

# Converting Colors

YIQ(194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YIQ(194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580)  
contains.

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# Color

**YIQ(194.2620, 29.5220,  
26.6580)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFA9CF
RGB	239, 169, 207
RGB Percent	94%, 66%, 81%
CMY	0.0626, 0.3373, 0.1881
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.13, 0.06
HSL	327°, 69%, 80%
HSV	327°, 29%, 94%
XYZ	61.0607, 51.2303, 65.7160
YIQ	194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

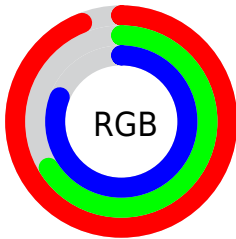
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	239, 169, 207
Decimal	15706575
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	76.82, 31.35, -8.99
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	77, 32.615, 344.006
Yxy	51.2303, 0.3430, 0.2878
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293896655 (0xFFEFA9CF)
YUV	194.2620, 6.2798, 39.2352
Hunter-Lab	71.5753, 27.0210, -4.3337

# Details

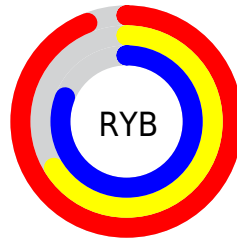
The YIQ color **194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **213.7380, -29.5220, -26.6580**, and the grayscale version is **194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **237.3900, 8.2500, 15.6900**, and **139.9520, 27.4590, 25.4990** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **178.9200, 39.6530, 35.7890**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209.6040, 19.3910, 17.5270**.

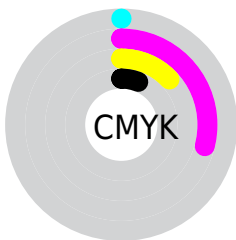
# Distribution



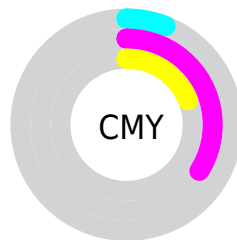
- Red (94%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (19%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 194.2620, 29.5220,  
26.6580


 194.2620, 29.5220,  
26.6580


255.0000, -0.0000,  
-0.0000


 166.5500, 28.6510,  
25.9230


 237.3900, 8.2500,  
15.6900


 139.9520, 27.4590,  
25.4990

 254.4130, 0.2750,  
0.5230

 114.2400, 26.5880,  
24.7640

 88.6420, 25.3960,  
24.3400

 64.0440, 24.2040,  
23.9160

 39.5600, 22.6910,  
23.8030

 19.4240, 20.0780,

21.5980

■ 9.9960, 14.9910,  
9.1590

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 194.2620, 29.5220,  
26.6580

■ 194.2620, 29.5220,  
26.6580

■ 178.9200, 39.6530,  
35.7890

■ 209.6040, 19.3910,  
17.5270

■ 163.5780, 49.7840,  
44.9200

■ 224.9460, 9.2600,  
8.3960

■ 148.2360, 59.9150,  
54.0510

■ 240.2880, -0.8710,  
-0.7350

■ 132.8940, 70.0460,  
63.1820

■ 249.7600, -8.2520,  
-4.6360

■ 117.5520, 80.1770,  
72.3130

■ 250.2160, -9.5360,  
-3.3920

■ 102.7970, 90.0330,  
80.9210

■ 87.5690, 99.8430,  
90.3630

■ 86.2810, 100.7140,  
91.0980

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



193.5500, 2.2880, 24.6240



194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



192.8430, 46.5790, 20.3950

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



186.5410, 22.5610, -17.9110



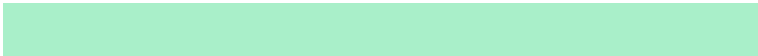
174.4870, -73.6310, -14.7110

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



213.7380, -29.5220, -26.6580

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



173.6650, -62.8090, -23.6170



194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



182.6670, -4.3970, -24.9490

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



189.1570, 41.6780, -6.4340



177.9160, -35.8950, -26.7990



181.7700, -57.7700, 0.7100



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



191.8400, 50.6610, 12.4930



177.9160, -35.8950, -26.7990



173.1510, -72.8050, -18.6690

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



240.3590, 9.5350, 8.9190



186.5480, -3.3980, 28.5540



118.3970, 6.3720, 5.6680



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



198.0830, 37.6360, 33.7960



190.2720, 40.7570, 15.7730



112.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100



66.4160, 77.5640, 70.1080



20.1640, 23.7460, 21.2020



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



198.0830, 37.6360, 33.7960



217.7280, -40.7570, -15.7730



112.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100



66.4160, 77.5640, 70.1080



20.1640, 23.7460, 21.2020



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

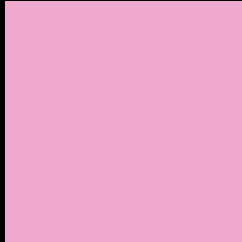
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

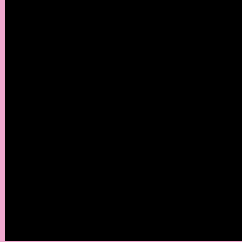
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YIQ 194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 194.2620, 29.5220,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580

### Protanopia

190.3380, -12.3350, 8.7930

### Deuteranopia

192.2490, 4.0330, 9.5130



## Tritanopia

193.6180, 33.9710, 17.6110

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



## Protanomaly

191.7530, 2.7940, 15.4500



## Deuteranomaly

192.7280, 13.1100, 15.7180



## Tritanomaly

194.2420, 32.2740, 20.8340

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580



## Achromatopsia

194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

194.0710, 10.4060, 9.6540

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 169, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 169, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 169, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 169, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 169, 207) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 169, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 169, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 169, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 169, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 169,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 194.2620, 29.5220, 26.6580 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 169, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
169, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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