

Converting Colors

YIQ(194.6130, -21.5000,
-17.8520)

Have a look what the booklet for
YIQ(194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520)
contains.

YIQ(194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YIQ(194.6130, -21.5000,
-17.8520)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3D4BC
RGB	163, 212, 188
RGB Percent	64%, 83%, 74%
CMY	0.3609, 0.1685, 0.2628
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.11, 0.17
HSL	151°, 36%, 74%
HSV	151°, 23%, 83%
XYZ	47.7213, 58.5103, 56.3458
YIQ	194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

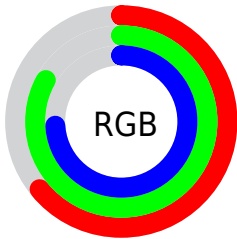
Format	Color
RYB	163, 195, 212
Decimal	10736828
CIELab	81.02, -20.80, 6.71
CIElCh	81, 21.852, 162.120
Yxy	58.5103, 0.2935, 0.3599
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288926908 (0xFFA3D4BC)
YUV	194.6130, -3.2602, -27.7246
Hunter-Lab	76.4920, -22.4999, 9.8701

Details

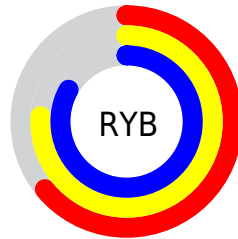
The YIQ color **194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **180.3870, 21.5000, 17.8520**, and the grayscale version is **195.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **242.9820, -17.9250, -11.0530**, and **140.4390, -20.9500, -16.8060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **187.1940, -30.8060, -25.4140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **202.0320, -12.1940, -10.2900**.

Distribution



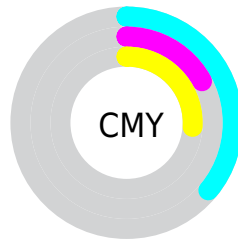
- Red (64%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YIQ color 194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YIQ color 194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 194.6130,
-21.5000, -17.8520

■ 194.6130,
-21.5000, -17.8520

■ 255.0000, -0.0000,
-0.0000

■ 167.0260,
-21.2250, -17.3290

■ 242.9820,
-17.9250, -11.0530

■ 140.4390,
-20.9500, -16.8060

■ 252.6080, -4.7680,
-1.6960

■ 114.7380,
-20.3540, -16.5940

■ 89.8520, -20.6750,
-16.2830

■ 65.3790, -20.7210,
-15.4490

■ 41.8950, -22.2340,
-15.5620

■ 23.4120, -16.3200,

-12.6080

■ 4.1090, -1.9250,
-3.6610

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 194.6130,
-21.5000, -17.8520

■ 194.6130,
-21.5000, -17.8520

■ 187.1940,
-30.8060, -25.4140

■ 202.0320,
-12.1940, -10.2900

■ 179.6610,
-39.7910, -33.2870

■ 209.5650, -3.2090,
-2.4170

■ 171.9430,
-49.6930, -41.0610

■ 217.2830, 6.6930,
5.3570

■ 164.4100,
-58.6780, -48.9340

■ 224.8160, 15.6780,
13.2300

■ 156.9910,
-67.9840, -56.4960

■ 228.0490, 16.6400,
17.8240

■ 149.5720,
-77.2900, -64.0580

■ 229.1890, 13.4300,
20.9340

■ 142.0390,
-86.2750, -71.9310

■ 229.7590, 11.8250,
22.4890

■ 136.7560,
-92.9680, -77.2880

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



196.7910, -1.5100, -16.6940



194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520



193.1090, -37.4560, -15.0240

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520



201.3850, -19.7170, 10.4190



203.5390, 35.2110, 6.1470

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520



180.3870, 21.5000, 17.8520

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



204.7270, 32.0460, 13.9500



194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520



204.0240, 0.5930, 16.7930

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520



197.4920, -36.4960, 0.6240



205.0170, 19.6660, 18.0500



201.8060, 29.6650, -3.4790

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520



193.4060, -42.5460, -10.8820



205.0170, 19.6660, 18.0500



203.5330, 35.3480, 9.1720

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520



248.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150



198.9390, 0.8290, -20.5390



124.1410, -4.9510, -3.8870



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



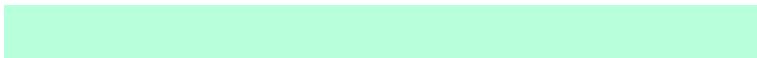
128.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520



229.7810, -31.0810, -25.9370



197.3490, -29.2040, -10.3880



103.1410, -4.9510, -3.8870



110.2950, -74.9520, -62.3760



27.7490, -18.8870, -15.6470

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180.3870, 21.5000, 17.8520



209.2190, 31.0810, 25.9370



177.6510, 29.2040, 10.3880



99.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980



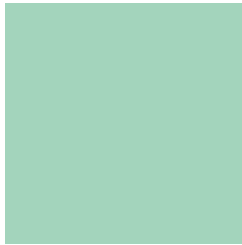
60.7050, 74.9520, 62.3760



15.2510, 18.8870, 15.6470

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

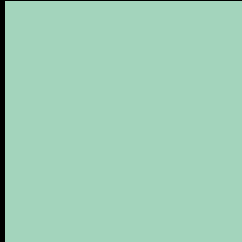
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YIQ color 194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

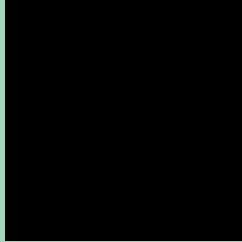
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YIQ 194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YIQ color 194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520.



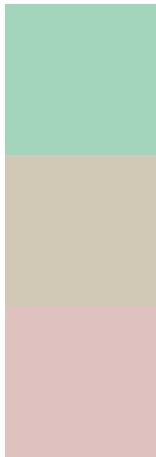
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YIQ color 194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520.

-17.8520.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520

Protanopia

200.6390, 11.1420, -3.6900

Deuteranopia

202.4430, 17.9260, 5.5260



Tritanopia

197.7610, -27.1880, -2.8680

Trichromacy



Original Color

194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520

Protanomaly

198.1320, -0.7320, -8.7640

Deuteranomaly

199.8600, 3.2100, -3.1100

Tritanomaly

196.5560, -25.3530, -8.5930

Monochromacy



Original Color

194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520

Achromatopsia

195.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

194.5920, -7.8390, -6.6150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YIQ 194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 212, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 212, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 212, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 212, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YIQ 194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 212, 188) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 212, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 212, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 212, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 212, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 212,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YIQ 194.6130, -21.5000, -17.8520 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 212, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
212, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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