

# Converting Colors

YIQ(193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(193.6580, 36.4940,  
10.4300)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBB1AB
RGB	235, 177, 171
RGB Percent	92%, 69%, 67%
CMY	0.0783, 0.3060, 0.3293
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.27, 0.08
HSL	6°, 62%, 80%
HSV	6°, 27%, 92%
XYZ	57.3439, 52.0444, 45.5703
YIQ	193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

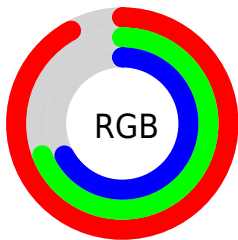
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">235, 178, 171</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15446443</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.31, 20.31, 11.27</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">77, 23.225, 29.036</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">52.0444, 0.3701, 0.3359</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293636523</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFEBB1AB</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">193.6580, -11.1704, 36.2569</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">72.1418, 15.6376, 13.0471</a>

# Details

The YIQ color **193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **212.3420, -36.4940, -10.4300**, and the grayscale version is **194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **238.7800, 15.3590, 2.4870**, and **139.5760, 33.7890, 9.8930** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **178.7090, 49.6520, 14.2600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208.7210, 23.0150, 6.9110**.

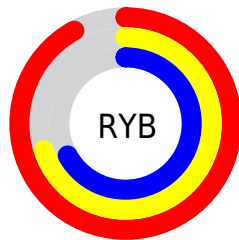
# Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (69%)

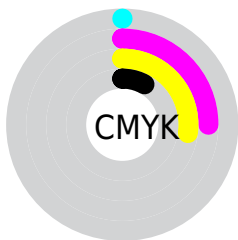
Blue (67%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (67%)

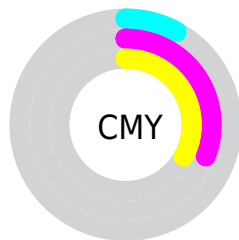


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (31%)


Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 193.6580, 36.4940,  
10.4300


 193.6580, 36.4940,  
10.4300


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 166.1740, 34.9810,  
10.3170


 238.7800, 15.3590,  
2.4870

 139.5760, 33.7890,  
9.8930

 113.9780, 32.5970,  
9.4690

 89.1950, 30.4880,  
9.1440

 65.2980, 28.7000,  
8.5080

 41.6290, 26.2700,  
8.4940

 18.7600, 27.2790,

6.7270

■ 5.9800, 11.9200,  
4.2400

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 193.6580, 36.4940,  
10.4300

■ 193.6580, 36.4940,  
10.4300

■ 178.7090, 49.6520,  
14.2600

■ 208.7210, 23.0150,  
6.9110

■ 163.0590, 63.4060,  
18.3020

■ 224.2570, 9.5820,  
2.5580

■ 148.1100, 76.5640,  
22.1320

■ 239.3200, -3.8970,  
-0.9610

■ 133.0470, 90.0430,  
25.6510

■ 249.0200,  
-11.9200, -4.2400

■ 117.5110,  
103.4760, 30.0040

■ 102.4480,  
116.9550, 33.5230

■ 87.4990, 130.1130,  
37.3530

■ 83.1790, 134.0100,  
38.3140

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194.8670, 28.8360, 17.0600



193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300



192.0780, 34.8910, 0.9310

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300



184.9790, -13.8430, -18.9550



189.3020, -29.8490, 6.8150

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300



212.3420, -36.4940, -10.4300

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184.5510, -44.1520, -3.8000



193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300



182.5670, -33.0540, -17.7100

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300



187.8090, 7.2470, -15.7050



182.3840, -45.4800, -12.7760



193.1800, -8.7140, 14.7580



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300



191.0400, 28.8860, -5.8820



182.3840, -45.4800, -12.7760



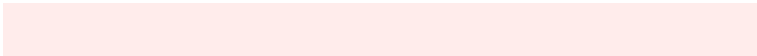
187.6710, -35.4420, 3.5500

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300



241.5670, 11.6450, 3.7170



196.8620, 19.2050, 31.9170



119.4740, 7.4730, 2.2330



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300



200.8120, 47.8640, 13.6240



211.8550, 27.9690, -5.7830



109.8760, 6.2810, 1.8090



64.0980, 103.2010, 29.4810



19.0810, 30.8090, 8.8330

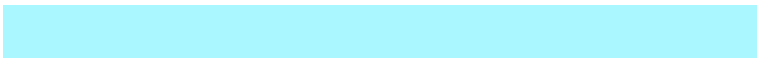


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212.3420, -36.4940, -10.4300



225.1880, -47.8640, -13.6240



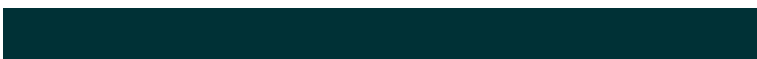
194.1450, -27.9690, 5.7830



113.1240, -6.2810, -1.8090



116.9020, -103.2010, -29.4810



34.9190, -30.8090, -8.8330



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

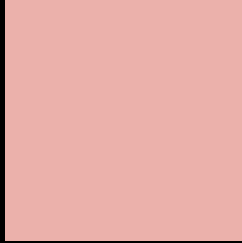
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

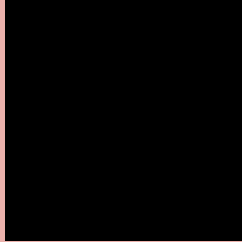
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 193.6580, 36.4940,

10.4300.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300

### Protanopia

191.6110, 8.3450, -2.5590

### Deuteranopia

192.5700, 24.7580, 2.8540



## Tritanopia

194.4330, 33.0540, 17.7100

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300

## Protanomaly

192.2210, 18.4310, 1.8790

## Deuteranomaly

192.6030, 29.1590, 5.6950

## Tritanomaly

194.0370, 34.1090, 15.1090

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300

## Achromatopsia

194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

194.0510, 13.1580, 3.8300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 177, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 177, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 177, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 177, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 177, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 177, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 177, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 177, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 177, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 177,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 193.6580, 36.4940, 10.4300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 177, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
177, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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