

Converting Colors

YIQ(192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(192.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDC2C2
RGB	189, 194, 194
RGB Percent	74%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.2588, 0.2392, 0.2392
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	180°, 4%, 75%
HSV	180°, 3%, 76%
XYZ	50.0150, 53.2978, 58.6886
YIQ	192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

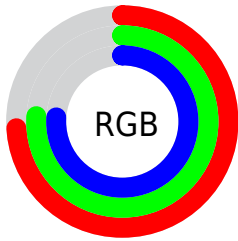
Format	Color
R _Y B	189, 192, 194
Decimal	12436162
CIE Lab	78.05, -1.72, -0.61
CIE LCh	78, 1.827, 199.472
Yxy	53.2978, 0.3087, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290626242 (0xFFBDC2C2)
YUV	192.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739
Hunter-Lab	73.0054, -5.4714, 3.4409

Details

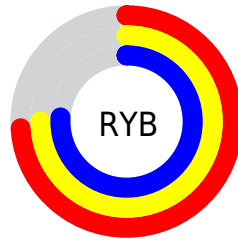
The YIQ color $192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $190.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600$, and the grayscale version is $192.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $248.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600$, and $138.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $186.8240, -14.3040, -5.0880$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $198.1860, 8.3440, 2.9680$.

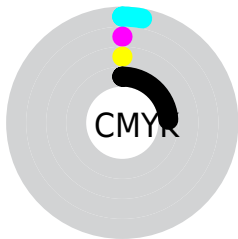
Distribution



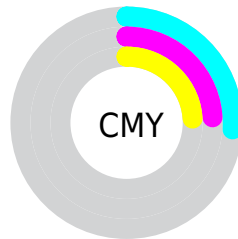
- Red (74%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 192.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 192.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 165.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 248.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 138.8040, -2.3840,
-0.8480

■ 113.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 88.8040, -2.3840,
-0.8480

■ 65.8040, -2.3840,
-0.8480

■ 43.8040, -2.3840,
-0.8480

■ 23.1030, -1.7880,

-0.6360

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 192.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 192.5050, -2.9800,
-1.0600

■ 186.8240,
-14.3040, -5.0880

■ 198.1860, 8.3440,
2.9680

■ 180.8440,
-26.2240, -9.3280

■ 204.1660, 20.2640,
7.2080

■ 175.1630,
-37.5480, -13.3560

■ 209.8470, 31.5880,
11.2360

■ 169.1830,
-49.4680, -17.5960

■ 212.2390, 36.3560,
12.9320

■ 163.5020,
-60.7920, -21.6240

■ 157.8210,
-72.1160, -25.6520

■ 151.8410,
-84.0360, -29.8920

■ 146.1600,
-95.3600, -33.9200

■ 140.1800,
-107.2800, -38.1600

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192.5760, -1.7420, -1.4700



192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600



192.6190, -3.3010, -0.7490

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600



193.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690



193.2560, 2.1550, -0.5090

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600



190.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.9680, 3.0260, 0.2260



192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600



193.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600



193.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330



193.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600



192.6580, 0.9630, -0.9330

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600



192.4450, -2.7510, 0.2970



193.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600



192.9680, 3.0260, 0.2260

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600



251.4020, -1.1920, -0.4240



191.9350, -1.3750, -2.6150



127.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



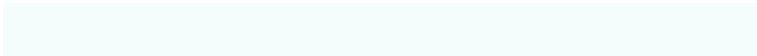
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600



249.9070, -4.1720, -1.4840



191.3310, -2.4300, -0.0140



95.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480



112.7470, -95.6350, -34.4430



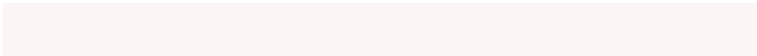
23.1330, -19.6680, -6.9960

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600



247.0930, 4.1720, 1.4840



191.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140



94.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480



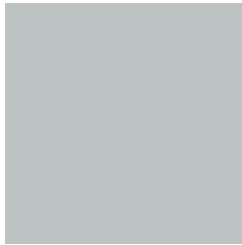
48.1390, 95.9560, 34.1320



9.8670, 19.6680, 6.9960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

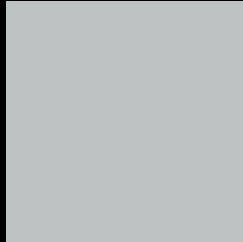
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

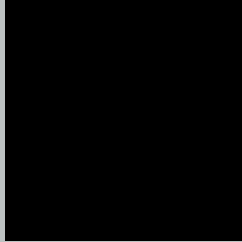
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

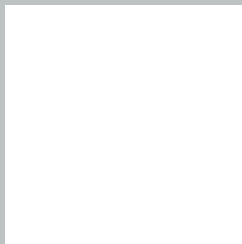
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600.



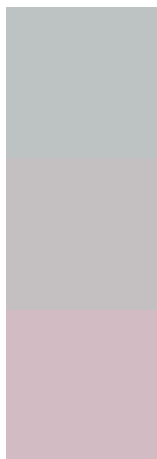
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 192.5050, -2.9800,

-1.0600.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600

Protanopia

193.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

Deuteranopia

194.7890, 11.1400, 7.3640



Tritanopia

193.4110, -5.4110, 4.4530

Trichromacy



Original Color

192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600

Protanomaly

193.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

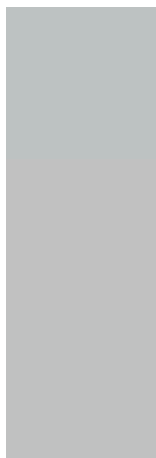
Deuteranomaly

194.1580, 5.5470, 4.0990

Tritanomaly

193.1290, -4.6770, 2.1630

Monochromacy



Original Color

192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600

Achromatopsia

193.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

192.7010, -0.5960, -0.2120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 194, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 194, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 194, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 194, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 194, 194) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 194, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 194, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 194, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 194, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 194,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 192.5050, -2.9800, -1.0600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 194, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
194, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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