayscale version is $192.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $244.4340, 4.9500, 9.4140$, and $138.2410, -1.5160, 16.4680$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $175.2660, -2.6640, 26.2640$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $208.2700, -0.4600, 8.3400$.

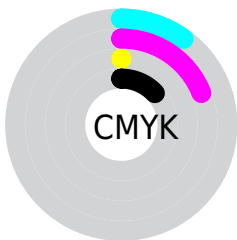
Distribution



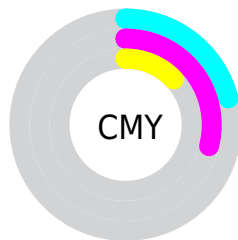
- Red (79%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 191.7680, -1.5620,
17.3020

■ 191.7680, -1.5620,
17.3020

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 164.6540, -1.2410,
16.9910

■ 244.4340, 4.9500,
9.4140

■ 138.2410, -1.5160,
16.4680

■ 112.7140, -1.4700,
15.6340

■ 88.3010, -1.7450,
15.1110

■ 64.7740, -1.6990,
14.2770

■ 42.2470, -1.6530,
13.4430

■ 21.4210, -2.2030,

12.3970

■ 3.3230, -7.9790,
6.9410

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 191.7680, -1.5620,
17.3020

■ 191.7680, -1.5620,
17.3020

■ 175.2660, -2.6640,
26.2640

■ 208.2700, -0.4600,
8.3400

■ 158.4760, -2.8950,
35.9610

■ 225.0600, -0.2290,
-1.3570

■ 141.9740, -3.9970,
44.9230

■ 241.5620, 0.8730,
-10.3190

■ 125.4720, -5.0990,
53.8850

■ 249.2590, 6.1000,
-11.4360

■ 109.2690, -5.6050,
63.0590

■ 251.3520, 10.2720,
-9.9520

■ 92.1800, -6.4320,
72.5440

■ 75.6780, -7.5340,
81.5060

■ 59.4750, -8.0400,
90.6800

■ 57.1160, -8.4070,
91.8250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



188.8190, -23.9350, 9.7690



191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020



192.7720, 18.9780, 19.5060

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020



189.1870, 32.9660, -2.7300



179.9730, -40.0690, -17.2290

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020



212.2320, 1.5620, -17.3020

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181.6730, -21.7290, -19.2090



191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020



187.5610, 19.8090, -12.0870

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020



191.1480, 37.8700, 7.5180



184.6340, 0.3700, -17.7260



180.2960, -48.0480, -10.2880

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020



192.2800, 29.1110, 17.5830



184.6340, 0.3700, -17.7260



179.9690, -34.2460, -18.1340

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020



243.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490



198.7020, -19.5320, 1.5560



121.2220, -0.5050, 3.6470



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020



211.0980, -2.2510, 24.2850



198.0470, 10.9540, 21.7540



103.7490, -0.5510, 4.4810



45.1800, -6.4320, 72.5440



12.3490, -1.7000, 19.8040

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196.0660, 17.9700, 15.7460



217.1750, 25.2130, 22.1490



205.9530, -10.9540, -21.7540



104.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980



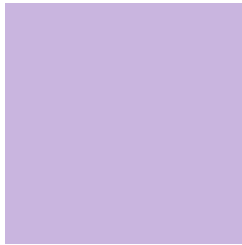
63.1120, 75.3640, 65.9240



17.2020, 20.5830, 17.9510

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

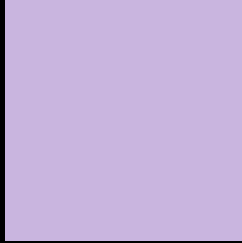
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

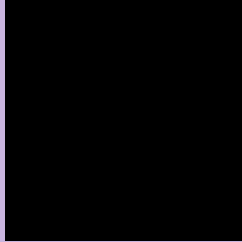
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 191.7680, -1.5620,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020

Protanopia

189.4670, -17.0120, 10.9560

Deuteranopia

190.4250, -8.0260, 13.3020



Tritanopia

190.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090

Trichromacy



Original Color

191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020

Protanomaly

190.5710, -11.3730, 13.3870

Deuteranomaly

191.0340, -5.3670, 14.6730

Tritanomaly

190.9220, 0.6400, 10.4320

Monochromacy



Original Color

191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020

Achromatopsia

192.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

191.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 181, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 181, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 181, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 181, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 181, 223) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 181, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 181, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 181, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 181, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 181,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 191.7680, -1.5620, 17.3020 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 181, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
181, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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