

Converting Colors

YIQ(193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(193.7460, -40.0270,
4.0450)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9ECAF5
RGB	158, 202, 245
RGB Percent	62%, 79%, 96%
CMY	0.3805, 0.2078, 0.0394
CMYK	0.36, 0.18, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	210°, 81%, 79%
HSV	210°, 36%, 96%
XYZ	51.6955, 56.1065, 94.4520
YIQ	193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

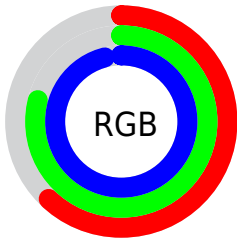
Format	Color
R _Y B	158, 187, 245
Decimal	10406645
CIE Lab	79.67, -4.25, -25.79
CIE LCh	80, 26.134, 260.640
Yxy	56.1065, 0.2556, 0.2774
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288596725 (0xFF9ECA _{F5})
YUV	193.7460, 25.2682, -31.3492
Hunter-Lab	74.9042, -7.8899, -22.3299

Details

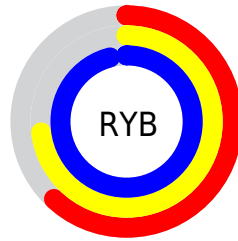
The YIQ color **193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **209.2540, 40.0270, -4.0450**, and the grayscale version is **194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **243.0400, -23.8400, -8.4800**, and **139.2190, -39.9810, 3.2110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **179.2270, -51.6270, 5.0210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207.9660, -29.0230, 2.8570**.

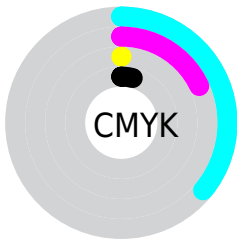
Distribution



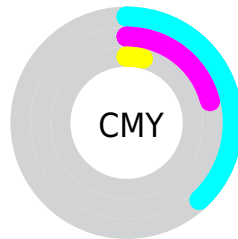
- Red (62%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 193.7460,
-40.0270, 4.0450

■ 193.7460,
-40.0270, 4.0450

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 166.2190,
-39.9810, 3.2110

■ 243.0400,
-23.8400, -8.4800

■ 139.2190,
-39.9810, 3.2110

■ 251.7110, -6.5560,
-2.3320

■ 112.6920,
-39.9350, 2.3770

■ 87.5670, -41.0810,
1.1190

■ 60.4630, -46.7200,
-1.3120

■ 39.6270, -41.3100,
-0.2380

■ 25.2650, -28.4270,

3.0690

■ 6.3210, -13.6650,
10.8710

■ 2.6390, -6.0530,
5.0750

■ 193.7460,
-40.0270, 4.0450

■ 193.7460,
-40.0270, 4.0450

■ 179.2270,
-51.6270, 5.0210

■ 207.9660,
-29.0230, 2.8570

■ 165.0070,
-62.6310, 6.2090

■ 222.4850,
-17.4230, 1.8810

■ 150.4880,
-74.2310, 7.1850

■ 236.7050, -6.4190,
0.6930

■ 136.2680,
-85.2350, 8.3730

■ 250.9250, 4.5850,
-0.4950

■ 122.0480,
-96.2390, 9.5610

■ 253.8600, 3.2100,
-3.1100

■ 106.9420,
-107.5640, 11.0600

■ 100.7180,
-112.7450, 11.3430

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



188.5390, -53.0460, -7.8140



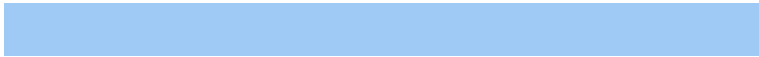
193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450



198.6890, -17.5170, 14.6030

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450



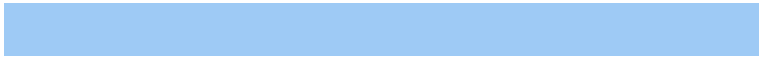
201.0330, 39.9320, 14.2040



191.2630, -8.8910, -20.5950

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450



209.2540, 40.0270, -4.0450

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194.5170, 13.9410, -15.8750



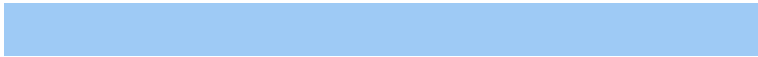
193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450



199.0080, 41.0800, 4.4080

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450



201.7900, 27.7350, 20.4950



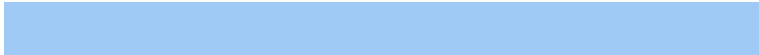
197.0680, 31.6830, -7.0130



188.4590, -32.8700, -21.0460

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450



200.5340, -0.7830, 19.7050



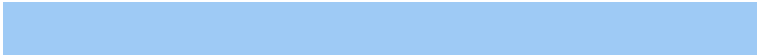
197.0680, 31.6830, -7.0130



192.6830, -1.3260, -20.0300

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450



238.4100, -12.8380, 1.3860



213.8570, -37.4070, -32.4390



117.6340, -7.6570, 1.1030



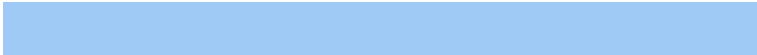
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450



190.4120, -50.7100, 4.9220



168.5050, -28.2020, 26.5340



114.8900, -5.5020, 0.5940



76.3820, -85.5560, 8.6840



24.3360, -27.1890, 2.6590

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189.0290, 37.7280, 32.1280



184.2740, 47.5840, 40.7360



234.4950, 28.2020, -26.5340



114.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100



66.3300, 80.6820, 68.6660



21.0610, 25.5340, 21.8380

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

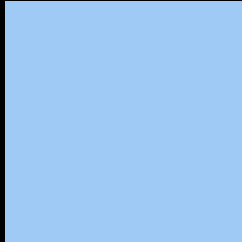
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

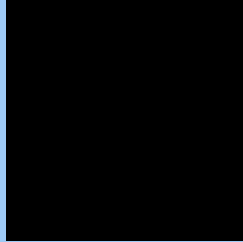
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

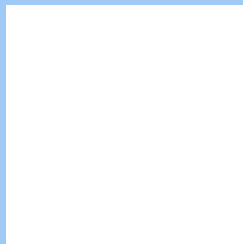
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 193.7460, -40.0270,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450

Protanopia

197.7380, -19.2130, 12.2990

Deuteranopia

198.2590, -19.1220, 16.1580



Tritanopia

191.9770, -36.7240, -6.2600

Trichromacy



Original Color

193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450

Protanomaly

196.4380, -27.2360, 9.0200

Deuteranomaly

196.3180, -26.7780, 11.7340

Tritanomaly

192.9000, -37.8250, -2.8250

Monochromacy



Original Color

193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450

Achromatopsia

194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

194.0400, -14.6720, 1.5840

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 202, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 202, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 202, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 202, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 202, 245) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 202, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 202, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 202, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 202, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 202,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 193.7460, -40.0270, 4.0450 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 202, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
202, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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