

Converting Colors

YIQ(192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(192.9370, -3.7160,
12.2840)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5BADA
RGB	197, 186, 218
RGB Percent	77%, 73%, 85%
CMY	0.2274, 0.2706, 0.1451
CMYK	0.10, 0.15, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	261°, 30%, 79%
HSV	261°, 15%, 85%
XYZ	53.2406, 52.0492, 73.5632
YIQ	192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

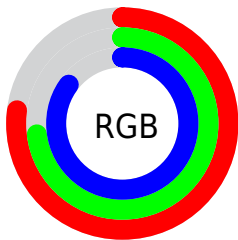
Format	Color
R _Y B	197, 186, 218
Decimal	12958426
CIE Lab	77.31, 9.97, -14.61
CIE LCh	77, 17.689, 304.290
Yxy	52.0492, 0.2977, 0.2910
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291148506 (0xFFC5BADA)
YUV	192.9370, 12.3561, 3.5633
Hunter-Lab	72.1452, 5.4726, -9.9537

Details

The YIQ color $192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $211.0630, 3.7160, -12.2840$, and the grayscale version is $193.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $247.0700, 2.9790, 6.5870$, and $139.4100, -3.6700, 11.4500$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $175.8370, -6.0100, 20.8220$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $210.0370, -1.4220, 3.7460$.

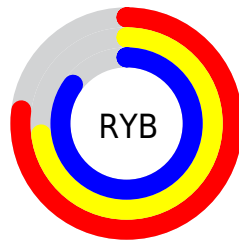
Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (73%)

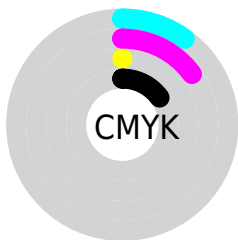
Blue (85%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (85%)

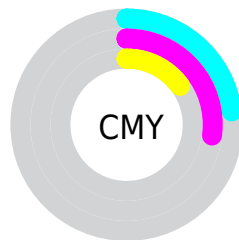


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 192.9370, -3.7160,
12.2840

■ 192.9370, -3.7160,
12.2840

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 165.8230, -3.3950,
11.9730

■ 247.0700, 2.9790,
6.5870

■ 139.4100, -3.6700,
11.4500

■ 113.9970, -3.9450,
10.9270

■ 89.1820, -3.0280,
10.8280

■ 65.7690, -3.3030,
10.3050

■ 43.9430, -3.8530,
9.2590

■ 22.7150, -3.2110,

8.6370

■ 2.9810, -7.0160,
6.0080

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 192.9370, -3.7160,
12.2840

■ 192.9370, -3.7160,
12.2840

■ 175.8370, -6.0100,
20.8220

■ 210.0370, -1.4220,
3.7460

■ 158.4380, -8.9000,
29.1480

■ 227.4360, 1.4680,
-4.5800

■ 141.9250,
-11.4690, 37.1630

■ 243.9490, 4.0370,
-12.5950

■ 124.8250,
-13.7630, 45.7010

■ 250.4830, 11.2810,
-11.7190

■ 107.7250,
-16.0570, 54.2390

■ 250.7820, 11.8770,
-11.5070

■ 90.3260, -18.9470,
62.5650

■ 73.2260, -21.2410,
71.1030

■ 56.7130, -23.8100,
79.1180

■ 47.2770, -25.2780,
83.6980

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190.7500, -19.4870, 6.2490



192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840



193.9020, 12.5600, 14.6720

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840



191.6470, 25.8590, -0.5810



185.1380, -27.2320, -13.0880

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840



211.0630, 3.7160, -12.2840

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



186.2120, -12.8810, -14.3610



192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840



190.5270, 17.1490, -7.9310

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840



193.2440, 28.7920, 6.8400



188.4650, 2.5240, -12.7080



185.4780, -33.8810, -8.2250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840



194.2680, 20.2170, 13.5690



188.4650, 2.5240, -12.7080



185.0630, -22.6470, -13.5830

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840



247.0370, -1.4220, 3.7460



201.9750, -16.0470, -1.0310



122.3960, -1.0550, 2.6010



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840



219.0280, -5.2300, 17.6980



197.7210, 5.8200, 15.6760



101.1510, -1.7430, 4.0570



37.6620, -19.7730, 66.5230



10.0280, -5.2300, 17.6980

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



197.9620, 12.3310, 13.3150



226.1740, 17.7860, 19.0820



206.2790, -5.8200, -15.6760



103.0870, 4.3090, 4.5090



64.7230, 66.5140, 72.1300



17.1740, 17.7860, 19.0820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

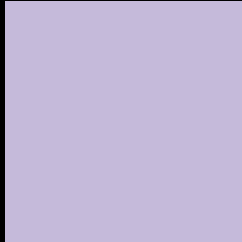
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

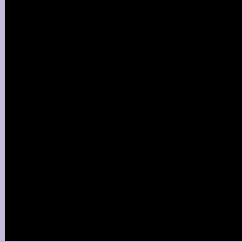
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 192.9370, -3.7160,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840

Protanopia

191.3380, -12.3350, 8.7930

Deuteranopia

192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840



Tritanopia

191.8030, -0.6430, 6.1490

Trichromacy



Original Color

192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840

Protanomaly

191.8330, -9.3550, 9.8530

Deuteranomaly

192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840

Tritanomaly

192.0850, -1.3770, 8.4390

Monochromacy



Original Color

192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840

Achromatopsia

193.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

192.5640, -1.4680, 4.5800

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 186, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 186, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 186, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 186, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

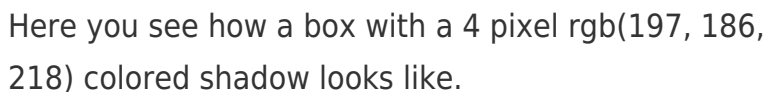
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 186, 218) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 186, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 186, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 186, 218); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 186, 218); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 186, 218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 192.9370, -3.7160, 12.2840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 186, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
186, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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