

Converting Colors

YIQ(193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(193.1090, -19.1200,
5.1040)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2C3DF
RGB	178, 195, 223
RGB Percent	70%, 76%, 87%
CMY	0.3020, 0.2352, 0.1256
CMYK	0.20, 0.13, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	217°, 41%, 79%
HSV	217°, 20%, 87%
XYZ	51.1914, 53.8241, 77.4855
YIQ	193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

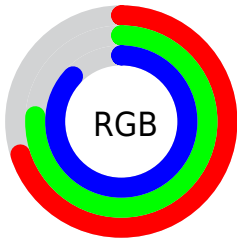
Format	Color
R _Y B	178, 190, 223
Decimal	11715551
CIE Lab	78.36, 0.09, -15.87
CIE LCh	78, 15.872, 270.318
Yxy	53.8241, 0.2805, 0.2949
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289905631 (0xFFB2C3DF)
YUV	193.1090, 14.7363, -13.2506
Hunter-Lab	73.3649, -3.8377, -11.2646

Details

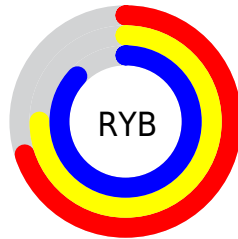
The YIQ color $193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $207.8910, 19.1200, -5.1040$, and the grayscale version is $193.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $246.3730, -11.4160, -2.3600$, and $139.2940, -18.2030, 5.0050$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $178.3130, -28.3820, 7.7620$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $207.9050, -9.8580, 2.4460$.

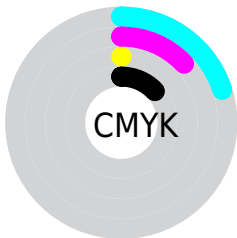
Distribution



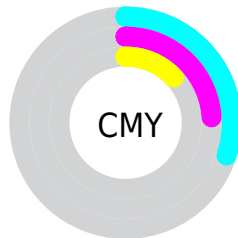
- Red (70%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 193.1090,
-19.1200, 5.1040

■ 193.1090,
-19.1200, 5.1040

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 165.9950,
-18.7990, 4.7930

■ 246.9600,
-11.6910, -2.8830

■ 139.2940,
-18.2030, 5.0050

■ 113.7670,
-18.1570, 4.1710

■ 89.0660, -17.5610,
4.3830

■ 65.5390, -17.5150,
3.5490

■ 43.1260, -17.7900,
3.0260

■ 21.0010, -18.9360,

1.7680

■ 3.4370, -8.3000,
7.2520

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 193.1090,
-19.1200, 5.1040

■ 193.1090,
-19.1200, 5.1040

■ 178.3130,
-28.3820, 7.7620

■ 207.9050, -9.8580,
2.4460

■ 163.2180,
-38.2400, 10.2080

■ 223.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 148.4220,
-47.5020, 12.8660

■ 237.7960, 9.2620,
-2.6580

■ 134.2130,
-57.0390, 15.0010

■ 248.4170, 11.6470,
-7.3370

■ 119.4170,
-66.3010, 17.6590

■ 251.3520, 10.2720,
-9.9520

■ 104.3220,
-76.1590, 20.1050

■ 89.5260, -85.4210,
22.7630

■ 74.7300, -94.6830,
25.4210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



190.2170, -28.4720, -1.6240



193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040



195.3990, -5.1370, 10.5030

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040



196.3900, 25.4450, 6.9250



190.1200, -9.6260, -12.7780

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040



207.8910, 19.1200, -5.1040

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



191.3020, 4.5410, -10.7150



193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040



194.8040, 23.9790, 0.4510

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040



196.8010, 20.0340, 11.3780



193.6950, 16.7360, -5.9520



189.0030, -22.4180, -12.2260

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040



196.2430, 4.1700, 12.5380



193.6950, 16.7360, -5.9520



190.5720, -5.0870, -12.4390

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040



244.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500



207.6070, -21.3630, -14.8270



121.7870, -3.7140, 1.2300



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040



214.4550, -25.9060, 6.9420



184.6250, -11.4650, 15.0550



104.6020, -4.6310, 1.3290



59.3930, -74.9210, 19.6950



16.0380, -20.3580, 5.5140

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193.3930, 21.3630, 14.8270



214.8610, 28.9730, 20.0850



216.3750, 11.4650, -15.0550



104.7450, 5.2720, 3.5760



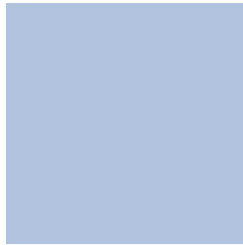
60.2620, 83.3890, 58.1490



16.4040, 22.8300, 15.7740

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

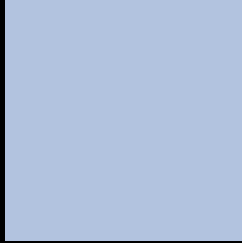
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

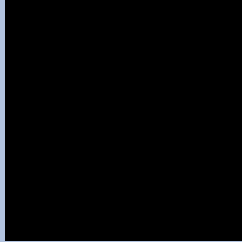
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 193.1090, -19.1200,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040

Protanopia

194.4090, -11.0970, 8.3830

Deuteranopia

195.6810, -5.8710, 12.7930



Tritanopia

192.4310, -17.3310, 0.2130

Trichromacy



Original Color

193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040

Protanomaly

193.9140, -14.0770, 7.3230

Deuteranomaly

194.7620, -10.5930, 10.2630

Tritanomaly

192.5990, -17.7440, 2.1920

Monochromacy



Original Color

193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040

Achromatopsia

193.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Achromatomaly

193.3460, -6.7860, 1.8380

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 195, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 195, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 195, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 195, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

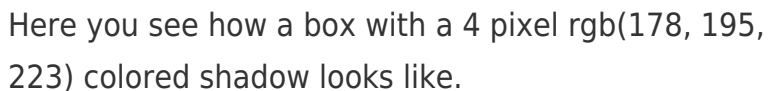
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 195, 223) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 195, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 195, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 195, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 195, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 195,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 193.1090, -19.1200, 5.1040 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 195, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
195, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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