

# Converting Colors

YIQ(194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(194.0250, 34.3830,  
21.1590)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0ABC0
RGB	240, 171, 192
RGB Percent	94%, 67%, 75%
CMY	0.0586, 0.3295, 0.2469
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.20, 0.06
HSL	342°, 70%, 81%
HSV	342°, 29%, 94%
XYZ	60.0258, 51.4552, 56.6551
YIQ	194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

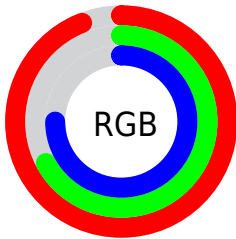
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 171, 192
Decimal	15772608
CIE Lab	76.95, 28.32, -0.60
CIE LCh	77, 28.322, 358.791
Yxy	51.4552, 0.3570, 0.3060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293962688 (0xFFFF0ABC0)
YUV	194.0250, -0.9983, 40.3201
Hunter-Lab	71.7323, 23.8379, 3.3845

# Details

The YIQ color **194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **216.9750, -34.3830, -21.1590**, and the grayscale version is **194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237.7660, 9.9470, 12.4670**, and **139.8290, 31.9990, 20.3110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **177.9990, 46.4400, 28.4240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **210.0510, 22.3260, 13.8940**.

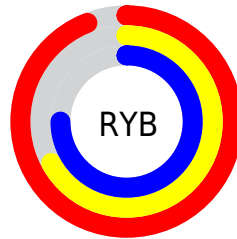
# Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (67%)

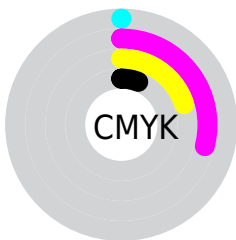
Blue (75%)



Red (94%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (75%)

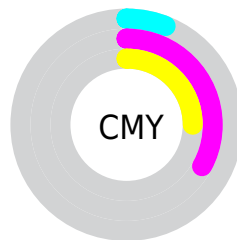


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 194.0250, 34.3830,  
21.1590


 194.0250, 34.3830,  
21.1590


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 166.4270, 33.1910,  
20.7350


 237.7660, 9.9470,  
12.4670

 139.8290, 31.9990,  
20.3110

 113.8180, 30.5320,  
19.3640

 88.3340, 29.0190,  
19.2510

 64.3230, 27.5520,  
18.3040

 40.2520, 26.3140,  
18.7140

 18.1700, 23.6090,

18.1770

■ 8.7850, 16.9630,  
6.4590

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 194.0250, 34.3830,  
21.1590

■ 194.0250, 34.3830,  
21.1590

■ 177.9990, 46.4400,  
28.4240

■ 210.0510, 22.3260,  
13.8940

■ 162.0870, 58.1760,  
36.0000

■ 225.9630, 10.5900,  
6.3180

■ 146.0610, 70.2330,  
43.2650

■ 241.9890, -1.4670,  
-0.9470

■ 130.0350, 82.2900,  
50.5300

■ 250.5150, -8.9400,  
-3.1800

■ 114.1230, 94.0260,  
58.1060

■ 98.0970, 106.0830,  
65.3710

■ 82.0710, 118.1400,  
72.6360

■ 80.0820, 119.6070,  
73.5830

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194.2540, 14.8050, 23.5490



194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590



193.1320, 43.9670, 12.6630

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590



185.8860, 8.3480, -19.1400



181.1520, -56.2100, -5.5380

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590



216.9750, -34.3830, -21.1590

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177.3330, -58.6380, -16.6060



194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590



182.4900, -16.9600, -23.0400

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590



188.8780, 29.1620, -10.8860



179.1420, -42.2230, -22.2470



187.5230, -37.7810, 7.3950



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590



192.0900, 43.7850, 4.9450



179.1420, -42.2230, -22.2470



179.6630, -59.3270, -9.6230

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590



239.6750, 11.4610, 7.0530



192.9190, 5.8630, 31.4230



118.0550, 7.3350, 4.7350



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590



195.6890, 44.3770, 27.2650



199.2620, 37.5490, 7.8290



112.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880



61.4000, 91.6880, 56.4240



18.6820, 27.9190, 17.1590



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590



195.6890, 44.3770, 27.2650



211.7380, -37.5490, -7.8290



112.0440, 5.8680, 3.7880



61.4000, 91.6880, 56.4240



18.6820, 27.9190, 17.1590



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

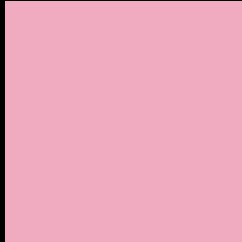
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

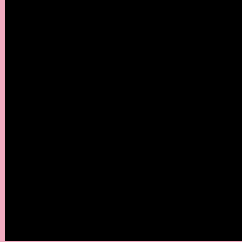
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 194.0250, 34.3830,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590

### Protanopia

190.8950, -3.8980, 4.5660

### Deuteranopia

192.1590, 12.9740, 7.1660



## Tritanopia

193.5150, 35.7590, 18.2470

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590

## Protanomaly

191.7120, 10.0390, 10.7990

## Deuteranomaly

192.6270, 20.5840, 12.4240

## Tritanomaly

193.8570, 34.7960, 19.1800

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590

## Achromatopsia

194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

194.2730, 12.6530, 7.4770

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 171, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 171, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 171, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 171, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 171, 192) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 171, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 171, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 171, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 171, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 171,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 194.0250, 34.3830, 21.1590 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 171, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
171, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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