

Converting Colors

YIQ(194.4650, 55.2500,
-10.1100)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100)
contains.

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Color

**YIQ(194.4650, 55.2500,
-10.1100)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | F1BA74 |
| RGB | 241, 186, 116 |
| RGB Percent | 95%, 73%, 45% |
| CMY | 0.0548, 0.2707, 0.5448 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.23, 0.52, 0.05 |
| HSL | 34°, 82%, 70% |
| HSV | 34°, 52%, 95% |
| XYZ | 56.9937, 55.0753, 24.1710 |
| YIQ | 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

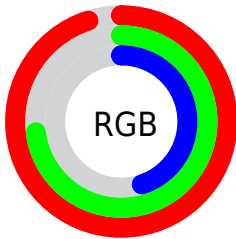
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 214, 241, 116 |
| Decimal | 15841908 |
| CIE Lab | 79.08, 11.78, 42.84 |
| CIE LCh | 79, 44.431, 74.620 |
| Yxy | 55.0753, 0.4183, 0.4043 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294031988 (0xFFFF1BA74) |
| YUV | 194.4650, -38.6832, 40.8112 |
| Hunter-Lab | 74.2127, 7.2117, 32.6382 |

Details

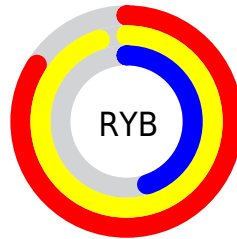
The YIQ color $194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFCC99 . A complement of this color would be $162.5350, -55.2500, 10.1100$, and the grayscale version is $195.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $237.5650, 31.1810, -19.9470$, and $140.0130, 50.7110, -10.4490$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $185.2720, 65.9790, -11.8210$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $203.6580, 44.5210, -8.3990$.

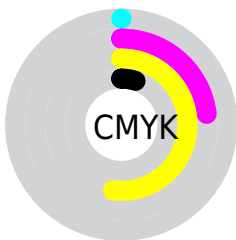
Distribution



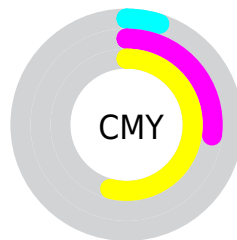
- Red (95%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

194.4650, 55.2500,
-10.1100

194.4650, 55.2500,
-10.1100

255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

166.7960, 52.8200,
-10.1240

237.5650, 31.1810,
-19.9470

140.0130, 50.7110,
-10.4490

248.3880, 18.6180,
-18.0380

114.1160, 48.9230,
-11.0850

251.5800, 9.6300,
-9.3300

88.8060, 46.8600,
-12.2440

254.8860, 0.3210,
-0.3110

64.5220, 41.9080,
-10.6040

44.4210, 32.1870,
-5.1330

24.3200, 22.4660,

0.3380

■ 5.3820, 10.7280,
3.8160

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 194.4650, 55.2500,
-10.1100

■ 194.4650, 55.2500,
-10.1100

■ 185.2720, 65.9790,
-11.8210

■ 203.6580, 44.5210,
-8.3990

■ 176.6660, 76.4330,
-14.0550

■ 212.2640, 34.0670,
-6.1650

■ 167.4730, 87.1620,
-15.7660

■ 221.4570, 23.3380,
-4.4540

■ 158.8670, 97.6160,
-18.0000

■ 230.0630, 12.8840,
-2.2200

151.3040,
106.5110, -19.5130

239.3700, 1.8340,
-0.1980

247.8790, -6.9690,
-0.3530

250.8140, -8.3440,
-2.9680

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



193.1690, 59.7400, 7.6440



194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100



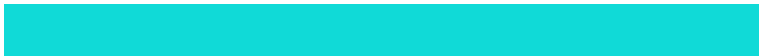
191.0930, 29.3940, -26.1100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100



157.2600, -119.4290, -43.7570



201.1300, 3.8910, 34.1230

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100



162.5350, -55.2500, 10.1100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.5930, -34.8020, 13.9820



194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100



155.0470, -140.3380, -33.7620

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100



177.0120, -54.1410, -37.5410



177.5000, -83.6730, -8.9290



198.6530, 36.0310, 35.3510

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100



187.3010, 5.1410, -32.6110



177.5000, -83.6730, -8.9290



198.9820, -7.6160, 27.9040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100



239.7600, 18.1110, -3.3370



159.7590, 56.5240, 43.9160



118.6930, 11.0500, -2.0220



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100



195.8980, 69.9680, -12.5280



224.9560, 36.5490, -40.1470



115.6970, 5.2270, -1.1170



115.4770, 81.3390, -14.8610



34.9410, 24.8510, -4.3410

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162.5350, -55.2500, 10.1100



156.1020, -69.9680, 12.5280



132.0440, -36.5490, 40.1470



112.3030, -5.2270, 1.1170



68.5230, -81.3390, 14.8610



21.0590, -24.8510, 4.3410

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100.

-10.1100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100

Protanopia

192.7180, 35.1240, -19.8200

Deuteranopia

194.1550, 53.1870, -11.2690



Tritanopia

199.4120, 37.5470, 18.8830

Trichromacy



Original Color

194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100

Protanomaly

193.2460, 42.5050, -15.9190

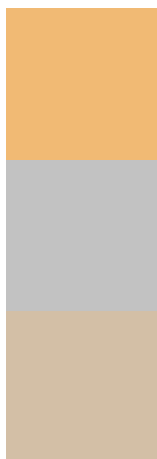
Deuteranomaly

194.4540, 53.7830, -11.0570

Tritanomaly

197.4970, 44.1970, 8.4930

Monochromacy



Original Color

194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100

Achromatopsia

194.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

194.1300, 19.9450, -3.5350

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 186, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 186, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 186, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 186, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 186, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 186, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 186, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 186, 116); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 186, 116); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 186, 116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 194.4650, 55.2500, -10.1100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 186, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
186, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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