

# Converting Colors

YIQ(192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(192.1220, 41.9000,  
33.6120)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FD9FCB
RGB	253, 159, 203
RGB Percent	99%, 62%, 80%
CMY	0.0076, 0.3766, 0.2038
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.20, 0.01
HSL	332°, 96%, 81%
HSV	332°, 37%, 99%
XYZ	63.7062, 49.9908, 62.8125
YIQ	192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

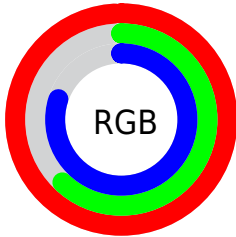
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	253, 159, 203
Decimal	16621515
CIE Lab	76.06, 40.75, -7.76
CIE LCh	76, 41.480, 349.216
Yxy	49.9908, 0.3609, 0.2832
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294811595 (0xFFFD9FCB)
YUV	192.1220, 5.3629, 53.3900
Hunter-Lab	70.7042, 37.1006, -3.1794

# Details

The YIQ color **192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **219.8780, -41.9000, -33.6120**, and the grayscale version is **192.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231.5200, 11.0000, 20.9200**, and **137.5130, 39.2410, 32.2410** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **175.9650, 52.9480, 42.6440**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208.2790, 30.8520, 24.5800**.

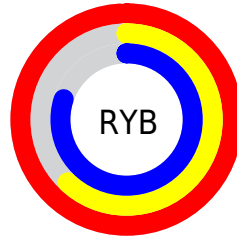
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (62%)

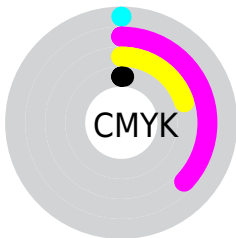
Blue (80%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (80%)

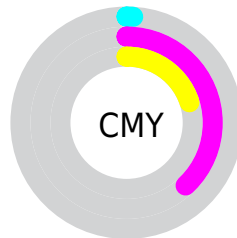


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (38%)


Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 192.1220, 41.9000,  
33.6120

 192.1220, 41.9000,  
33.6120


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 164.5240, 40.7080,  
33.1880


 231.5200, 11.0000,  
20.9200


 137.5130, 39.2410,  
32.2410

 248.5430, 3.0250,  
5.7530

 110.6160, 37.4530,  
31.6050

 84.4310, 36.5360,  
31.7040

 58.3600, 35.2980,  
32.1140

 31.3430, 33.9680,  
34.1920

 21.4740, 25.8090,

22.3610

■ 11.4050, 21.0890,  
8.7770

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 192.1220, 41.9000,  
33.6120

■ 192.1220, 41.9000,  
33.6120

■ 175.9650, 52.9480,  
42.6440

■ 208.2790, 30.8520,  
24.5800

■ 159.1070, 64.5920,  
51.8880

■ 225.1370, 19.2080,  
15.3360

■ 142.9500, 75.6400,  
60.9200

■ 241.2940, 8.1600,  
6.3040

■ 126.6790, 87.0090,  
69.6410

254.4020, -1.1920,  
-0.4240

■ 109.9350, 98.3320,  
79.1960

■ 93.6640, 109.7010,  
87.9170

■ 89.2130, 112.5890,  
90.6450

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192.7130, 9.4390, 32.6950



192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



188.2740, 55.6110, 21.9070

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



182.4990, 22.3790, -25.6290



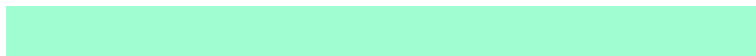
155.3380, -118.9280, -25.2960

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



219.8780, -41.9000, -33.6120

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



154.2230, -108.8390, -37.4390



192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



177.1340, -13.3820, -32.8220

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



185.7030, 48.6480, -11.6080



168.9240, -56.7090, -35.0530



175.2290, -72.3040, -0.2080



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



188.5870, 61.6190, 12.1390



168.9240, -56.7090, -35.0530



147.7120, -132.0850, -34.6530

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



236.8540, 12.5150, 9.9790



184.3670, -0.9700, 39.6220



116.9950, 7.5640, 6.0920



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



180.5410, 51.2060, 41.1740



188.2800, 55.4740, 18.8820



119.5710, 5.8220, 4.6220



67.3690, 84.9460, 68.4820



22.5560, 28.5140, 22.8980



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



180.5410, 51.2060, 41.1740



223.7200, -55.4740, -18.8820



119.5710, 5.8220, 4.6220



67.3690, 84.9460, 68.4820



22.5560, 28.5140, 22.8980



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

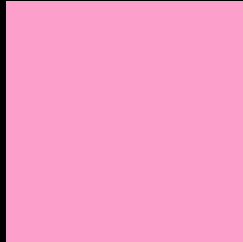
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

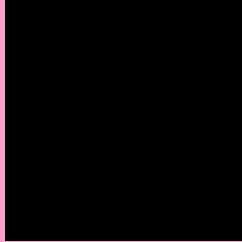
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 192.1220, 41.9000,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120

### Protanopia

188.4950, -14.2150, 9.8250

### Deuteranopia

189.6190, 5.8670, 9.3150



## Tritanopia

191.0820, 47.4040, 21.9640

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



## Protanomaly

189.6010, 6.2780, 18.3900



## Deuteranomaly

190.7180, 19.0700, 17.8380



## Tritanomaly

191.3470, 45.3400, 26.3320

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120



## Achromatopsia

192.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

191.9900, 15.1280, 12.1840

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 159, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 159, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 159, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 159, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 159, 203) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 159, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 159, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 159, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 159, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 159,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 192.1220, 41.9000, 33.6120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 159, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
159, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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